

United Daughters of the Confederacy

South Carolina Division

Centennial Anniversary

1896 - 1996

State of South Caroling BY

GOVERNOR DAVID M. BEASLEY

the South Carolina chapter of United Daughters of the Confederacy was WHEREAS, founded on May 28, 1896; and

WHEREAS, during the early years, they honored the memory of their gallant Confederate forebears by locating and marking their graves and ministering to the needs of veterans of the Civil War and their widows: and

WHEREAS. the UDC is committed to providing educational opportunities through the bestowal of college scholarships, essay contests for school children, achievement awards in physics, mathematics, and applied sciences to outstanding cadets and midshipmen in the five service academies, and through the placement of thousands of books on Southern and national history in schools and libraries throughout the country; and

WHEREAS. the UDC has devoted countless hours of community service to Veterans Administration Medical Centers and nursing homes, as well as other local community endeavors through the years; and

100 years later, the UDC continues collecting and preserving relics, records, WHEREAS. letters and diaries which are the raw materials of history.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, David M. Beasley, Governor of the Great State of South Carolina, do hereby proclaim 1996 as

UNITED DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY CENTENNIAL YEAR

in South Carolina and commend the organization for its many accomplishments.



David M. Beasley

Governor

State of South Carolina



Mrs. Winfred D. Cope South Carolina Division President 1994 - 1996

As South Carolina Division, United Daughters of the Confederacy, celebrates its Centennial, we are grateful for the rich history of the Division. Since May 28, 1896, countless dedicated members have maintained the tradition of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

Members have worked zealously to uphold the ideals of the General Organization, honoring our Confederate ancestors. The many accomplishments of Division Officers, Chapters, and members are varied, fulfilling the motto of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.....Love, Live, Pray, Think, and Dare.

The Division acknowledges the work of the Centennial Committee for their untiring efforts in planning our 100th Anniversary Celebration. Sincere thanks to Mrs. Ray Hunter, Chairman, and committee members Mrs. Nancy Hilliard, Mrs. Earle Keaton, Mrs. Walter Bonnette, Mrs. Julius D. Robertson, Mrs. Carl Lund, Mrs. Kenneth Broom and Mrs. Janice Cook. Appreciation is also expressed to Mrs. Andrew Cross, Convention Chairman; Mrs. Martin Jernigan, Convention Treasurer; Mrs. Loy Reddick, Central District Director and the hostess chapters of Central District.

As we, South Carolina Daughters, reflect on the past century, we treasure the memories and pledge continued commitment to the preservation of our Confederate heritage. The love of our Southland and the United Daughters of the Confederacy will forever live in our hearts.

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Message from the Division Historian Mrs. Nancy Hilliard 1994-1996

The years 1896 - 1996 have truly been 100 years of caring, devotion, and pride of heritage. This brief history is clearly evidence of that. I am proud to have been a part of that history, to be a member of the UDC, and to have the opportunity as Division Historian to help assemble this centennial remembrance. I extend my sincere appreciation to the Daughters whose love, support, and dedication have helped make it possible to present this history.

As we close the book on the first one hundred years, we also open the book of the next one hundred. And we do so with the anticipation and hope that they will be stronger, prouder, and even more productive and memorable. Let us start now to set the pace and standard for the next centennial of this wonderful organization, keeping in mind the objectives of the UDC.

One Hundred Years of Sharing

As the Heavenly twilight came
For the brave Soldiers in Gray,
It was the wives, mothers and sisters
Who continued to lead the way.

1896 was the year in Carolina
That the ladies joined hands,
With the other Confederate Daughters
To be led by Caroline Goodlett and Anna Raines.

What then they sought
For all the world to see,
That the memory and honor of our gallant
Confederate Defenders would forever be.

One hundred years of sharing Now have quickly passed, And it is still with pride We want our Heritage to last.

To show how much we care--Love, Think, Dare, Live, Pray--The motto one hundred years ago Remains the Daughters' covenant today.

--Nancy K. Hilliard
South Carolina Division Historian

United Daughters of the Confederacy South Carolina Division 1896 - 1996 ~~ A Century of Sharing ~~

This Centennial Review reflects the combined efforts of many individuals and chapters who submitted material. It is hoped that in the future a complete history of the South Carolina Division will be compiled, presenting the proud record of a century of service and sharing. Each chapter has a story to tell, and numerous Daughters have unselfishly given years of dedicated service. We are inspired and challenged by the accomplishments of the past one hundred years.

We are members of the United Daughters of the Confederacy through no merit of our own, but through the legacy which we have inherited from our Confederate ancestors whose names and stories appear on the pages of this booklet. It is a legacy of sacrifice

and devotion to duty, and a heritage which we cherish, honor, and preserve.

The Division expresses appreciation to each person who contributed to this effort, with special acknowledgement to the following ladies who spent many hours researching and compiling it: Elizabeth Hunter, Nancy Hilliard, Mary Lund, Dot Broom, Harriett Kowalczyk, Dotsy Boineau, Ruth Reddick and Retta Warriner.

Greetings to all Daughters of the South Carolina Division!

This is a jubilant occasion for our organization!! Many long hours of hard work by the dedicated committee members have gone into our centennial projects. I trust that you will find the information contained in this booklet to be both beneficial and inspiring as we move forward into the next century. We have an exciting journey ahead. Let us continue to build on the firm foundation provided for us.

Thank you for allowing me to serve as your Chairman of the Centennial Committee.

Mrs. J. Ray Hunter

"He only deserves to be remembered by posterity who treasures and preserves the history of his ancestors." Edmund Burke

The Centennial Convention September 27-28, 1996 Columbia, South Carolina

It is appropriate that the South Carolina Division's *Centennial Convention* should be held in Columbia, the city where the Division was organized in 1896, and the location of the 50th Year Convention in 1946. In 1996 Daughters from throughout the state gather to celebrate a *Century of Sharing*. There is great cause for celebration, as we reflect upon the past and prepare for the future.

The 1996 Convention is being held at the Sheraton Hotel, and many special activities have been planned. Mrs. Winfred D. Cope of Aiken is the Division President, and we are honored to have our President General, Mrs. Francis C. Palmer, and our Historian General, Mrs. William Wells, in attendance.

The Memorial Service is being held in the historic First Baptist Church, where the South Carolina Secession Convention first met before adjourning to reconvene in Charleston. Mrs. Pansy Julian, Division Chaplain, will conduct the service. The final part of the Memorial Service will be held in Elmwood Cemetery, where Mrs. Cope and Mrs. Palmer will place a wreath in memory of the Confederate dead.

A highlight of the Centennial Celebration will be the Convention's Historical Evening, planned by Mrs. Nancy Hilliard, Division Historian, and the Centennial Committee. Mrs. Andrew Cross, Convention Chairman, will preside over the program. Following the bestowal of Crosses of Military Service by Mrs. Fred Murph, Recorder of Crosses, and Mrs. Winfred Cope, Division President, the evening will be devoted to celebrating the Division's 100th Birthday.

A scroll listing the names of all chapters will be unfurled as the South Carolina Division roll is called. Members of Charleston Chapter No. 4 will appear in period dress and re-enact the organizational meeting of their chapter. The program will feature music, with the audience participating in singing "Songs of the South". Some portions of the evening's program are not being announced in advance, in order to provide some "surprises" for those attending. Historical Evening will conclude with a reception featuring a birthday cake provided by the Mary Boykin Chesnut Chapter. Daughters and their guests will have an opportunity to greet our President General, Mrs. Francis Palmer.

Saturday's events begin with breakfast meetings of Real Daughters/Real Granddaughters, Mrs. W.E. Besinger, President, and Real Great-Granddaughters, Mrs. Harriett Kowalczyk, President.

Delegates and chapter members will convene for a Saturday morning business session which will include the election of officers for 1996 - 1998, and reports from General and Division officers, District Directors, and Committee Chairmen.

Mrs. Kenneth Broome, Division Vice-President, will preside over the Awards Luncheon following the business session.

As the 100th Annual Division Convention adjourns, South Carolina Daughters will return to their respective chapters with a deeper appreciation of the Division's past and a renewed enthusiasm to continue the work begun in 1896.

Remembering the Holden Jubilee Convention October 15-17, 1946 Columbia, South Carolina

Fifty years ago, in October 1946, the South Carolina Division, United Daughters of the Confederacy, held its **Golden Jubilee Convention** in Columbia. Mrs. John Raymond Carson from Chester was the Division President. Hotel Columbia was the official convention headquarters, with the Golden Anniversary Banquet and the Presidents' Dinner held in the Wade Hampton Hotel.

The three Columbia hostess chapters and their presidents were: Wade Hampton Chapter, Miss Bessie Davis; Columbia Chapter, Mrs. D.M. Winter; M.C. Butler Chapter, Mrs. L.L. Walden. These chapters held a reception in the Governor's Mansion for all Daughters and guests of honor.

A highlight of the convention was a pageant, *The Story of the South Carolina Division*, in which all past Division Presidents were honored. The Presidents wore formal gowns representative of the period in which they served, and each deceased President was represented by a family member or friend. A brief summary of the highlights of each administration was given.

Mrs. W.B. Meredith, Division Chaplain, conducted the Memorial Service, and Mrs. T.R. Simmons, First Vice-president, presided over the Presidents' Dinner. At Historical Evening, the Division Historian, Mrs. S.L. Coleman, introduced the President-General, Mrs. J.M. Wilcox of Houston, Texas, who delivered the Historical Address. Mrs. J. Frost Walker was in charge of music and requested that *Dixie* be sung "with enthusiasm and heartiness". Mrs. R.D. Wright, Ex-President-General, presided at the Birthday Banquet held in the Wade Hampton Hotel Ballroom. A birthday cake with fifty gold candles was made and contributed by a Daughter from Orangeburg, Mrs. M.T. Lewis.

As a "birthday gift" to the South Carolina Daughters, Mrs. Carson, Division President, prepared a *Golden Jubilee Review*, and it is her "labor of love" which has been a rich source of information for our *Centennial Anniversary* booklet.

In 1946, after reviewing the work accomplished by the South Carolina Division in the first fifty years, Mrs. Carson asked, "But what of the next fifty?" And now, in 1996, those fifty years have passed, and we celebrate a *Century of Shazing!* It is time for us to ask, "But what of the next one hundred years?"

Daughters who attended the 1946 Convention were advised of the following rates:

Hotel Columbia - Single rooms, \$3.50 and \$4.00

Double rooms - \$5.00, \$6.00, and \$7.00

Hotel Wade Hampton - Single room - \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.75, \$4.00

Twin bed rooms - \$3.50 and \$6.00

[A folding bed can be placed in any of the above at \$1.00 extra per night.]

Golden Jubilee Banquet at Wade Hampton, \$1.75 per plate, each.

United Daughters of the Confederacy South Carolina Division 1896 - 1996

The first meeting of South Carolina women for the purpose of organizing a chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy was held in Charleston, November 17, 1894. The chapter formed was Charleston Chapter #4. At the time the three existing chapters were in Nashville, Tennessee; Savannah, Georgia, and Wilmington, North Carolina. Soon other chapters were formed in the following order: Columbia (Wade Hampton), Marion, Greenville, Spartanburg, and Johnston. Before the meeting to organize a Division convened, additional chapters were chartered. On May 28, 1896, a group of women met in the Senate Chamber of the State House in Columbia. Their escort of honor was appointed from the Camp Hampton Confederate Veterans. Minutes of the meeting state, "Vases of flowers had been placed upon the tables by the United Confederate Veterans and the faculty of South Carolina College. Every courtesy was shown the delegates."

Representatives from the following chapters were in attendance: Abbeville, Charleston, Columbia, Edgefield, Greenville, Georgetown, Johnston, Marion and Spartanburg. Mrs. Augustine T. Smythe of Charleston was appointed temporary chairman. Upon the satisfactory examination of chapter credentials by an appointed committee, "The report of the committee was adopted, and the State Division was declared organized." The first business was the adoption of a Constitution and By-Laws. Mrs. A.T. Smythe was elected as the first Division President.

On that day, May 28, 1896, the work of the South Carolina Division was begun. It is a work which has continued for one hundred years, and in 1996 the South Carolina Daughters reflect with pride upon a **Century of Sharing**.

Officers elected May 28, 1896:

President.......Mrs. A.T. Smythe, Charleston
First Vice-president......Mrs. Thomas Taylor. Columbia
Secretary......Miss Martha B. Washington, Charleston
Treasurer......Mrs. S.A. Durham, Marion

The Second Annual Convention was held in Charleston, December 9, 1896, with twelve chapters represented. Also present were Confederate veterans from Camps Sumter and Moultrie. Mrs. Ellison Capers, wife of Brigadier General Capers, then Episcopal Bishop of South Carolina, was elected as the second Division President.

Officers elected to serve 1897:

President.......Mrs. Ellison Capers, Columbia
First Vice-president......Mrs. W.C. McGowan, Abbeville
Second Vice-president......Mrs. H.B. Buist, Greenville
Third Vice-president......Mrs. T.B. Bailey, Georgetown
Fourth Vice-president......Mrs. C.R. Holmes, Charleston
Secretary......Mrs. Thomas Taylor, Columbia
Treasurer......Mrs. S.A. Durham, Marion

The Third Annual Convention was held in Abbeville, December 1, 1897. There were eighteen chapters in the state. The treasurer reported \$111.30 collected in 1897, with expenditures of \$59.89, leaving a balance of \$51.41. Each delegate to the convention wore a satin ribbon badge with a hand-painted design, a palmetto tree with two Confederate flags crossed at the foot of the tree. Cost of each badge was "about 25 cents".

Officers elected to serve 1898:

President.......Mrs. W.C. McGowan, Abbeville
First Vice-president.....Mrs. H.B. Buist, Rock Hill
.Second Vice-president.....Mrs. C.R. Holmes, Charleston
Third Vice-president.....Mrs. James Evans, Florence
Fourth Vice-president.....Mrs. S.A. Vandiver, Anderson
Secretary......Mrs. Thomas Taylor, Columbia
Treasurer......Mrs. S.A. Durham, Marion

No Convention was held in 1898. There were twenty-one chapters on the Division roll. During this year chapters contributed to the Hampton Testimonial Fund, and the Jefferson Davis Monument Fund was begun.

The Fourth Annual Convention was held in Greenville, November 14, 1899.

Officers elected for 1900:

President......Mrs. Thomas Taylor, Columbia
First Vice-president.....Miss E. Blythewood
Second Vice-president......Mrs. J.P. Adams, Congaree
Third Vice-president......Mrs. J.E. Bacon, Edgefield
Fourth Vice-president.....Mrs. J.H. Reed, Georgetown
Secretary......Miss Mary Hemphill, Abbeville
Treasurer..Mrs. E.P. Legare, Aiken

The Fifth Annual Convention was held in Rock Hill, December 5,1900.

Officers elected for 1901:

President......Mrs. Thomas Taylor, Columbia
First Vice-president.....Mrs. James Connor, Charleston
Second Vice-president.....Mrs. James H. Reed, Georgetown
Third Vice-president.....Mrs. Robert Gailbreth, Spartanburg
Fourth Vice-president.....Mrs. G.G. Young, Camden
Secretary.....Miss Mary Hemphill, Abbeville
Treasurer.....Miss Eula Lee Izlar, Blackville

[The preceding list of officers, as printed in 1946 Golden Anniversary Booklet. was taken from the hand-written Minutes in Confederate Relic Room.]

Until 1901 the minutes of the South Carolina Division were hand-written in a large ledger. It was Mrs. W.M. McGowan, third Division President, who recommended that "the minutes be printed and that they be distributed among the chapters". During the administration of Mrs. Thomas Taylor (1899 -1901), the recommendation was put into action. The following list of officers is compiled from the Division Minutes Books.

Officers 1902

PresidentMrs. James Connor
First Vice-presidentMrs. Altamont Moses
Second Vice-presidentMrs. J.H. White
Third Vice-presidentMrs. J.R. Vandiver
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. R.D. Wright
Recording SecretaryMrs. August Kohn
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. C.J. Shannon
TreasurerMiss Eula Lee Izlar

Officers 1903

PresidentMrs. James Connor
First Vice-presidentMrs. Altamont Moses
Second Vice-presidentMrs. J.H. White
Third Vice-presidentMrs. J.R. Vandiver
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. R.D. Wright
Recording SecretaryMrs. August Kohn
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. C.J. Shannon
TreasurerMiss Margaret Evans

Officers 1904

PresidentMrs. A.W. Burnett	144
First Vice-presidentMrs. James Connor	
Second Vice-presidentMrs. Lula Ayer Vandiv	ver
Third Vice-presidentMrs. Mortimer Glover	Pr
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. R.D. Wright	Fi
Recording SecretaryMiss Margaret Evans	Se
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. B.G. Clifford	Tl
TreasurerMiss Eula Lee Izlar	Fo
AuditorMrs. Davidge Gambrill	Re
	_

Officers 1905

PresidentMrs. A.W. Burnett, Camden
First Vice-presidentMrs. James Connor
Second Vice-presidentMrs. Lula Vandiver
Third Vice-presidentMrs. Mortimer glover
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. R.D. Wright
Recording SecretaryMrs. August Kohn
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. B.G. Clifford
TreasurerMiss Mary McMichael
AuditorMrs. C.C. Featherstone

Officers 1906

PresidentMiss Mary B. Poppenheim	
First Vice-presidentMrs. Reed Stoney	
•	
Second Vice-presidentMrs. W.L. Coleman	
Third Vice-presidentMrs. Julia K. Campbell	
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. W.H. Fowler	
Recording SecretaryMrs. August Kohn	
Corresponding SecretaryMrs.H.P. Lynch	
TreasurerMiss Mary McMichael	
AuditorMrs. A.B. Hames	
Chairman Historical CommitteeMrs. R.D. Wrigh	ıt

Officers 1907

PresidentMiss Mary B. Poppenheim
First Vice-presidentMrs. Reed Stoney
Second Vice-presidentMrs. W.L. Coleman
Third Vice-presidentMrs. Julia K. Campbell
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. W.H. Fowler
Recording SecretaryMrs. August Kohn
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. H.P. Lynch
TreasurerMiss Mary McMichael
AuditorMrs. A.B. Hames
RegistrarMrs. C.E. Graham
Recorder of CrossesMrs. Thomas W. Keitt

Officers 1908

PresidentMrs. R.D. Wright
First Vice-presidentMrs. Julia K. Campbell
Second Vice-presidentMrs. T.W. Keitt
Third Vice-presidentMrs. J.C. Davis
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. L.M. Gasque
Recording SecretaryMrs. August Kohn
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. M.J. Perry
TreasurerMiss Mary McMichael
HistorianMrs. H.P. Lynch
RegistrarMrs. C.E. Graham
Recorder of CrossesMrs. W.H. Fowler

Officers 1909

PresidentMrs. R.D. Wright
First Vice-presidentMrs. Julia K. Campbell
Second Vice-presidentMrs. T.W. Keitt
Third Vice-presidentMrs. J.C. Davis
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. L.N. Gasque
Recording SecretaryMrs. T.H. Dreher
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. S.B. Aull
TreasurerMrs. M.J. Perry
HistorianMrs. H.P. Lynch
RegistrarMrs. C.E. Graham
Recorder of CrossesMrs. W.H. Fowler
AuditorMrs. Lucy Thompson
Officers 1010

Officers 1910

PresidentMrs. August Kohn
First Vice-presidentMrs. J.W. Doar
Second Vice-presidentMiss Emily Graham
Third Vice-presidentMrs. D.B. Alexander
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. E.J. Burch
Recording SecretaryMrs. C.J. Milling
Corresponding SecretaryMiss Alice Earle
TreasurerMrs. M.J. Perry
RegistrarMrs. C.E. Graham
Recorder of CrossesMrs. W.H. Fowler
AuditorMiss Lucy Thompson
000 1011

Officers 1911

PresidentMrs. August Kohn
First Vice-presidentMrs. J.M. Doar
Second Vice-presidentMiss Emily Graham
Third Vice-presidentMrs. D.B. Alexander
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. St. John A. Lawton
Recording SecretaryMrs. C.J. Milling
Corresponding SecretaryMiss Alice Earle
TreasurerMrs. M.J. Perry
RegistrarMrs. C.E. Graham
Recorder of CrossesMrs. W.H. Fowler
AuditorMrs. J.W. McCue
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Officers 1912

PresidentMrs. C.E. Graham
First Vice-presidentMrs. St. John A. Lawton
Second Vice-presidentMiss Alice Earle
Third Vice-presidentMrs. E.J. Burch
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. J.L. McWhirter
Recording SecretaryMrs. C.J. Milling
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. W.B. Owens, Sr.
TreasurerMrs. M.J. Perry
HistorianMrs. Martha Washington
RegistrarMrs. M.J. Burton
Recorder of CrossesMrs. W.H. Fowler
AuditorMrs. J.W. McCue

Officers 1913

	PresidentMrs. C.E. Graham
	First Vice-presidentMrs. St. John A. Lawton
,	Second Vice-presidentMiss Alice Earle
,	Third Vice-presidentMrs. E.J. Burch
]	Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. J. L. McWhirter
]	Recording SecretaryMrs. C.J. Milling
(Corresponding SecretaryMrs. W.B. Owens, Sr
,	TreasurerMrs. M.J. Perry
]	HistorianMrs. Martha Washington
]	RegistrarMrs. T.R. Tremmier
	Recorder of CrossesMrs. John Cart
1	AuditorMrs. U.R. Brooks

Officers 1914

PresidentMiss Alice Earle
First Vice-presidentMrs. J.L. McWhirter
Second Vice-presidentMrs. J.D. Holstein
Third Vice-presidentMiss Mary Williams
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. A.G. Sinclair
Recording SecretaryMrs. C.J. Milling
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. W.H. Celey
TreasurerMrs. M.J. Perry
HistorianMrs. Carrie McC. Patrick
.RegistrarMrs. T.R. Tremmier
Recorder of CrossesMrs. John Cart
AuditorMrs. U.R. Brooks

Officers 1915

PresidentMiss Alice Earle
First Vice-presidentMrs. J.L. McWhirter
Second Vice-presidentMrs. J.D. Holstein
Third Vice-presidentMiss Mary Williams
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. A.G. Sinclair
Recording SecretaryMrs. C.J. Milling
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. James Mixon
TreasurerMrs. W.H. Celey
HistorianMrs. Carrie McC Patrick
RegistrarMrs. Mollie Perry
Recorder of CrossesMrs. John Cart
AuditorMrs. A.C. Ancrum

Officers 1916	Officers 1920 - 1921
PresidentMrs. J.L. McWhirter	PresidentMrs. St.John A. Lawton
First Vice-presidentMrs. John Cart	First Vice-presidentMrs. O.D. Black
Second Vice-presidentMiss Mary Williams	Second Vice-presidentMrs. W.D. Hicklin
Third Vice-presidentMrs. A.G. Sinclair	Third Vice-presidentMrs. J.W. Mixon
Fourth Vice-presidentMiss Bertie Smith	Fourth Vice-presidentMiss Mattie Brunson
Recording SecretaryMrs. J.W. Mixon	Recording SecretaryMrs. W.R. Darlington, Jr.
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. Walter E. Duncan	Corresponding SecretaryMrs. C.G. Barr (1920)
TreasurerMrs. W.H. Celey	Miss Edith Lorvea (1921)
HistorianMrs. Carrie McC. Patrick	TreasurerMrs. D.M. McEachern (1920)
RegistrarMrs. T.R. Tremmier	Mrs. T.J. Mauldin (1921)
Recorder of CrossesMrs. Mollie J. Perry	HistorianMrs. J.H. West
AuditorMrs. Anna C. Ancrum	RegistrarMrs. C.J. Milling
******	Recorder of CrossesMrs. C.J. Sproles
Officers 1917	AuditorMrs. Sophie S. Swindell
PresidentMrs. J.L. McWhirter	******
	Officers 1922
First Vice-presidentMrs. J.L. Cart	PresidentMrs. C.J. Milling
Second Vice-presidentMrs. U.R. Brooks	First Vice-presidentMrs. W.R. Darlington. Jr.
Third Vice-presidentMrs. C.J. Milling	Second Vice-presidentMrs. R.C. Sarratt
Fourth Vice-presidentMiss Bertie Smith Recording SecretaryMrs. J.W. Mixon	Third Vice-presidentMrs. Monford Scott
• .	Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. W.F. Marshall
Corresponding SecretaryMiss Sara Gavin TreasurerMrs. W.H. Celey	Recording SecretaryMrs. Janie B. Flowers
HistorianMrs. St. J. A. Lawton	Corresponding SecretaryMiss Edith Loryea
RegistrarMrs. T.R. Tremmier	TreasurerMrs. J.T. Mauldin
Recorder of CrossesMiss Lillie Cooper	HistorianMrs. J.H. West
AuditorMrs. S.S. Few	RegistrarMrs. O.D. Black
*********	Recorder of CrossesMrs. A.J. Sproles
Officers 1918	AuditorMrs. L.M. Mitchell
PresidentMrs. J.L. Cart	******
First Vice-presidentMrs. C.J. Milling	Officers 1923
Second Vice-presidentMrs. M.J. Perry	PresidentMrs. C.J. Milling
Third Vice-presidentMrs. F.M. Farr	First Vice-presidentMrs. J.H. West
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. O.D. Black	Second Vice-presidentMrs. Alonzo Keller
Recording SecretaryMrs. J.W. Mixon	Recording SecretaryMrs. Janie B. Flowers
Corresponding SecretaryMiss Sara Gavin	Corresponding SecretaryMiss Martha Rivers
TreasurerMrs. D.N. McEachern	TreasurerMrs. J.T. Mauldin
HistorianMrs. St. J.A. Lawton	HistorianMrs. J. Frost Walker
RegistrarMrs. T.R. Tremmier	RegistrarMrs. O.D. Black
Recorder of CrossesMiss Lillie Cooper	Recorder of CrossesMrs. Agatha Woodson
AuditorMrs. S.S. Few	AuditorMrs. L.M. Mitchell
*********	District Directors:
Officers 1919	EdistoMrs. W.R. Darlington
	Pee DeeMrs. Mumford Scott
PresidentMrs. J.L. Cart	PicdmontMrs. R.C. Sarratt
First Vice-presidentMrs. C.J. Milling	Ridge,Mrs,W.F. Marshall
Second Vice-presidentMrs. O.D. Black	*****
Third Vice-presidentMrs. W.C. Hicklin	Officers 1924
Fourth Vice-presidentMrs. J.W. Mixon	PresidentMrs. O.D. Black
Recording SecretaryMrs. W.R. Darlington, Jr.	First Vice-presidentMrs. J.H. West
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. C.G. Barr	Second Vice-presidentMrs. Alonzo Keller
TreasurerMrs. D.M. McEachern	Recording SecretaryMrs. Janie B. Flowers

Treasurer......Mrs. J.W. Ivey Historian.....Mrs. J. Frost Walker

Registrar.....Mrs. T.J. Mauldin

Recording Secretary......Mrs. Janie B. Flowers

Corresponding Secretary.....Miss Edith Loryea

Historian......Mrs. St. J. A. Lawton

Auditor......Mrs. J.M. Witsell

Registrar.....Mrs. Eugene Buckingham

Recorder of Crosses......Miss Lillie Cooper

Recorder of CrossesMrs. Agatha Woodson	EdistoMrs. W.A. Dukes
AuditorMrs. J.F. Jacobs, Sr.	Pee DeeMrs. M.C. Milling
District Directors:	PiedmontMrs. G.L. Timmons
EdistoMrs. W.R. Darlington	RidgeMrs. Fred Culvern
Pee DeeMrs. Mumford Scott	*****
PiedmontMrs. J.B. Stepp	Officers 1928
RidgeMrs. Alice S. Beard	PresidentMiss Marion Salley
******	First Vice-presidentMrs. Fred Culvern
Officers 1925	Second Vice-presidentMrs.J.B. Workman
PresidentMrs. O.D. Black	Recording SecretaryMrs. L. Cottingham
First Vice-presidentMiss Edith Loryea	Corresponding SecretaryMrs. J.M. Kinard
Second Vice-presidentMrs. Alice Stewart Beard	TreasurerMrs. R.E. L. Parman
Recording SecretaryMrs. T.M. Wells	HistorianMrs. D.S. Vandiver
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. L. Cottingham	RegistrarMrs. J. Frost Walker
TreasurerMrs. J.W. Ivey	Recorder of CrossesMrs. J.H. Summer
HistorianMrs. J. Frost Walker	AuditorMrs. G.K. Laney
RegistrarMrs. T.J. Maudlin	PublicityMiss Zena Payne
Recorder of CrossesMrs. A.A. Woodson	District Directors:
AuditorMrs. J.F. Jacobs, Sr.	EdistoMrs. W.A. Dukes
District Directors:	Pee DeeMrs. W.A. Harris
EdistoMiss Marion Salley	PiedmontMrs. M.C. Milling
Pee DeeMrs. Julia T. Ragsdale	RidgeMrs. John R. London
PiedmontMrs. J.B. Stepp	******
RidgeMiss Daisy P. Towill	Officers 1929
******	PresidentMrs. J. Frost Walker
Officers 1926	First Vice-presidentMrs. Fred Culvern
PresidentMrs. T.J. Mauldin	Second Vice-presidentMiss Lois Reynolds
First Vice-presidentMiss Edith Loryea	Recording SecretaryMrs. L. Cottingham
Second Vice-presidentMrs. Alice Stewart Beard	Corresponding SecretaryMrs. W.B. Harris
Children of the ConfederacyMrs. J.B. Workman	TreasurerMrs. R.E. L. Parman
Recording SecretaryMrs. T.M. Wells	HistorianMrs. D.S. Vandiver
Corresponding SecretaryMrs. L. Cottingham	RegistrarMrs. J.B. Workman
HistorianMiss Marion Salley	Recorder of CrossesMrs. W.J. Thomas
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CentralMiss Helen Rexrode	Recording SecretaryMrs. Harriett Kowalczyk	
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EdistoMrs. Harriett Kowalczyk	RegistrarMrs. Betty Riddle	
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PiedmontMrs. W.E. Wood	Recorder of CrossesMrs. Nancy Hilliard	
RidgeMrs. W.E. Besinger	ChaplainMiss Miriam Tucker	
*******	EditorMrs. Kenneth Broom	
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Officers 1994 - 1996

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Recorder of Crosses....Mrs. Fred Murph

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South Carolina Division Districts Central District

Lottie Green #785 - Bishopville John D. Kennedy #308 - Camden Columbia # 1711 - Columbia Mary Boykin Chesnut #2517 - Columbia Wade Hampton # 29 - Columbia

Chaplain......Mrs. Pansy F. Julian

Secession Signers #2344 - Hopkins-Eastover Sumter #1939 - Sumter Dick Anderson #75 - Sumter John Bratton #929 - Winnsboro

Cherokee District

Campobello #1989 - Campobello Chester # 232 - Chester Moses Wood #469 - Gaffney John Hames #493 - Jonesville Lancaster #462 - Lancaster Beaulah Meredith #2237 - Rock Hill Ann White #123 - Rock Hill William Gist #1725 - Sedalia-Cross Anchor Oliver E. Edwards #1998 - Spartanburg William Wallace #660 - Union

Edisto District

Stephen Elliott #1349 - Beaufort Avinger #2187 - Charleston Charleston #4 - Charleston Bratton Jenkins #1782 - Ehrhardt Michael Hartnett # 2452 - Mount Pleasant Paul McMichael # 427 - Orangeburg St. George #1035 - St. George

PeeDee District

Conway # 2021 - Conway Ann Fulmore Harlee #1740 - Dillon Ellison Capers #70 - Florence Maxcy Gregg #1337 - Florence Arthur Manigault # 63 - Georgetown Hartsville #1255 - Hartsville Isabella D. Martin #1613 - Mullins

Piedmont District

Dixie # 395 - Anderson Robert E. Lee #146 - Anderson Belton # 1843 - Belton James L. Orr #1687 - Central John C. Calhoun # 945 - Clemson Oliver Thompson #1850 - Fountain Inn Fort Sumter # 1394 - Greenville Greenville # 51 - Greenville
Winnie Davis #442 - Greenville
Hampton-Lee # 1281 - Greer
Keowee # 1405 - Liberty
Greys of Oconee # 1783 - Seneca
Joseph Norton #1745 - Walhalla
Robert A. Thompson # 1504 - Westminster

Ridge District

Mary Stark Davis # 2573 - Abbeville Secession # 2163 - Abbeville Jefferson Davis #2465 - Aiken Stephen D. Lee #1066 - Clinton Edgefield # 1018 - Edgefield Robert A. Waller # 687 - Greenwood Joseph B. Kershaw #205 - Laurens Lexington # 1920 - Lexington Ann Carter #1900 - McCormick Calvin Crozier # 1191 - Newberry Drayton Rutherford # 152 - Newberry Berry Benson # 2584 - North Augusta William Lester # 1042 - Prosperity

South Carolina Division Presidents 1896 - 1996



Mrs. A. T. Smythe 1896



. Urs. Ellison Gapers 1896-1897



Mrs. IV. G. McGowan 1897-1899



Mrs. Thomas Taylor 1899-1901



Alrs. James Conner 1901-1908



Mrs. A. IV. Burnett 1908-1905



Miss Mary Loppenheim 1905-1907



Mrs. R. D. Wright 1907-1909



Mrs. August Kohn 1909-1911



Mrs. 6. E. Graham 1911-1913



Niss Mice NV. Earle 1913-1915



Nlrs. J. L. Nle9Vhirter 1915-1917



M rs. John Cart 1917-1919



Mrs. St. John A. Lawton 1919-1921



- Mrs. 6. J. Milling 1921-1928



Mrs. Oscar Daniel Black 1923-1925



Mrs. T. J. Mauldin 1925-1927



Miss Marian Salley 1927-1928



Mrs. J. Frost Walker 1928-1930



Mrs. Fred 3. Gulvern 1930-1932



Nlrs. J. B. Workman 1932-1934



Alrs. D. S. Vandiver 1934-1936



Aliss Zena Layne 1936-1938



Mrs. Hugh Saxon Farley 1938-1940



Aliss Alinna IV. AlcLeod 1940-1942



Mrs. F. T. Dargan 1942-1944



Mrs. John R. Carson 1944-1946



Nrs. T. Ritchie Simmons 1946-1948



Mrs. 6. 6. Clinkscales 1948-1950



Alrs. E. IV. Cook 1950-1952



Mrs. Thomas Middleton Harvey 1952-1954



Mrs. John R. Childress 1954-1956



Alrs. Thomas Walker Ruey 1956-1958



Mrs. IV. A. King 1958-1960



Mrs. Archie G. Watson 1960-1962



Nrs. Julian IV. IVhite 1962-1964



Mrs. Brad D. Wofford 1964-1966



Mrs. Wade L. Murray 1966-1968 .



Mrs. Dan T. Ross 1968-1970



Mrs. Edward L. Roy 1970-1972



Mrs. Laul FC Leonard 1972-1974



Mrs. Trippett Boineau 1974-1976



Nlrs. Frank Leake, Jr. 1976-1978



Mrs. G. E. Mulligan 1978–1980



Niss Hattie Belle Lester 1980-1982



Mrs. Korace T. Jacobs 1982-1984



. Vrs. J. Ray Kunter 1984-1986



Mrs. Frank Gooch 1986-1988



Mrs. Kenneth Gollins 1988-1990







Alrs. IVilliam IVells 1990-1992

Nrs. Garl Lund 1992-1994

. V.rs. IV infred Cope 1994-1996

South Carolina Division Annual Conventions 1896-1996

C1 - 1	*Dunaidant	Mrs. A.T. Smytha Charleston	December 5, 1896
Charleston	*President	Mrs. A.T. Smythe, Charleston	December 1, 1897
Abbeville	*President	Mrs. Ellison Capers, Columbia	November 14, 1899
Greenville	*President	Mrs. W.C. McGowan, Abbeville	December 6, 1900
Rock Hill	*President	Mrs. Thomas Taylor, Columbia	1901
Sumter	*President	Mrs. Thomas Taylor, Columbia	
Anderson	*President	Mrs. James Connor, Charleston	November 25, 1902
Camden	*President	Mrs. James Connor, Charleston	December 1, 1903
Orangeburg	*President	Mrs. A.W. Burnett, Camden	November 30, 1904
Johnston	*President	Mrs. A.W. Burnett, Camden	November 30, 1905
Greenville	*President	Miss Mary B. Poppenheim, Charleston	December 5, 1906
Chester	*President	Miss Mary B. Poppenheim, Charleston	December 4, 1907
Abbeville	*President	Mrs. R.D. Wright, Newberry	December 1, 1908
Newberry	*President	Mrs. R.D. Wright, Newberry	November 30, 1909
Georgetown	*President	Mrs. August Kohn, Columbia	November 30, 1910
Greenwood	*President	Mrs. August Kohn, Columbia	November 20, 1911
Charleston	*President	Mrs. C.E. Graham, Greenville	December 3, 1912
Edgefield	*President	Mrs. C.E. Graham, Greenville	December 2, 1913
York	*President	Miss Alice M. Earle, Columbia	December 2, 1914
Aiken	*President	Miss Alice M. Earle, Columbia	November 17, 1915
Union	*President	Mrs. J.L. McWhirter, Jonesville	November 21, 1916
Florence	*President	Mrs. J.L. McWhirter, Jonesville	December 4, 1917
Darlington	*President	Mrs. John Cart, Orangeburg	April 2, 1919
Columbia	*President	Mrs. John Cart, Orangeburg	December 2, 1919
Greenville	*President	Mrs. St. John A. Lawton, Charleston	November 30, 1920
Batesburg	*President	Mrs. St. John A. Lawton, Charleston	December 6, 1921
Greenwood	*President	Mrs. C.J. Milling, Darlington	December 6, 1922
Newberry	*President	Mrs. C.J. Milling, Darlington	December 5, 1923
Charleston	*President	Mrs. Oscar D. Black, Johnston	December 9, 1924
Spartanburg	*President	Mrs. Oscar D. Black, Johnston	December 1, 1925
Camden	*President	Mrs. T.J. Mauldin, Pickens	November 30, 1926
Rock Hill	*President	Mrs. T.J. Mauldin, Pickens	November 29, 1927
Columbia	*President	Miss Marian Salley, Orangeburg	December 4, 1928
Orangeburg	*President	Mrs. J. Frost Walker, Union	December 4, 1929
Greenville	*President	Mrs. J. Frost Walker, Union	December 3, 1930
Anderson	President	Mrs. Fred E. Culvern, Kershaw	December 2, 1931
Aiken	President	Mrs. Fred E. Culvern, Kershaw	December 7, 1932
Charleston	President	Mrs. J.B. Workman, Columbia	December 1, 1933
Columbia	President	Mrs. J.B. Workman, Columbia	December 4, 1934
Clemson	*President	Mrs. D.S. Vandiver, Anderson	December 3, 1935
Rock Hill	*President	Mrs. D.S. Vandiver, Anderson	December 1, 1936
NOCK IIII	1 resident	14113. D.S. Yandiver, Anderson	2000111001 1, 1990

Orangeburg	*President	Miss Minna McLeod, James Island	October 14, 1942
Columbia	*President	Mrs. F.T. Dargon, Clemson	October 28, 1943
Edgefield	*President	Mrs. F.T. Dargon, Clemson	October 18, 1944
Columbia	*President	Mrs. John R. Carson, Chester	October 17, 1945
Columbia	*President	Mrs. John R. Carson, Chester	October 17, 1946
Greenville	*President	Mrs. T. Ritchie Simmons, Charleston	October 16, 1947
Charleston	*President	Mrs. T. Ritchie Simmons, Charleston	October 16, 1948
Florence	*President	Mrs. C.C. Clinkscales, Greenville	October 20, 1949
Spartanburg	*President	Mrs. C.C. Clinkscales, Greenville	October 20, 1950
Rock Hill	*President	Mrs. E.W. Cook, Clemson	October 11-13, 1951
Clemson	*President	Mrs. E.W. Cook, Clemson	October 16-18, 1952
Columbia	*President	Mrs. T.M. Harvey, Decatur, Ga.	October 13-14, 1953
Greenville	*President	Mrs. T.M. Harvey, Decatur, Ga.	October 13-14, 1954
Clemson	President	Mrs. John R. Childress, Greenville	October 12-13, 1955
Orangeburg	President	Mrs. John R. Childress, Greenville	October 10-11, 1956
Rock Hill	*President	Mrs. Thomas W. Huey, Rock Hill	October 17-18, 1957
Charleston	*President	Mrs. Thomas W. Huey, Rock Hill	October 16-17, 1958
Columbia	*President	Mrs. W.A. King, Clemson	October 14-15, 1959
Spartanburg	*President	Mrs. W.A. King, Clemson	October 18-19, 1960
Charleston	*President	Mrs. Archie C. Watson, Columbia	October 11-12, 1961
Columbia	*President	Mrs. Archie C. Watson, Columbia	October 17-18, 1962
Columbia	President	Mrs. Julian W. White, Greenwood	October 15-16, 1963
Clemson	President	Mrs. Julian W. White, Greenwood	October 14-15, 1964
Columbia	President	Mrs. B.D. Wofford, Greenville	October 13-14, 1965
Columbia	President	Mrs. B.D. Wofford, Greenville	October 12-13, 1966
Charleston	*President	Mrs. Wade L. Murray, Charleston	October 13-14, 1967
Charleston	*President	Mrs. Wade L. Murray, Charleston	October 11-12, 1968
Florence	*President	Mrs. Dan I. Ross, Jr., Blackville	October 10-11, 1969
Greenville	*President	Mrs. Dan I. Ross, Jr., Blackville	October 9-10, 1970
Greenwood	*President	Mrs. Edward D. Roy, Greenville	October 15-16, 1971
Columbia	*President	Mrs. Edward D. Roy, Greenville	October 13-14, 1972
Spartanburg	*President	Mrs. Paul H. Leonard, Columbia	October 5-6, 1973
Orangeburg	*President	Mrs. Paul H. Leonard, Columbia	October 4-5, 1974
Florence	President	Mrs. Trippett Boineau, Columbia	October 10-11, 1975
Clemson	President	Mrs. Trippett Boineau, Columbia	October 1-2, 1976
McCormick	President	Mrs. Frank Leake, Jr., Fountain Inn	October 7-8, 1977
Columbia	President	Mrs. Frank Leake, Jr., Fountain Inn	October 13-14, 1978
Rock Hill	President	Mrs. G.E. Mulligan, Columbia	October 5-6, 1979
Charleston	President	Mrs. G.E. Mulligan, Columbia	October 10-11, 1980
Georgetown	*President	Miss Hattie Belle Lester, Newberry	October 9-10, 1981
Greenville	*President	Miss Hattie Belle Lester, Newberry	October 8-9, 1982
McCormick	President	Mrs. Horace T. Jacobs, Columbia	September 29-30, 1983
Columbia	President	Mrs. Horace T. Jacobs, Columbia	October 12-13, 1984
Spartanburg	President	Mrs. Ray Hunter, Prosperity	September 27-28, 1985
Charleston	President	Mrs. Ray Hunter, Prosperity	October 10-11, 1986

Florence	President	Mrs. Frank Gooch, Spartanburg	October 9-10, 1987
Anderson	President	Mrs. Frank Gooch, Spartanburg	October 7-8, 1988
Aiken	President	Mrs. Kenneth Collins, Nichols	October 6-7, 1989
Columbia	President	Mrs. Kenneth Collins, Nichols	October 5-6, 1990
Spartanburg	President	Mrs. William Wells, Folly Beach	October 4-5, 1991
Folly Beach	President	Mrs. William Wells, Folly Beach	October 9-10, 1992
Florence	President	Mrs. Carl Lund, Pendleton	October 1-2, 1993
Greenville	President	Mrs. Carl Lund, Pendleton	Sept. 30 - Oct. 1, 1994
Aiken	President	Mrs. Winfred Cope, Aiken	October 6-7, 1995
Columbia	President	Mrs. Winfred Cope, Aiken	September 27-28, 1996

^{*}Deceased

Honorary Presidents of the South Carolina Division

*Miss Louise Burkett	Sumter
*Mrs. Warren Fair	Edgefield
*Mrs. Rosa Y. Felder	Elloree
*Mrs. A.T. Neely	Newberry
*Mrs. F. Guy Wilson	Greenwood
*Miss Juanita Hitt	Newberry
Mrs. A.E. McConkey	Columbia
Mrs. W.E. Woodson	Liberty
Mrs. T.P. Crooks	Newberry
Miss Elizabeth Gramling	Orangeburg

^{*}Deceased

Aeneral Officers 1996

Mrs. Francis Clarke Palmer	President General
Mrs. George W. Weimer, Jr.	Vice-President General
Mrs. Robert G. Langford	2nd Vice-President General
Mrs. Claude D. Ezell	3rd Vice-President General
Ms. Nelma Cruthcher	Recording Secretary General
Mrs. Frank I. Silek	Treasurer General
Mrs. James R. Hill	Registrar General
Mrs. William Wells	Historian General
Mrs. Jesse F. Grimes	Recorder General Crosses of
	Military Service

South Carolina's Seven Ex-Presidents Seneral

Mrs. Augustine T. Smythe Charleston, S.C. 1902 - 1904

Mrs. Augustine T. Smythe was the first South Carolina woman to hold a General office. As a member of Charleston Chapter #4, she was elected Second Vice President General in 1896, the same year in which she was instrumental in organizing the South Carolina Division and honored by being elected first Division President. It was in 1902 that Mrs. Smythe became President General, and it was during her term that the great work of erecting monuments was begun by the Daughters. Mrs. Smythe died January 8, 1928.

Miss Mary B. Poppenheim Charleston, S.C. 1917 - 1919

Miss Mary B. Poppenheim of Charleston was elected President General at the Chattanooga Convention, 1917, during World War I. She asked and received authority to appoint a committee for War Relief Work. It was she who secured passage of a resolution stating that the United Daughters of the Confederacy would establish beds in the American Hospital at Neuilly, France. Seventy-one beds were provided, each bearing the name of a Confederate leader. The first was "The Jefferson Davis Bed".

Miss Poppenheim was a dedicated and capable officer of her local chapter, Charleston Chapter No. 4, the South Carolina Division, and the General Organization. Her business and administrative skills enabled her to provide outstanding leadership at every level.

Mrs. St. John Allison Lawton Charleston 1925-1927

The third South Carolina Daughter to become President General was Mrs. St. John A. Lawton, who had previously served as Historian General. During Mrs. Lawton's administration at the 1926 General Convention in Richmond, the General Organization purchased an American flag and a Confederate flag. In her address, Mrs. Lawton recommended that two pages be appointed annually by the President General to carry the two flags at each annual convention.

In 1927 Mrs. Lawton reported a copyright for the Cross of Military Service, signed by the Registrar of Copyrights, Library of Congress. In that year she had the honor of presiding over the General Convention held in her own hometown of Charleston with 1,200 Daughters attending.

Mrs. Robert Downs Wright Newberry, S.C. 1941-1943

In 1941 Miss Minna McLeod, South Carolina Division President, attended the General Convention in Los Angeles, California, where she had the privilege of nominating a South Carolina Daughter for President General. In Miss McLeod's words, "Then our South Carolina delegation had the satisfaction of seeing our President General, Mrs. R.D. Wright of Newberry, go forward and take the helm. How proud we were of her!"

On December 15, 1941, Mrs. Wright wrote to President Franklin D. Roosevelt:

"My dear Mr. President: On this significant date, December 15th, the United Daughters of the Confederacy pledges you its full support in this war. We are ready to serve, willing to sacrifice.

Faithfully yours, Mrs. Robert D. Wright, President General, United Daughters of the Confederacy."

Mrs. Wright, daughter of a Confederate surgeon, worked zealously to guide the War Relief efforts of the organization during World War II. She was a gifted writer who assisted in compiling the General UDC history. In 1965 at their 10th General Convention, Children of the Confederacy awarded her the title, "Sweetheart of the Confederacy". After decades of service to the United Daughters of the Confederacy, she died December 23, 1973, at the age of 99. On October 29, 1974, with Mrs. Archie Watson, President General, in attendance, a UDC marker was placed and dedicated at the grave of Mrs. Wright.

Mrs. Archie China Watson 1972-1974 Columbia, S.C.

Mrs. Archie C. Watson was elected President General at the Seventy-Ninth Annual Convention held in Richmond, Virginia, in 1972. She had previously served on the Memorial Building Board of Trustees and had held the offices of Third Vice-President General and Historian General. The primary challenge during Mrs. Watson's administration was the need for repair and maintaining of the Memorial Building. She suggested that an initial endowment fund of one half million dollars was required to meet the need and encouraged members and chapters to make voluntary contributions to the Memorial Endowment Fund.

Mrs. Watson appointed a committee chaired by Mrs. Dotsy Boineau to study the feasibility of giving recognition to those who had gone into space and were descendants of Confederate veterans. This led to the establishment and bestowal of the Pioneers in Space medal, designed by Mrs. Boineau.

In anticipation of the nation's 1976 observance of the Bicentennial of the Declaration of Independence, Mrs. Watson appointed a committee to determine what contributions the UDC should make to the celebration, and proposed that a gift of \$2,000 be given to assist in the publication of the Jefferson Davis papers as a Bicentennial project.

Mrs. Dotsy Lloyd Boineau Columbia, S.C. 1980-1982

It was at the 1980 Eighty-Seventh Annual Convention in Richmond, Virginia, that Mrs. Boineau was elected to the highest office in the United Daughters of the Confederacy, having previously served as Third Vice-President General. In her first message upon election, she challenged all Daughters to make 1981 "The Year of the UDC". Daughters accepted her challenge to improve and update the organization and to increase membership. The Handbook, the Ritual Book, Certificates, forms and publications were revised and reprinted during her administration. In 1981, 1,447 new members were added, and ten new chapters were chartered. In 1982, 1,691 new members were enrolled, and twenty-two new chapters chartered.

Mrs. Boineau was the first president of any historical organization to be given a personal tour of the Marshall Space Flight Center at Huntsville, Alabama. Feeling that it was important that the UDC recognize those involved in the United States Space Program, she gave her full support to re-establishing the Award for Men in Space which had been discontinued in 1978, due to limited number of eligible recipients and cost involved.

In 1981 Mrs. Boineau brought greetings from the UDC at the Rededication of the Jefferson Davis Monument in Fairview, Kentucky. In the same year the organization made a donation to the Vietnam Memorial erected in Washington, D.C.

During Mrs. Boineau's term as President General, awards and scholarship funds were increased, a new \$15,000 scholarship was funded, and the Driver Newsletter Award was accepted. Upon leaving office Mrs. Boineau urged members to continue the challenging work of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

Mrs. Frank S. Leake, Jr. Fountain Inn, S.C.

After holding the offices of Vice President General, (1978-1980), and Treasurer General, (1982-1984), Mrs. Frank S. Leake, Jr. was elected President General at the 1990 Ninety-Seventh Annual General Convention in Richmond, Virginia. In her acceptance speech, Mrs. Leake stated that, while she had no specific project in mind, she would stress the importance of membership and would carry out the duties of office in an honorable and dignified manner.

During her first year in office Mrs. Leake attended UDC functions in ten states. While attending the Children of the Confederacy Convention in Houston, Texas, she was given a VIP tour of the Johnson Space Center, where she made arrangements with NASA to present a Pioneers in Space Medal. The Medal was accepted, to be displayed in the Visitors Center.

At the 1991 General Convention in Irving, Texas, Mrs. Leake reported that membership records for both active and inactive members had been entered into a computer

program. The primary business of this convention was the important, but time-consuming task of completely revising the Bylaws.

During Mrs. Leake's second General Convention in Richmond, Virginia, she presented the first National Defense Medal in an impressive ceremony. The medal had been authorized at the previous General Convention, and at Mrs. Leake's request, was designed by Mrs. Dotsy Boineau. Fifteen new chapters were chartered, and one chapter was reactivated during her 1990-1992 administration.

On a lighter note, it has been learned that after presiding with her usual poise and dignity at the first business session of the 1992 General Convention, this South Carolina Daughter returned to her hotel room to discover that she was wearing one black and one navy blue shoe, both for the left foot!! June Leake came home to Fountain Inn with happy memories of her experiences as President General, and with a broken foot in a cast!

Two Remarkable Ladies
.....
Caroline Meriwether Hoodlett
and
Anna Mitchell Davenport Raines

Both Kentucky and Tennessee claim Caroline Meriwether as a native daughter. She was born November 3, 1833, in Todd County, Kentucky, but lived most of her life in Tennessee. During the War Between the States she was actively engaged in giving assistance to Confederate soldiers, and in 1869 she married a Confederate veteran, Colonel Michael Campbell Goodlett, a widower with four small children.

Following the war her work with Confederate veterans organizations and homes lead to the "Auxiliary of the Confederate Soldier's Home" in 1890. Two years later this name was changed to "Daughters of the Confederacy", and Mrs. Goodlett became State President. It was then that Mrs. Goodlett's activities became joined with those of Mrs. Anna Davenport Raines.

Mrs. Raines was born April 8, 1853, in Savannah, Georgia. As a young child she carried food and bandages to the Confederate hospitals until her family was forced to evacuate Savannah. After her marriage to Lucian Hamilton Raines she became actively involved in the work of the Ladies Auxiliary to the Confederate Veterans Association in Savannah. In 1893 this became a permanent organization with the name changed to "Daughters of the Confederacy". As first president of this society, Mrs. Raines learned of a similar group in Tennessee bearing the same name. At that time the two women came together to achieve the goals and objectives which neither could have accomplished alone.

At the Second Annual Convention of the joint organization in 1895 the name was changed to "United Daughters of the Confederacy".

Mrs. Goodlett died October 16, 1914, and was buried in the family plot in Mount Olivet Cemeter, Nashville, Tennessee. Three months later, on January 21, 1915, Mrs. Raines died and was buried in Laurel Grove Cemetery in Savannah, Georgia.

\sim Miscellaneous Notes Through the Years \sim

Mrs. Augustine T. Smythe of Charleston was not only the first President of the South Carolina Division, but the first Honorary Life President.

During the presidency of Mrs. Ellison Capers the Division Convention was held in Abbeville, December 1, 1897. A committee was appointed on "Women's Work in War". This led to other committees which collected material for the book, *South Carolina Women in the Confederacy*. In that year there were eighteen chapters in South Carolina.

In 1898 there were twenty-one chapters on the Division roster. Mrs. W.C. McGowan, President, recommended that minutes be printed and made available to all chapters, that a parliamentary guide be adopted, and that a committee be appointed to work with the Sons of Confederate Veterans.

Mrs. Thomas Taylor, fourth Division President, was the first President to hold a two-year term.

Mrs. A.W. Burnett of Camden, Division President 1904-1905, was the last "girl of the '60's" to hold this honored position. During her administration there were forty chapters and an active membership of 1,700.

When the Convention met in Orangeburg in 1904, it was Mrs. August Kohn who proposed that an hour be set aside to honor to the memory of deceased daughters. This was the first "Memorial Hour".

The first daughter of a veteran to become Division President was Miss Mary B. Poppenheim of Charleston, 1906-1907. At the end of 1907 there were sixty chapters and a total of 3,000 members. Miss Poppenheim established the office of Registrar in the Division before there was a Registrar General. Mrs. C.E. Graham of Greenville was the first Division Registrar.

South Carolina was the first Division to be divided into Districts. This was done upon the recommendation of Division President Mrs. R.D. Wright of Newberry, 1908-1909.

The first four districts were Edisto, Pee Dee, Piedmont and Ridge. The first District Conferences were held in the spring of 1910.

Membership of the Division in 1913 was 3,742. Seven new chapters and six new Children's Chapters were organized during the presidency of Mrs. C.E. Graham, 1912-1913.

By 1917 there were ninety chapters in South Carolina, with a total membership of 4,339. In that year 450 original applications were submitted. Prior to 1917 the number of delegates attending state conventions were entertained in the homes of the hostess chapters. With the increase in membership, Mrs. J.L. McWhirter of Jonesville recommended that all Division Conventions be held "in some place centrally located and where delegates might be accommodated in hotels".

In April 1917, the United States had entered a World War. Mrs. McWhirter immediately offered the Governor of South Carolina the services of the Daughters as a Red Cross unit. The offer was accepted, and the Division had the honor of being the first women's organization in the state to volunteer for war work.

During World War I, the United Daughters of the Confederacy placed beds in the American Hospital in Neuilly, France. The first was named "The Jefferson Davis Bed". Seventy other beds were provided, each bearing the name of a Confederate general. In 1918 the South Carolina Daughters gave "The Wade Hampton Bed".

Mrs. St. John A. Lawton of Charleston, Division President 1920-1921, had in her younger days served as President of the Virginia Division, as Miss Ruth Jennings, of Lynchburg, Virginia.

In 1923 the South Carolina Daughters placed a boulder of Winnsboro blue granite at the Crater in Petersburg, Virginia, honoring the 250 South Carolina soldiers who lost their lives there. The inscription reads:

On this hill for one month South Carolina Soldiers guarded the entrance to Petersburg and here, July 30, 1864, suffered death from a mine exploded by the Federals.

Here the surviving Carolinians under the command of Stephen Elliott, by their valor turned a dreadful disaster into a glorious victory.

Erected by the South Carolina Division United Daughters of the Confederacy, 1923.

The South Carolina Division presented the complete works of John C. Calhoun to the American History Department at Oxford, England, in 1924

During 1924-1925, seventeen new chapters and 2,035 new members were added to the Division. The Elloree Chapter broke all records in the Division and General with 118 charter members. Mrs. Oscar D. Black of Johnston was Division President.

During the 1926-1927 administration of Mrs. T.J. Mauldin of Pickens, the Division membership reached its highest peak, with <u>6,908 members</u> and <u>131 chapters</u>.

In 1925 at the General Convention held in Hot Springs, Arkansas, the Blount Memorial Cup offered to the Division bestowing the greatest number of Crosses of Service was awarded for the first time and was awarded to the South Carolina Division.

At the 1926 Convention held in Camden, the first Cross of Military service to be presented at a Division Convention was conferred upon General Johnson Hagood.

The General Convention of 1927 was held in Charleston. We read that, "The Division was co-hostess with the Charleston Chapter at a lovely luncheon to more than 1,200 Daughters as its opening courtesy." The President General, Mrs. St. John A. Lawton, was a South Carolina Daughter. Mrs. T.J. Mauldin of Pickens was Division President.

In 1928 there were sixty-five Children of the Confederacy Chapters in the state.

The salute to the Confederate flag was first adopted at the General Convention in Baltimore, Maryland, in 1933. The salute originated with Mrs. James H. Parker of New York, a former South Carolinian and native of Charleston.

The proposed project of restoring the interior of Fort Hill, home of John C. Calhoun at Clemson, was brought before the Division by Mrs. J.B. Workman of Ware Shoals, President 1933-1934. The proposal was accepted, and work was begun during the administration of Mrs. D.S. Vandiver 1935-1936.

The first "Wade Hampton Sabre" was awarded to a graduating Citadel cadet during commencement in 1936.

Division Presidents Miss Zena Payne (1937-1938) and Mrs. O.D. Black (1924-1925) were sisters.

In 1937 there were 235 known Confederate veterans living in South Carolina.

During the administration of Mrs. Hugh S. Farley of Saluda, (1939-1940), the General Convention was held in Charleston. Notes tell us that, "The Division entertained one day with a boat ride through the harbor and a motor ride over Cooper River bridge, coming later to Fort Sumter Hotel where the Division served a sea-food supper."

In 1942 the Wade Hampton Sabre Award was not given. Because of military priorities, sabres could not be made. Instead, upon the advice of the faculty, a watch costing \$50.00 was given to the cadet who excelled in military science and tactics.

During World War II, in 1943-1944, South Carolina Daughters placed 8,219 books and magazines in camp libraries, made 19,252 garments, spent 226,764 hours in war work, placed three nurses in training in South Carolina hospitals, and donated \$3000 to the Red Cross Headquarters in Washington for Blood Donor Services. During the following two years, 1945-1946, an additional one thousand dollars was donated by the Division, through the chapters, to the Blood Donor Fund. This was the largest amount given by any Division at any time, according to a report of the Treasurer General.

In 1957 the Belton Chapter had the distinction of having the oldest member of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, Mrs. Justine Wright Fagg, age one hundred and three. Mrs. Fagg was accorded recognition by the President General at the General Convention in Richmond.

The South Carolina Division commissioned an oil painting of Henry Timrod, Poet Laureate of the Confederacy, which was presented to the South Carolina Senate March 2, 1960.

Mrs. Wade L. Murray of Charleston Chapter No. 4 served as South Carolina Division President, 1966-1968. Twenty-four years later, in 1990, Mrs. Murray's daughter, Mrs. William R. Wells, was also elected to the highest office in the division.

In 1968 a roadside historical marker was erected at the site of the "Confederate Navy Yard" in Marion County. [Note: The marker was severely damaged in 1991, but was repaired, replaced and rededicated in 1992. The wreath placed at the ceremony was then taken to Richmond and placed on the grave of President Jefferson Davis.]

The 1975 General Convention was held in Charleston during Mrs. Dotsy L. Boineau's term as Division President. In that year there were 67 chapters in South Carolina, with 2,048 members. On November 8, prior to the opening of the annual convention, there was am impressive dedication ceremony for the marker on the grave of Mrs. Augustine Thomas Smythe, Ex-President General, in the Church Yard of the Second Presbyterian Church in Charleston. Highlights of the convention included a tour of the Manigault Mansion and Garden Reception, the presentation of the colors by the Palmetto Company, music provided by the 6th Naval District Navy Band, addresses by Governor James Edwards and Senator Strom Thurmond, and a visit by General William Westmoreland. Following the Memorial Service at St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, a wreath was taken to sea and left afloat in Charleston Harbor in memory of the men who lost their lives in the Confederate submarine *Hunley*.

The Honorable J. Strom Thurmond, United States Senator from South Carolina, was elected Honorary Associate member of the United Daughters of the Confederacy at the 1976 annual convention.

In 1992 a South Carolina Division pin was designed. It was well-received and is being worn with pride by Daughters throughout the state.

Recollections and Reminiscences 1861-1865 through World War I

Shortly after the organization of South Carolina Division in 1896, the Daughters began to search attics and trunks for diaries, journals, letters, etc. from the years 1861-1865 and Reconstruction. Many company rolls were discovered. This truthful, authentic, "first-hand" information was collected from the chapters throughout the Division and placed in 70 loose-leaf blue binders which were stored at the Relic Room. They came to be called "Blue Books".

At the Division Executive Board meeting in Columbia on December 6, 1986, publication of this priceless data was discussed, and it was decided to name the book, *Recollections and Reminiscences 1861-1865 through World War I.* The Preservation of Relic Room Records Committee was appointed and work started.

Each volume contains approximately 700 pages and includes an in-depth index. Hard-back, gray with gold and black lettering, these books are, in content and in appearance, an addition of which every library and bookshelf is proud. Six volumes have been printed, and Volume VII is being prepared for publication.

Recollections and Reminiscences has received grateful acceptance throughout the nation by college and private libraries, historical and genealogical societies, and individuals. The Division hopes to have all twelve volumes published as we enter the twenty-first century.

Our Flag Atop the State Flouse

For several years controversy has grown over the flying our the Confederate Battle Flag atop the State House. In 1993 and early 1994, the Legislature was swamped with pleas from those who opposed its location and from those who stood firm. Hearings were held throughout the state, and the South Carolina Division, United Daughters of the Confederacy, was truly appreciative of the time and attention the Legislative Committee gave us as we pointed out the history and heritage symbolized by this Banner.

Senators Glenn McConnell, John Courson, Verne Smith, and Joe Wilson were our staunch supporters. They drafted a bill which would have secured a prominent place for the Battle Flag on the Confederate Monument on the State House grounds and for the Stars and Bars on the Women's Monument, erected by the men of the state to honor the women of the Confederacy. The bill would also have provided for a monument to the Civil Rights era, with funds to be raised by private donations and design to be approved by the Legislature. Additionally, there were protective measures for safety from destruction, damage, etc. for all Confederate monuments and markers in our state. This bill was easily passed in the Senate, but was rejected by the House of Representatives.

The flag still flies atop the State House, and "our" Senators sponsored a successful bill which guarantees that upon completion of the current rennovation to the Capitol, every Confederate symbol within the walls and on the grounds will be replaced in the spot occupied when the work was begun.

South Carolina Confederate Relic Room and Museum

Late in 1992 our Daughters began to hear rumors that our Legislature planned to move our South Carolina Relic Room from the War Memorial Building to the State Museum. Our Relic Room would be lost, and its irreplaceable collection of artifacts from over four hundred years of our state's history would be gone forever. No plan was offered regarding use of the War Memorial Building.

Fortunately in 1993 the Legislative Committee dealing with the proposed changes was receptive to the plea which we made at Hearings all over the state. Senator Glenn McConnell's tireless efforts and capable leadership as a member of that committee warded off this disaster.

The Relic Room had its beginning in 1895, the year before our Division was organized. At that time Daughters began to collect Confederate artifacts and display them in cases on the balcony outside the Senate Chamber in the State House. As the valuable collection outgrew that limited space, it was temporarily housed in the State Archives before finding its present-day home in the War Memorial Building. The Relic Room is a priceless repository for vital information spanning four hundred years of our state's proud history. Scores of school children, members of the legislature, and individuals from throughout America and many foreign nations visit the Relic Room seeking historical or genealogical information.

The War Memorial Building, constructed with funds largely donated in nickels, dimes and quarters by people throughout the state, was originally intended to honor the soldiers of World War I, but has been expanded to honor *all* South Carolina men and women who have served in *all* wars.

Fort Hill Clemson, South Carolina

Fort Hill, former home of John C. Calhoun and Thomas Green Clemson, is located on the campus of Clemson University. Thomas Clemson, who inherited the home from his wife, Anna Maria Calhoun, daughter of John C. Calhoun, willed Fort Hill with his own property to the State of South Carolina to be used for an agricultural college. Because of his admiration for his father-in-law, John C. Calhoun, he included a provision in his will that the home be maintained as a shrine and kept open to the public.

In the late 1920's Clemson College officials appointed a committee to make a survey of Fort Hill and report to President Sykes. The committee's findings showed that although the will of Thomas Clemson had provided for three rooms to be kept open, only one room was actually open to visitors. This room was crowded with valuable articles which were not being properly protected or exhibited. Assistance in restoring the mansion was requested from the John C. Calhoun Chapter, UDC, at Clemson. The ladies appointed a "Calhoun Mansion Committee" from their membership and immediately began the work of raising funds, searching for artifacts and furnishings, and restoring the historic home. The result was the restoration and opening of the entire mansion. Chapter members served as hostesses and handled much of the interior maintainence.

When the John C. Calhoun Chapter invited the South Carolina Division to join in this endeavor, the Division accepted, and the Fort Hill Committee was formed. Many improvements were made through the years, including the installation of a burglar alarm and sprinkler system, and sun shield protection on all windows. The committee exercised care in verifying the authenticity of furnishings and in selecting appropriate wallpaper, curtain and drapery materials. The hours of volunteer service and the monetary contributions given through several decades indicate the appreciation which South Carolina Daughters hold for this home of an outstanding statesman.

Due to changes made at Clemson University, the duties of the Fort Hill Committee have also changed, but the UDC continues to be supportive and to have input into matters concerning the mansion.

A bronze plaque placed in the entrance hall honors the UDC for the restoration of the mansion and reads as follows:

FORT HILL - CALHOUN MANSION
HOME OF JOHN C. CALHOUN & THOMAS G. CLEMSON
RESTORED 1928 - 1990 BY
JOHN C. CALHOUN CHAPTER
UNITED DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY
WITH THE SUPPORT OF
SOUTH CAROLINA DIVISION UDC

Oakley Park Edgefield, South Carolina

The stately mansion known as Oakley Park was built in 1835 by Daniel Bird. The home has been the residence of several families, and is closely tied to the history of Edgefield. Following the War Between the States it was purchased by General Martin Witherspoon Gary and became the center of political and social life in the community. An attorney and a bachelor, Martin Gary was one of the state's largest cotton growers and had been a member of South Carolina's General Assembly 1860-1861. He entered the Confederate Army as Captain of the Watson Guards in Hampton's Legion. During the turbulent years of Reconstruction, General Gary gave strong political support to his former commander, Wade Hampton, and was actively involved in Hampton's successful campaign for Governor of South Carolina in 1876.

General Gary's sister, Victoria Gary Evans, served as his hostess at Oakley Park. Following the death of her husband, Nathan G. Evans, Victoria and her five year old son, John Gary Evans, lived in the home with her brother. When General Gary died April 9, 1881, the property passed to his sisters, of whom the last survivor was Mrs. Victoria Gary Evans. In later years, by inheritance and purchase of the interests of others, John Gary Evans became the owner.

John Gary Evans was an attorney and statesman, and in 1894 was elected Governor of South Carolina. He was thirty-one years old at the time of his election. In 1941 Governor Evans deeded the property to the town of Edgefield with instructions that it be "maintained as a public park for the recreation, pleasure, and enjoyment of the citizens of Edgefield County and shall be named 'Oakley Park' and dedicated to the memory of General Martin Witherspoon Gary, Confederate States Army, who died on the premises." In the deed Governor Evans expressed his "desire that care and keeping of the premises shall be trusted to the United Daughters of the Confederacy of Edgefield and they shall be allowed to hold their meetings and conventions in the home."

The Edgefield Chapter requested the assistance of the South Carolina Division, and at the 1944 Division Convention in Edgefield it was resolved that the Daughters would undertake the restoration of Oakley Park. The Treasurer's record from that convention shows that each South Carolina Daughter was asked to contribute twenty-five cents each year until the restoration was completed. The home became known as "The Red Shirt Shrine", the only such shrine in existence.

By 1946 the most immediate needs of the home had been met. The exterior had been painted, the roof replaced, and the planting of shrubbery begun. The care and attention given through the past fifty years is evident in the home and on the grounds today. Edgefield Chapter, which owns Oakley Park, continues to maintain "The Red Shirt Shrine" and to have it open to visitors.

South Carolina Chapters 1996

ABBEVILLE

Mary Stark Davis Chapter No. 2573 Secession Chapter No. 2163

AIKEN

Jefferson Davis Chapter No. 2465

ANDERSON

Dixie Chapter No. 395 Robert E. Lee Chapter No. 146

BEAUFORT

Stephen Elliott Chapter No. 1349

BELTON

Belton Chapter No. 1843

BISHOPVILLE

Lottie Green Chapter No. 785

CAMDEN

John D. Kennedy Chapter No. 308

CAMPOBELLO

Campobello Chapter No. 1989

CENTRAL

James L. Orr Chapter No. 1687

CHARLESTON

Avinger Chapter No. 2187 Charleston Chapter No. 4

CHESTER

Chester Chapter No. 232

CLEMSON

John C. Calhoun Chapter No. 945

CLINTON

Stephen D. Lee Chapter No. 1066

COLUMBIA

Columbia Chapter No. 1711 Mary Boykin Chesnut Chapter No. 2517 Wade Hampton Chapter No. 29

CONWAY

Conway Chapter No. 2021

DILLON

Ann Fulmore Harlee Chapter No. 1740

EDGEFIELD

Edgefield Chapter No. 1018

EHRHARDT

Bratton Jenkins Chapter No. 1782

FLORENCE

Ellison Capers Chapter No. 70 Maxcy Gregg Chapter No. 1337

FOUNTAIN INN

Oliver Thompson Chapter No. 1850

GAFFNEY

Moses Wood Chapter No. 469

GEORGETOWN

Arthur Manigault Chapter No. 63

GREENVILLE

Fort Sumter Chapter No. 1394 Greenville Chapter No. 51 Winnie Davis Chapter No. 442

GREENWOOD

Robert A. Waller Chapter No. 687

GREER

Hampton Lee Chapter No. 1281

HARTSVILLE

Hartsville Chapter No. 1255

HOPKINS-EASTOVER

Secession Signers Chapter No. 2344

JONESVILLE

John Hames Chapter No. 493

LANCASTER

Lancaster Chapter No. 462

LAURENS

Joseph B. Kershaw Chapter No. 205

LEXINGTON

Lexington Chapter No. 1920

LIBERTY

Keowee Chapter No. 1405

McCORMICK

Ann Carter Chapter No. 1900

MOUNT PLEASANT

Michael Hartnett Chapter No. 2452

MULLINS

Isabelle D. Martin Chapter No. 1613

NEWBERRY

Calvin Crozier Chapter No. 1191

Drayton Rutherford Chapter No. 152

NORTH AUGUSTA

Berry Benson Chapter No. 2584

ORANGEBURG

Paul McMichael Chapter No. 427

PROSPERITY

William Lester Chapter No. 1042

ROCK HILL

Ann White Chapter No. 123

Beaulah Meredith Chapter No. 2237

ST. GEORGE

St. George Chapter No. 1035

SEDALIA-CROSS ANCHOR

William M. Gist Chaptr No. 1725

SENECA

Greys of Oconee County Chapter No. 1783

SPARTANBURG

Oliver E. Edwards Chapter No. 1998

SUMTER

Dick Anderson Chapter No. 75

Sumter Chapter No. 1939

UNION

William Wallace Chapter No. 660

WALHALLA

Joseph Norton Chapter No. 1745

WESTMINSTER

Robert A. Thompson Chapter No. 1504

WINNSBORO

John Bratton Chapter No. 929

Mary Stark Davis Chapter #2573 Abbeville, S.C.

The Mary Stark Davis Chapter was chartered in August 1992, with twenty-two members. The organizing chapter president was Mrs. Elizabeth B. Besinger. The chapter was named for the last surviving sister of J.S. Stark who bought the historic Burt-Stark House. It was in this home that Jefferson Davis met with members of the Confederate Cabinet on May 2, 1865.

One of the significant events of the chapter during its short history was the cleaning of a cemetery where three Confederate veterans are buried.

Jefferson Davis Chapter #2465 Aiken, S.C.

The first meeting of the Jefferson Davis Chapter was held August 4, 1982, with fifteen charter members. The first president was Mrs. Davie Surrett. The organization of this chapter was the result of a meeting held in Columbia by Miss Ola Hitt, Mrs. Frances Fulmer, and Mrs. Trippett Boineau. Since the chapter was formed, members have steadfastly supported the Veterans Hospital in Augusta. Miss Ola Hitt, a recipient of the Order of the Palmetto, had veterans living in her home for over 35 years. From the original 15 members, the chapter has grown to include 40 members in this centennial year. Members are encouraged to research their Confederate ancestry and submit supplemental applications. A member of the Jefferson Davis Chapter, Mrs. Winfred Cope, currently serves as South Carolina Division President.

Dixie Chapter # 395 Anderson, S.C.

Chartered May 12, 1900, the chapter name was suggested by Miss Nora Hubbard. Mrs. Carrie Patrick was the first president.

As co-hostess for the Division Convention in November 1902, (with the R.E. Lee Chapter), silver spoons were given as souvenirs.

"A Legend of the Yellow Jasmine", a poem composed by member Teresa Strickland in 1906, was later adopted as the State Poem.

Under the leadership of Mrs. Rosa McCully, Custodian of Crosses for 58 years, 232 iron crosses were placed to honor Confederate soldiers.

Robert E. Lee Chapter # Anderson, S.C.

The Robert E. Lee Chapter was organized October 4, 1897, at the home of Mrs. J.R. Vandiver, who became the first chapter president. Mrs. Ella B. Laughlin was the first secretary-treasurer. The original chapter had twenty charter members.

On January 3, 1898, the chapter made plans to devote their efforts toward contributing to the erection of the Confederate Monument which now stands on the Square in Anderson. A wreath is placed by the chapter each year on Confederate Memorial Day. In raising funds for the monument, the chapter joined with the Memorial Association and the Sons of Confederate Veterans. A concert was held on Confederate Memorial Day, 1898, with sale of tickets benefitting the monument fund.

A special reception was given in June 1931, honoring the "Girls of the Sixties". One of these "girls", Mrs. J.M. Bell, lived to be 102 years of age. The chapter lost its last Real Daughter in the death of Mrs. M.A. Lindley.

On May 20, 1972, the chapter celebrated its 75th anniversary with a tea at the home of Mrs. Hugh McGee.

Belton Chapter #1843 Belton, S.C.

The charter for the Belton Chapter is dated September 12, 1924. The history of the chapter began in April of that year, when thirty-one ladies met to organize the chapter. Mrs. Isa Taylor Brown was elected as president. The organizational meeting was held in the home of Mrs. Ida Brown Geer, the chapter's treasurer. Until 1962 the Belton Chapter celebrated its Anniversary each year in April at a meeting held in Mrs. Geer's home. Mrs. Ella Cobb Garrett hosted the first regular chapter meeting.

Two members, Mrs. Una Pruitt and Mrs. L.D. Blake, were honored by having their names inscribed in the *Book of Remembrance* for their notable work toward the creation of the Lee-Jackson memorial window in the National Cathedral in Washington.

In 1965 there were nine living charter members, and four Real Daughters: Mrs. Nettie Cowan Breazeale, Mrs. Em Mae Tate Horton, Mrs. Antonia Smith Huffman, and Mrs. Sallie Dixon Poore. By 1975 four ladies had enjoyed membership for fifty years.

Mrs. Adnah Massey dreamed of having a Children of the Confederacy Chapter, and in 1974 that dream was realized when a chapter was formed and named in her honor.

Lottie Green Chapter #785 Bishopville, S.C.

When Lee County was formed in 1902, many Confederate veterans found themselves residents of the new county. Mr. Alonzo Parrott, Major J. Harvey Wilson, and Adjutant H.S.Cunningham, all aging veterans, asked several young ladies in town to investigate the work of an organization known as the United Daughters of the

Confederacy. Encouraged by the good works that other chapters were doing for veterans, seven young women, all in their 20's, applied for, and were issued, a charter dated April 28, 1904, for the Lottie Green Chapter #785.

The chapter was named for Charlotte Lee (Lottie) Tillman Green, a Bishopville widow whose first husband had died during the war, and whose second husband had been a veteran. Mrs. Green helped the young women organize the chapter and held the first meetings in her home.

The chapter expanded the annual Confederate Memorial Day parade into a daylong celebration, with programs and dinner for the veterans. Through the years, Confederate veterans and widows in Lee County were aided financially and remembered with gifts on special occasions. Chapter members raised the necessary funds to erect a Confederate Monument on Court House Square in 1913.

The late Mrs. C.W. Josey, the chapter's last Real Daughter, received the Jefferson Davis medal at the 1983 convention. Chapter member Corolla Neeley Stuckey was awarded the Order of the Palmetto in 1991.

Current chapter members continue the work started 92 years ago by seven young women in Bishopville.

John D. Kennedy Chapter #308 Camden, S.C.

On April 30, 1897, fifty Camden women gathered at the home of Mrs. James S. Haile for the purpose of organizing a chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Ten of the ladies petitioned for a charter. In naming their chapter, the members chose to honor John Doby Kennedy, youngest of Camden's six Confederate generals. At age twenty-four, the young Camdenite was appointed Brigadier General in December 1864, and commanded the famed Kershaw's Brigade. Although seriously wounded six times, General Kennedy survived the war. He was elected Lieutenant Governor in 1880 and served as Consul to Shanghai, China, from 1884 until 1888. He died in Camden on April 14, 1896, a year before the formation of the chapter bearing his name.

By 1903 the chapter had grown to one hundred members and hosted the 8th Annual Convention of the South Carolina Division in Camden. For the first time an entire evening was devoted to a historical program, beginning the tradition of Historical Evenings held at all subsequent conventions. In 1909 the chapter was instrumental in having the remains of Richard Kirkland, the "Angel of Marye's Heights", reinterred in Quaker Cemetery. By the following spring, funds had been raised for the erection of a monument at his gravesite. Each December the John D. Kennedy Chapter and the Joseph B. Kershaw SCV Camp conduct a memorial service at the Kirkland monument, commemorating the young soldier's deeds of mercy at the Battle of Fredericksburg. In 1995 the chapter, in conjunction with the local SCV Camp, placed a marker at the gravesites of Unknown Confederate Soldiers in Quaker Cemetery.

During the chapter's early years, veterans were honored on Confederate Memorial Day with an elaborate dinner prior to the services in Quaker Cemetery. In 1912 seventy-five aged Confederate veterans attended the dinner and thanked the ladies with a "Rebel yell". The annual custom of placing flags on the graves of Confederate dead and

participating in a Memorial Day service continues today. In 1918 the chapter contributed \$50.00 to the avenue of magnolias which was planted in honor of Kershaw County's "brave boys who enlisted in World War I".

Plans were made in 1923 to place a granite boulder marking the Jefferson Davis Highway, and a committee was appointed to visit Stoneboro, purchase the granite, and to design the bronze plate.

In 1926 a Children of the Confederacy Chapter was organized and named for Henrietta Sill, who was chapter treasurer for twenty-five years. At the end of 1926 the treasury showed a balance of \$20.00, designated "to be used for expenses for the Division Convention in Camden".

The John D. Kennedy Chapter celebrated its 50th anniversary on April 30, 1947, at the Ridge District Conference in Camden. Mrs. John Cureton, daughter of General Kennedy, was District Director. Other Kennedy family members were guests of honor.

On April 30, 1997, the chapter will observe its centennial anniversary.

Campobello Chapter #1989 Campobello, S.C.

The Campobello Chapter was organized February 5, 1929, with the assistance of a Spartanburg chapter. The formation of the chapter was partly due to Mrs. Bessie Lee Gibson Epting, wife of the Campobello School principal, who was a member of a Newberry chapter. There were twelve charter members, but the membership expanded as other ladies joined. The first known officers were: Mrs. Janie High Wall, President, Miss Annie McClain, Historian, and Mrs. Bessie Lee Epting, Treasurer.

In the 1940's, a chapter history was written by Miss Pearl Marion Shands, whose mother, Mrs. Rebecca Sloan Shands, and her sister, Sarah Shands, were both charter members. Both Pearl and Sarah Shands were Real Daughters.

James L. Orr Chapter #1687 Central, S.C.

The James L. Orr Chapter in Central was one of several chapters formed in South Carolina during World War I. Mrs. T.M. (Florine Bolt) Norris invited ladies to her home, and on April 8, 1917, these seventeen ladies became charter members of the new chapter. Mrs. G.M. Perry was elected as president. In selecting a chapter name, members chose James L. Orr who had been a Colonel in the Confederate Army and was a prominent statesman and lawyer. He was the first governor of South Carolina after the War Between the States and the ancestor of several charter members.

When the James L. Orr Chapter was organized there were seven Real Daughters living in the community: Mrs. J.H. Gaines, Mrs. Etta Garvin, Mrs. B.J. Johnston, Mrs. Sue Lewis, Mrs. Caroline Rowland, Mrs. J.T. Werner, and Mrs. E.A. Zachery. These

ladies were made honorary members of the chapter, and each year the May meeting was a party held in their honor.

Two of the early chapter projects were collecting magazines for soldiers fighting in France and the wiring of the new Central High School. The chapter participated in the South Carolina Division's establishing a hospital ward in France.

For almost eighty years the James L. Orr Chapter has been involved in community activities and has participated in district and division endeavors.

Charleston Chapter #4 Charleston, S.C.

The Charleston Chapter #4 was organized November 17, 1894, in the Carolina Rifle Club Armory and chartered January 5, 1895. At that time the chapter motto was established: "Lord God of hosts, be with us yet, Lest we forget, lest we forget". Mrs. Augustine Smythe was elected president of the chapter.

The custom of sending wreaths to Confederate veterans who have "crossed over" originated with the Charleston Chapter. This was the suggestion of Mrs. Julius A. Blake who had visited the grave of Major Thomas A. Huguerin the day after funeral and seen the flowers beaten by an afternoon storm. She proposed the simple laurel wreath tied with red and white ribbon, as being more lasting. From this suggestion the custom has become universal.

Memorial Day was observed with the Ladies Memorial Association for a number of years, and the chapter continues to hold observances on May 10th each year.

In 1888 a monument of unusual interest was erected. This was a drinking fountain in memory of the brave men who volunteered on torpedo boats in Charleston Harbor. Many of these crews launched forth, never to return. The fountain was completed in White Point Gardens just before the United Confederate Veterans Reunion in May 1888, and the aging soldiers were able to drink of the water and read the heroic legend.

In 1903 the Charleston Chapter had 400 members on roll. Mrs. James Connor, President, celebrated Lee's birthday by bestowing 70 Crosses of Honor.

When Mrs. Jefferson Davis died in 1906, the chapter sent a telegram to her daughter and a wreath to the funeral. All members wore a mourning badge for thirty days.

The chapter has awarded many scholarships to both public and private schools through the years.

At the Confederate Veterans Reunion in 1888 the veterans left their uniforms and other memorabilia, and the Confederate Museum was established. In 1950 the lamps on the front of Market Hall, the Confederate Museum, which had been taken down forty years earlier were replaced. Market Hall was severely damaged by Hurricane Hugo in September 1989. Members of the Charleston Chapter worked diligently to save the relics which had been covered with broken glass, plaster, and water. For a number of years the museum was closed, but is now open to visitors at a temporary location, 34 Pitt Street. Hopefully the museum will be back in Market Hall in the near future.

In April 1924 the chapter entertained the Princess Camille de Polignac and her son, Prince Victor Mansfield de Polignac, widow and son of the distinguished French officer,

General Camille de Polignac, who in the dark days of the 1860's came over from France and cast his fortune with the struggling Confederacy.

In 1936 two trees were planted by the chapter. One of these was a walnut tree from Fort Hill which was planted by John C. Calhoun's tomb in St. Phillip's Churchyard, and the other was a live oak planted in Hampton Park in memory of General Wade Hampton.

The Charleston Chapter purchased and presented the Calhoun bed to Fort Hill as a memorial to Miss Mary B. Poppenheim, in recognition of her valuable services to the United Daughters of the Confederacy. An accompanying brass plaque gives the record of this remarkable woman.

In 1950 the chapter presented a Military Cross to Miss Kanapeaus, the first woman awarded a Cross by the chapter.

Limited space prevents a lengthier history of Charleston Chapter No. 4 being recorded on these pages, but as the South Carolina Division's "parent chapter", it holds an honored place in our organization's history.

Columbia Chapter #1711 Columbia, S.C.

The Columbia Chapter was organized May 20, 1920, by Mrs. Florence Hunter of the M.C. Butler Chapter. Mrs. Hunter was the first president of the chapter, which received its charter July 1, 1920. It was named the Columbia Chapter, for the city of Columbia. The chapter actively participates in the Confederate Memorial Services held in Elmwood Cemetery in Columbia, serving as a hostess chapter for the Memorial Day observances.

Three chapter members have served as South Carolina Division Presidents: Mrs. Trippett Boineau, Mrs. C.E. Mulligan, and Mrs. Horace Jacobs. Mrs. Boineau also served as President-General in 1980 - 1982.

Mary Boykin Chesnut Chapter #2517 Columbia, S.C.

The Mary Boykin Chesnut Chapter was chartered in Columbia on June 22, 1986, with the assistance of then Division President, Mrs. Ray Hunter. There were eight charter members. The charter signing ceremony was held May 14, 1986, at the historic Hampton-Preston House. The chapter was named for Mary Boykin Chesnut of Camden, S.C., the renowned diarist of the War Between the States and the wife of General James Chesnut. Each year the chapter honors her birthday on March 31st by having a dinner meeting. In 1987 chapter members had an opportunity to tour Mulberry Plantation near Camden, where James and Mary Boykin Chesnut lived for several years after their marriage.

The chapter has been very active in patriotic and civic activities, participating each year in the Confederate Memorial Day services at Elmwood Cemetery in Columbia and as one of the three Columbia chapters which serve as hostess chapters for this observance. The Mary Boykin Chesnut Chapter was also involved in the first, and all subsequent,

statewide Confederate Memorial Day events held in Columbia in conjunction with the Sons of Confederate Veterans. The chapter received Certificates of Appreciation from the SCV for assistance in planning the Wade Hampton Camp SCV Christmas Balls from 1986 through 1990.

In 1988 the chapter held an 1860's fashion show for ladies attending the SCV General Convention held in Columbia. At the convention, chapter members Nancy Hilliard and Patrica Crosby were presented the Varina Howell Davis Medal by the National Commander, Military Order of Stars and Bars.

A notable chapter project in 1992 was the cleaning of the Jefferson Davis Highway Marker located in Batesburg-Leesville, S.C.

The chapter has received awards for its work, and Nancy Hilliard, chapter president, has held several Division offices. Another chapter member, Amy McCaskill, currently serves as Division Scrapbook Chairman, and the South Carolina Scrapbook tied for first place at the 1995 General Convention.

Wade Hampton Chapter #29 Columbia, S.C.

The Wade Hampton Chapter was chartered before the South Carolina Division was organized, and was the second chapter in the state, preceded only by Charleston Chapter #4. On December 20, 1895, twenty-two ladies met in the City Council Chamber in Columbia and resolved to organize the chapter. The name "Hampton" was proposed by Mrs. Thomas Taylor, seconded by Mrs. Clark Waring, and afterwards, by amendment of Miss Kate Crawford, called "Wade Hampton". When informed of this decision, General Hampton responded with a letter thanking the ladies for the honor. The charter was approved March 2, 1896. Miss Kate Crawford was the first chapter president, (1895-1898), followed by Mrs. Ellison Capers, (1899-1900). At the second Division Convention in December 1896, the Wade Hampton Chapter reported a roster of ninety-seven members.

After approving the Chapter Constitution, the members immediately began their work. Their first project was the annual awarding of a medal to the student of South Carolina College who wrote the best essay on a subject suggested by the chapter. The first medal was presented to Mr. I.I. McSwain in 1897. During the same period the chapter obtained from the faculty of the college the use of a room in the Library Building for keeping Confederate records and relics. Members catalogued materials received and kept the room open. In 1901 the room was no longer available, and the Legislature granted the Wade Hampton Chapter the use of a room on the upper floor of the State House. This project of collecting records and artifacts led to what is now known as the Confederate Relic Room, a repository of vital importance to all UDC members.

The third work of the chapter was the placing of a tablet on the wall of the State House honoring four youths, ages 15 to 18, of the color guard of the 1st SC Volunteer Regiment. Carrying the Palmetto flag into battle at Gaines Mill June 27, 1862, all four young soldiers were wounded, three mortally.

The first Southern Cross of Honor presented by the chapter was appropriately awarded to General Wade Hampton at the Reunion of United Confederate Veterans in Columbia, May 1901. During the next three years 128 crosses were presented. The chapter initiated the project to erect a monument to General Hampton, and at his death the Daughters followed in procession behind the cortege. In an impressive ceremony, September 1993, the Confederate Medal of Honor was presented posthumously to General Wade Hampton. It was accepted by his grandson, Wade Hampton Oliver.

For a century the Wade Hampton Chapter has honored the memory of Confederate soldiers by marking Confederate graves, contributing to memorials and monuments, purchasing and placing flags, and participating in memorial services in Elmwood Cemetery. In 1987, memorial services, with interment in the Confederate Enclosure within Elmwood Cemetery were conducted for South Carolina's Unknown Soldier by the South Carolina SCV, the South Carolina Society of the Military Order of the Stars and Bars, and the Wade Hampton Chapter. A tombstone was dedicated for this Unknown Confederate Soldier at a graveside service on March 20, 1988. In the same year the chapter replaced a magnolia tree on the State House grounds. This living memorial to General Robert E. Lee was originally planted by the chapter in 1938.

In 1970 a special chapter meeting was held at the Executive Mansion in Columbia. The Cross of Military Service was presented to then Governor Robert McNair, a World War II veteran.

Many chapter members have made outstanding contributions in local, division and general organizations. Mrs. Archie C. Watson served as chapter president 1958-1959, and again 1978-1979, as Division President 1961-1962, and as President General 1973-1974. Mrs. Watson was Director of the Confederate Relic Room and Museum for twenty-five years. She was the recipient of the Order of the Palmetto. Other chapter members who have served as Division President are Miss Alice Earle, (1914-1915), Mrs. J.B. Workman, (1933-1934), and Mrs. Paul Leonard, (1973-1974). Mrs. Alfred E. McConkey, one of the first South Carolina Daughters to receive the Winnie Davis Medal, is an Honorary Division President.

The chapter's 50th Anniversary was observed with a reception for which invitations engraved in gold were sent. On May 3, 1995, the 100th Anniversary was celebrated with a luncheon. At that time a copy of the chapter history was presented to each person attending. The history reflects the chapter's century of service.

Edgefield Chapter #1018 Edgefield, S.C.

The Edgefield Chapter was originally organized May 27, 1896, and named for General Maxcy Gregg, leader of the 1st Volunteer Regiment and a devoted friend of Governor Francis W. Pickens of Edgefield. Lucy Pickens, wife of the Governor, was the first president, with fifteen members in the chapter. Of significance was the erection of the Confederate Monument on the Edgefield Square by the Maxcy Gregg Chapter. When Mrs. Pickens died in 1899, the chapter soon disbanded. A reorganization meeting was held on June 1, 1906, and a charter was issued September 6 of the same year by Miss

Mary Poppenheim of Charleston. Named Edgefield Chapter, there were ten charter members.

During World War I the chapter was formed into an auxiliary of the Red Cross, with one member receiving a citation from President Wilson and a Red Cross Service medal. One chapter member served on the committee for the restoration of "Stratford", the home of the Lee family, and donated a quilt for use in the home.

In 1907 the chapter bought and erected a shaft in the Willow Brook Cemetery to the "Unknown Dead", those Confederate soldiers who died in the Wayside Hospital at Edgefield. Since 1941 the "Red Shirt Shrine" at Oakley Park, the home of General Martin W. Gary, has been the home of Edgefield Chapter.

Ellison Capers Chapter #70 Florence, S.C.

In 1896 Miss Hampton, the daughter of General Wade Hampton, wrote to Mrs. T.H. Harlee of Florence, urging the formation of a local UDC chapter and encouraging ladies to collect Confederate relics and send them to the Museum in Richmond. An organizational meeting was held in Mrs. Harlee's home, and in July the chapter received its charter which listed the names of fourteen women.

In selecting a name, the chapter chose to honor General Brigadier Ellison Capers, then Bishop of the Episcopal Church in South Carolina. When notified, Bishop Capers responded with an eloquent letter of acceptance.

The chapter members collected relics and with the assistance of men in Florence, shipped them to Richmond. A garden party was held, and the money (\$50) raised at this event was used to purchase a glass display case for the museum, with a marker inscribed, "Ellison Capers Chapter, UDC, Florence, S.C."

Miss Julia F. Schouboe was the chapter's delegate to the first Division Convention held in Charleston, December 1896. In 1897 dues were established at \$1.00 per annum, including ten cents Division dues and ten cents General dues.

The Ellison Capers Chapter has contributed to the erection of several monuments, including the marker at the Crater, Petersburg, Virginia; the Jefferson Davis obelisk at Biloxi, Mississippi; a Jefferson Davis highway marker, and a monument in Vicksburg, Mississippi.

Oliver Thompson Chapter #1850 Fountain Inn, S.C.

The Oliver Thompson Chapter was chartered September 12, 1924, with forty-five members. The chapter is named in honor of Private Oliver Thompson, Co. G., 3rd Regiment, South Carolina Infantry. Private Thompson's Confederate military service began with his enlistment on April 14, 1861, at Laurens Court House, Laurens, S.C.

During the seventy-two years of the chapter's existence it has been a very active chapter, and despite the decrease in membership, continues to carry on the important work of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

The chapter is very proud of the fact that their members have held Division and General offices. Mrs. Frank S. Leake, Jr. has served as Division President, 1976-1978; as Vice President General, 1978-1980; Treasurer General, 1982-1984, and President General, 1990-1992. Mrs. Marjorie Adamson served as Second Vice President General, 1992-1994. Another chapter member, Mrs. Caroline S. Coleman, was honored in 1965 by being named an Honorary President of the South Carolina Division.

Moses Wood Chapter #469 Gaffney, S.C.

The Moses Wood Chapter was organized May 22, 1901, at Central School in Gaffney, S.C. Twenty-two women, under the leadership of Mrs. W.C. Lipscomb, formed this first group. The Town Council of Gaffney deeded to the Moses Wood Chapter the Confederate Plot. The deed is dated September 19, 1902.

In selecting a name, the chapter chose to honor Captain Moses Wood, a distinguished Confederate veteran. In 1912 he wrote a letter to the chapter members, thanking them for the honor they had bestowed upon him. In 1918 Captain Wood thanked the chapter for candy which they had sent to him at Christmas, and he was among the veterans who visited the chapter for their celebration of Lee and Jackson's birthdays.

In 1919 the chapter joined the Daniel Morgan Chapter NSDAR in placing a bronze tablet on the Carnegie Library in memory of World War I soldiers from Cherokee Chapter. The following year a committee was appointed to erect a monument to Confederate soldiers. Funds were raised to erect the monument, an eight-foot Confederate soldier at parade rest, and it was unveiled in a ceremony in 1922.

The Moses Wood Chapter continues the work begun ninety-five years ago.

Greenville Chapter #51 Greenville, S.C.

The Greenville Chapter came into being on April 30, 1896, in the parlor of the First Presbyterian Church. Thirty ladies were present to lend their support to the organization. There were eleven charter members. Four chapter members have served as S.C. Division President: Mrs. C.E. Graham, Mrs. C.C. Clinkscales, Mrs. John R. Childress, and Mrs. B.D. Wofford. Two of these ladies, Mrs. Clinkscales and Mrs. Childress, were appointed by the Governor to serve on the Board of Commissions for the Confederate Veterans' Home in Columbia.

In 1935 the Greenville Chapter and the Fort Sumter Chapter erected a Monument to the Confederate Veterans on South Main Street in Greenville, in tribute to the memory of General Robert E. Lee.

A Children of the Confederacy Chapter, the "Butler Guards", is sponsored by the Greenville Chapter. The Cof C Chapter was inactive for a time, but was re-organized in 1991.

Greenville Chapter #51 has continued to grow in membership through the years and celebrated its 100th Anniversary on April 30, 1996.

Robert A. Waller Chapter #687 Greenwood, S.C.

On June 3, 1903, the Robert A. Waller Chapter was organized with eleven charter members. Membership increased steadily, and by 1926 there were one hundred sixteen members. In 1963 thirteen Real Daughters were living and were active members of the chapter. Five honorary members were named in 1973. Of the five, Mrs. C.B. Barksdale continues to be an active member.

Mrs. Julian W. White served as South Carolina Division President (1963-1964), and Mrs. Guy Wilson, now deceased, was named honorary president of the Division.

The chapter was named for Captain Robert Aurelius Waller, a Confederate soldier who was killed at Sharpsburg in the Antietam Campaign of 1862. He was one of four brothers, three of whom gave their lives for the Confederate cause. A Confederate monument stands on the grounds of the Greenwood County Courthouse, placed by the surviving brother of Robert A. Waller.

Hampton-Lee Chapter #1281 Greer, S.C.

On April 23, 1910, the Hampton-Lee Chapter was organized at Greer Grammar School Auditorium by Mrs. D.C. Alexander, Vice-president of the South Carolina Division. Twenty-three charter members were present. The chapter was named in honor of Generals Wade Hampton and Robert E. Lee. Mrs. W.M. Ballenger served as president for two years, followed by Mrs. Leila Cunningham. In 1913 membership had increased to fifty-eight members and Miss Bertie Smith was elected chapter president. A devoted and energetic member of UDC, Miss Smith was president of the chapter until her death in 1930.

During Miss Smith's presidency the Benjamin Brockman Children of the Confederacy Chapter was organized, with eighty members. In 1924, on the 93rd Anniversary of Benjamin Brockman's birth and sixty years after his death, the CofC Chapter erected a monument to Col. Brockman in Hollywood Cemetery in Richmond.

By 1916 the membership of the Hampton-Lee Chapter had increased to one hundred eighty members, and another chapter was formed and named the Stonewall Chapter. The Stonewall Chapter remained active until the 1960's, when it was disbanded.

Until 1929 the chapter had the distinction of being the only chapter that had enrolled all Confederate veterans in the vicinity as honorary members.

The Hampton-Lee Chapter continues its tradition of supporting charitable organizations and Confederate memorials, including the John C. Calhoun Mansion at Clemson. The chapter's records, minutes, and UDC materials are stored in the Greer Public Library where they are available to members and to the public.

Hartsville Chapter #1255 Hartsville, S.C.

In 1910 eight ladies of Hartsville met in the home of Mrs. J.J. Lawton to formulate plans for the organization of a local chapter. The chapter's charter was granted March 26, 1910. Twenty-one members attended the first meeting and elected officers: Mrs. E.W. Cannon, President; Mrs. J.J. Lawton, Vice-president; Mrs. M.S. McKinnon, Secretary; Mrs. T.E. Goodson, Treasurer; Miss Susie Coker, Historian. Real Daughters have been honored members of the chapter.

The Hartsville Chapter instigated the establishment of a Pee Dee District Scholarship at Coker College. The scholarship is given to a deserving young woman of the district who is a descendant of a Confederate soldier. Early records and the chapter charter are preserved in the James Lide Coker Memorial Library at Coker College.

A Children of the Confederacy chapter was organized in 1967, with fifteen members. Many veterans have received Crosses of Military Service bestowed by the Hartsville Chapter. In 1995, in observance of the chapter's 85th Anniversary, the presentation was made at the Hartsville Museum, where an exhibit of the chapter's history was displayed.

John Hames Chapter #394 Jonesville, SC

Organized in 1901 with 27 members, the chapter was named for Captain John Hames who died in 1862 at Manassas Battlefield. He was the father of Miss Anna Hames, who sought organization of the chapter. Charter President was Mrs. J.L. McWhirter, who was later elected Division President in 1915

The chapter raised \$1500 for a Confederate monument which was unveiled on May 17, 1907, in front of the Hotel Enterprise. In 1904 the chapter placed 32 granite headstones at unmarked graves at Gilead Cemetery. In 1911 eighty iron Confederate crosses were placed at Gilead and other cemeteries near Jonesville.

A Children of the Confederacy Chapter was organized in 1912 and named for States Rights Gist.

During World War I the chapter provided services as a Red Cross Unit.

Keowee Chapter #1405 Liberty, S.C.

The Keowee Chapter was organized May 12, 1912, and chartered June 1912, with eight members. Keowee was an Indian name, but it is not certain why that name was selected for the chapter. Possible it was because of the nearby Keowee River. Charter President was Mrs. Mary Sheldon Glenn.

In 1914 the chapter initiated a program to award a medal for the best essay written by a high school student on a Confederate subject. A \$100 scholarship was also started. For a number of years the chapter sponsored a tour of the Calhoun Mansion at Clemson University for the Liberty School sixth grade classes.

Ann Carter Chapter #1900 McCormick, S.C.

The original charter of the Ann Carter Chapter was dated March 25, 1926, during the administration of Mrs. Thomas J. Mauldin, South Carolina Division President. The following ten ladies were charter members: Nell Wynham Gannon, Lorena Latimer Bradley, Blanche A. Hendrix, Janie B. Kennedy, Lura C. Hobson, Ruth B. Strom, Carrie Lou Able, Mattie C. Talbert, Annie T. Robinson, Mary Frances Pool Owens.

The chapter was named in honor of Ann Carter, mother of Robert E. Lee and wife

of Harry "Lighthorse" Lee.

Calvin Crozier Chapter #1191 Newberry, S.C.

As a result of the efforts of Mrs. Robert D. Wright, the Calvin Crozier Chapter was chartered in May 1909, with thirteen members. The chapter name was chosen to honor a Confederate soldier, Private Calvin Crozier of Texas. Private Crozier was passing through Newberry on a train, September 7, 1865. On the following day he was brutally murdered, following his heroic defense of two young ladies of Newberry. He was buried in the town's Rosemont Cemetery, and the citizens erected a monument at his gravesite.

The chapter has actively participated in many UDC projects and has provided much leadership in the organization. Mrs. R.D. Wright was the fourth Daughter of the South Carolina Division to hold the distinguished position of President General, (1941-1943). For fifteen years she was president of the Calvin Crozier Chapter and served the Division as Historian, Vice-president and President. Two other chapter members, Miss Juanita Hitt and Mrs. T.P. Crooks, held various offices on the Division level and served as Honorary Division Presidents.

Drayton Rutherford Chapter #152 Newberry, S.C.

In 1897 Mrs. Ellison Capers, S.C. Division President and wife of Bishop Capers, contacted Mrs. George Johnstone, urging her to organize a UDC chapter in Newberry. Mrs. Johnstone was the daughter of Colonel Drayton Rutherford who was killed in battle

when she was a small girl. Mrs. Capers suggested that the new chapter be named for Colonel Rutherford.

At Mrs. Johnstone's invitation, a number of women met in the parlor of the Newberry Hotel and organized the Drayton Rutherford Chapter on November 8, 1897. There were ten charter members who elected the following officers: Mrs. Johnstone, president; Mrs. Fannie Baxter McIntosh, 1st Vice-president; Mrs. Margaret Land Kinard, 2nd Vice-president; Mrs. Mattie McCaughrin Gist, Secretary and Treasurer. By 1901 the membership included forty ladies.

Crrosses of Military Service were awarded during Confederate Memorial Day exercises in 1902. The following year work was undertaken for the Jefferson Davis monument, with each member contributing ten cents for a bazaar. During its early years, the chapter donated books to the town library, beautified Confederate graves and the monument square, began the custom of observing Robert E. Lee's birthday, and established a "Laurel Wreath Committee" to furnish an evergreen wreath at the funeral of every veteran. The first Veterans' Dinner was given in 1905, and by 1906, the work of marking Confederate graves had been completed.

A chapter member and Real Daughter, Mrs. R.D. Wright, was S.C. Division President in 1908 - 1909. From 1941 to 1943 she served capably as President General, and in December 1941 wrote to President Franklin D. Roosevelt, pledging the full support of UDC in the war effort. In May 1909, Mrs. Wright organized the Calvin Crozier Chapter, and in 1922 was instrumental in forming the James Fitz James Caldwell Chapter for young women. It was Mrs. Wright who recommended the division of the state into districts. The Eloise Wright Chapter, Children of the Confederacy of Newberry, was named in her honor.

The Drayton Rutherford Chapter continues to follow the example set by Mrs. Wright and other outstanding leaders. Confederate history is presented to students and historical material donated to libraries. Crosses of Military Service are bestowed, and chapter members participate actively in Memorial Observances and in district and division endeavors.

Berry Benson Chapter #2584 North Augusta, S.C.

The Berry Benson Chapter was chartered April 26, 1995. On June 6, Division President Esther Cope and Vice-president Dot Broome presented certificates to the charter members. Mrs. Carl Lowe was elected as the first chapter president. From the time of its formation the chapter became busily involved in activities such as attending Confederate Memorial Day ceremonies, giving house tours, and placing wreaths at St. Thaddeus Church in Aiken and Hampton Park in North Augusta on South Carolina Day, May 10.

In October 1995, eight members attended the South Carolina Division Convention, where the new chapter received five awards. In November three members represented the chapter at the General Convention in Richmond and received three awards.

A ceremony was held to place an iron cross on Berry Benson's grave in February 1996, and a picture of Sgt. Benson with his unsurrendered rifle was given to the Confederate Relic Room in Columbia.

The planting of a weeping crepe myrtle tree in Creighton in honor of Jefferson Davis was among the various projects of the chapter during its first year of existence.

Paul McMichael Chapter #427 Orangeburg, S.C.

This chapter was organized November 27, 1900, and named for the father of the first chapter president, Miss Mary Alice McMichael. Paul McMichael organized a company of volunteers during the war and was company captain. He was later promoted to Lieutenant Colonel, 20th S.C. Volunteer Infantry. He was captured October 19, 1864, and imprisoned in Delaware, then returned to Orangeburg after the war. The chapter had nineteen charter members and grew to one hundred forty members in the early years.

William Lester Chapter #1042 Prosperity, S.C.

The William Lester Chapter received its charter November 22, 1906. The sixteen charter members chose the name to honor a hometown boy who volunteered for service and commanded a company of volunteers from Frog Level, (now Prosperity). William Lester was promoted to colonel before the end of the war and is buried in the local cemetery.

The William Lester Chapter placed and dedicated a granite marker for "The Old Dirt-Dauber School", an early school in the area.

The chapter has had two Division Presidents, Miss Hattie Belle Lester (1980 - 1982) and Mrs. Ray Hunter (1984-1986).

St. George Chapter #1035 St. George, S.C.

Several ladies assembled at the Baptist Church in St. George to discuss forming a chapter. It was organized October 15, 1096. Officers were: Mrs. E.M. Reed, President; Mrs. M.K. Appleby, Vice-president; Ms. Emma Abbott, 2nd Vice-president; Miss Mabel Moor, Treasurer.

The chapter celebrated the birthdays of Confederate generals with suitable programs and also gave pictures of generals to schools. The ladies undertook the care of a cemetery where many Confederates are buried.

Members of the Stephen Elliott Camp of the United Confederate Veterans were honored by the chapter, which gave dinners, receptions, and extended other courtesies.

After the camp disbanded, a laurel wreath was placed on the graves of its members. A Memorial Gate was also erected at the entrance of the cemetery by the ladies.

Oliver E. Edwards Chapter #1998 Spartanburg, S.C.

On January 24, 1929, the chapter was organized with nine members. Mrs. Galee Hill was the first president. The chapter was named for Colonel Oliver E. Edwards, the highest ranking officer from Spartanburg County to be killed in action. His grave is located in Oakwood Cemetery in Spartanburg.

The chapter currently has thirty-eight members, five of which are 50-year members.

Dick Anderson Chapter #75 Sumter, S.C.

The Ladies Monument Association of Sumter was organized in 1867 and by 1876 had acquired the property and completed construction of the Monument to the Confederate Dead. On July 13, 1896, the Dick Anderson Chapter was organized, receiving its formal charter on October 11, 1897. The new chapter was named for General Richard "Dick" Heron Anderson, who served throughout the four years of war and was a commanding officer in many crucial engagements. Following the war he returned to his ancestral home, Hill Crest, in Sumter County and died there in 1879. The Ladies Monument Association transferred its right to the Confederate Monument to the Dick Anderson Chapter, at which time the chapter gave its solemn pledge that it would be responsible for the monument's maintenance and preservation. A trust fund has been established for the perpetual care and preservation of the monument, and for the placement of laurel leaf wreaths on appropriate occasions

William Wallace Chapter #660 Union, S.C.

The William Wallace Chapter was organized in January 1903, and Charter #660 was issued, dated March 28, 1903, listing twenty-four charter members. The chapter chose to honor Brigadier General William Wallace, CSA, Speaker of the 1876 South Carolina House of Representatives, and Circuit Judge after December 5, 1877. Mrs. B.G. Clifford served as president from 1903 until 1913. Mrs. J. Frost Walker, who was chapter president for several terms, also served as Piedmont District Director and Division President 1929 - 1930. In 1954, Mrs. Walker was co-chairman for the General Convention in Roanoke, Virginia. She composed the Tribute to the Founders which was read at the laying of the cornerstone of the Memorial Building in Richmond, Virginia.

As long as there were living Confederate veterans the chapter provided lunch for them each year on Confederate Memorial Day. Confederate graves were decorated with roses and after World War II, with Confederate flags. Also, a wreath of greenery with red and white ribbon is placed at the Confederate monument at the Union County Court House each May 10th.

When Rose Hill, the home of Governor William H. Gist, was being restored, members of the chapter donated money and historical objects to be displayed.

Joseph Norton Chapter #1745 Walhalla, S.C.

The first organizational meeting was held January 21, 1921. The application for a charter was filed on February 19, 1921, with thirty-three members. The chapter was named for Captain Miles Norton and his son, Captain Joseph Norton, who commanded Companies C and E, respectively, in Orr's Rifles.

During its early years the chapter held programs in the high school auditorium, after which the children would decorate the graves of Confederate soldiers. Many Iron Crosses were purchased and placed on graves. During 1934 the chapter did Red Cross work, and through the years has participated in many worthwhile projects.

Robert A. Thompson Chapter #1504 Westminster, S.C.

The Robert A. Thompson Chapter was organized October 8, 1913, with 23 members. The first chapter president was Isabella Turner Wallace. The following spring the first Confederate Memorial Day service in Oconee County was sponsored by the chapter on May 10, 1914. A wreath was placed on the grave of Colonel Robert A. Thompson, for whom the chapter was named.

In 1915 the chapter entertained the surviving members of Orr's Regiment. During the first fifty years of the chapter's existence approximately one thousand historical documents were collected. Mrs. J. Paul Stribling, Chapter Historian, played an important role in compiling and preserving historical records.

During the presidency of Mrs. W. Frank Childress, a Confederate monument was placed in Memorial Park, Westminster, by the Robert A. Thompson Chapter.

In 1988 the chapter celebrated its 75th Anniversary, with Miss Ruth Brown as president. Today the members continue the work begun in 1913.

John Bratton Chapter #929 Winnsboro, S.C.

The John Bratton Chapter was organized in Winnsboro on August 5, 1894. A committee of five ladies was formed to apply for a charter. A short time later the chapter was chartered, with thirty-five members. This number later grew to over one hundred.

Mrs. B.P. (Mary Y.) Ellison Burckmeyer, the last surviving charter member, died in March 1970. The chapter was named for General John Bratton, a Winnsboro native and physician who served throughout the war. General Bratton is buried in the Episcopal Church Cemetery in Winnsboro.

The first chapter meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Gerig. The first project was the securing of Southern Crosses of Honor for all veterans. Each member was assessed twenty-five cents to pay for 175 crosses which were awarded on Confederate Memorial Day.

In the earlier days the members visited and cared for veterans and their wives and widows. Mr. Harvey Flenniken, the last surviving veteran, died in 1939 at the age of 92.

During times of war the chapter helped with war efforts through the Red Cross and other organizations.

Children of the Confederacy South Carolina Division Chapters 1996

CHARLESTON

Rev. Dr. John Johnson #616 Auxiliary to Charleston Chapter #4 UDC

President: Anna Grey Hilton Director: Elizabeth B. Sikes

CLEMSON

Barnard E. Bee #783

Auxiliary to John C. Calhoun #945 UDC

President: Stacy LeAnne Brown

Director: Eloise J. Brown

CROSS HILL

Esther Holland Pitts #788

Auxiliary to Stephen D. Lee #1066 UDC

President: Joshua Sloan Copeland Director: Elizabeth H. Rasor

GAFFNEY

Cherokee Cadets #848

Auxiliary to Moses Wood #469 UDC

President: Lana Jones

Director: Charlotte W. Hartman

LIBERTY

Mary McCord Brown #116

Auxiliary to Keowee #1405 UDC

President: Susan Jan Freeman Director: Monta P. Smith

NORTH AUGUSTA

Jeanie Benson #884

Auxiliary to Berry Benson #2584

Director: Kathleen Johnston

WEST COLUMBIA

Little Grey Coats #568

Auxiliary to Columbia #1711 UDC

President: Frank Fleming Director: Claire Fleming

South Carolina Children of the Confederacy 1995 - 1996 Officers

President
Vice President
Recording Secretary
Historian
Chaplain
Division Director

Frank Fleming, West Columbia Trippett Boineau III, Orangeburg Susan Freeman, Spartanburg Susan Hughes, West Columbia Lucy Hughes, West Columbia Mrs. Sallie S. Benton, Chapin

Ex-President Seneral Children of the Confederacy Gordon Garrett

Honorary Presidents

1965 - Barbara Youmans1970 - Bill Watson1972 - Doak Wolfe1976 - Frank Sanders

Presidents 1956 - 1996

1956 - Betty Clarkson 1957 - Betty Clarkson 1958 - Alex McCauley 1959 - Frances Boyleston 1960 - Adrienne Almar 1961 - Genie Howie 1962 - Carlee McClendon 1963 - Ruth Howie 1964 - Jerry Leake 1965 - Eleanor Simons 1966 - Deanne Wood 1967 - Gordon Garrett 1968 - Claudette Drennan 1969 - Tommy Maynard 1970 - Irby Hipp 1971 - Mary Baker 1972 - Nancy Matthews 1973 - David Dickert

1974 - Henry Fulmer 1975 - Ralph Baker, Jr.

1976 - DeVeaux Boineau

1977 - Erwin Baker 1978 - Catherine Baker 1979 - Eddie Sanders 1980 - Eddie Sanders 1981 - Jeff Wingate 1982 - Jeff Wingate 1983 - Karen Zidlick 1984 - Stacey Dickert 1985 - David Davenport 1986 - Maria White 1987 - Geoffrey Long 1988 - Lee Bass 1989 - Joanne Hughes 1990 - Valdi Barnett 1991 - Scott Purvis 1992 - Douglas Burbage 1993 - Tiffany Byrd 1994 - Brad White 1995 - Frank Fleming 1996 - Frank Fleming

United Daughters of the Confederacy

South Carolina Division 1896 - 1996

For 100 Years -

Standing Fast - Our Heritage

In Honor of Our Daughters

Down through these 100 years many of our South Carolina Daughters have left footprints in the sands of time. In addition to filling many offices on all levels with dignity and productive dedication, they found time to write - to compose - to design.

Here we name a few of these accomplished ladies, and it is our fervent prayer that during our second hundred years those Daughters yet to come may strive to match or even surpass the love and loyalty which motivated the efforts which have made our organization successful and outstanding.

- **Dotsy Boineau Columbia Chapter # 1711

 Edited, proofed, and compiled **Recollections and Reminiscences*; designed our National Defense Medal, Pioneers in Space Medal, and Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal, all of which are used in General and Divisions.
- Mrs. J. Frost Walker William Wallace Chapter # 660, Union Wrote and published History of Music in S. C.
- Mrs. E. W. Cook John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson Wrote and published John C. Calhoun The Man, and words and music to the song "Fort Hill."
- Mrs. Berlie H. Clinkscales Greenville Chapter # 51
 Wrote and published *The Far Horizon*, a collection of her own poems.
- Caroline S. Coleman Oliver Thompson Chapter # 1850, Fountain Inn
 Wrote and published Five Petticoats on Sunday, a collection of articles which she
 wrote for her column in the Fountain Inn Tribune and Greenville Piedmont
 newspapers.
- Allie Satterfield McFadden Twin City Chapter # 2266, Batesburg Wrote and published the words and music to "Song of the UDC."
- Mrs. W. E. Woodson Keowee Chapter # 1405, Liberty Wrote and published (with Anne Sheriff) History of Liberty, SC.
- Mrs. John R. Carson- Chester Chapter # 232

 Composed our Salute to the Flag of South Carolina, which is used all over the state by other organizations, schools, etc. It is our official Salute to our Flag.

- Mrs. J. S. Land Wade Hampton Chapter # 29, Columbia Compiled Confederate Monuments and Markers in South Carolina.
- Mrs. John Swearingen Wade Hampton Chapter # 29, Columbia Wrote and published A Gallant Journey.
- Mrs. A. T. Smythe Charleston Chapter # 4

 Miss Mary B. Poppenheim Charleston Chapter # 4

 and Mrs. Thomas Taylor of Columbia
 Wrote and published South Carolina Women in the Confederacy.
- Harriette Kersbaw Leiding Charleston Chapter # 4, and granddaughter of General Joseph Kershaw Wrote and published Historic Houses in South Carolina.
- Mary B. Poppenbeim Charleston Chapter # 4
 Started our Scholarship Program Division and General.
- Miss Juanita Hitt- Calvin Crozier Chapter # 1191, Newberry
 Wrote Southern Miscellany and eight articles for the UDC, including "The
 Magnificent Work of the South Carolina Division, UDC," and "Fort Sumter."
- Nancy Hilliard Mary Boykin Chesnut Chapter # 2517, Columbia Chairwoman of the committee that designed the South Carolina Pin.

Our Daughters have served in the Legislature - in the Armed Forces - as volunteers in many areas - the list is never-ending. There is no limit to the ways our Daughters have honored our Confederate veterans and promoted the truth of our Confederate History.

To the Daughters of the 21st Century we extend our love and best wishes for continued growth and service. As the days lengthen from 1896 we rely on each of you to keep our history and heritage alive.

May God richly bless you all.

Mary Jefferies Caughman Lund South Carolina Division President, 1992 - 1994

In Memory of our Ancestors

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Prison Life at Fort Douglas in 1864 and 1865

Although my distinguished great-grandfather, Joseph Carson Alexander, of Company B, 16th SC Infantry, served two terms as a representative from Pickens County and two terms in the State Senate for Oconee County, he was proudest of his Confederate service record. He had been a "high private in the front rank" of his brother's command as a sixteen year old.

Excerpts from an unknown published source:

Immediately after the capture they were started for Nashville, although it was then nearly midnight. The guard was very kind to them at first, but as they changed from place to place the cruelties were almost unendurable. When they were carried into the prison yard it was a cold, freezing day with snow about ten inches deep. They were at once stripped of all clothing they wore, and would huddle around the old stoves until driven away by force. Ike Black took the small-pox and was carried to a pest house, but soon got well, and Joe was only too glad to see his homely face againt. Ike was a great comfort to him and cheered his young heart frequently by some humorous remark, but this cold climate combined with never ceasing cruelties of the prison guards and an ever gnawing hunger caused even Ike to despair. Several times he was caught at the bone barrel trying to get a taste of meat and the guard would make him run around the yard on all fours with a bone in his mouth while he fired his gun in that direction. Poor Ike grew very despondent and on one occasion said, "Joe, I believe we are dead and this is the place of torment. No human would treat us like this." Several of the Greenville County boys they knew were there, and some of them died there. Rarely a day passed that the guards did not kill or wound someone. The prisoners were not allowed to speak above a whisper from the bugle blow at sundown until the blow at sunrise next morning. If the guards heard a sound they would shoot directly toward it, and it was in this way a bright, innocent Georgia lad was killed while soundly sleeping in his bunk next to Alexander; the guard fired through the weather-boarding of the barracks. Many of these guards, as well as the northern soldiers, were hired foreigners who were toughened for anything. A burly Irishman once struck Alexander with a stick because he was trying to warm by the stove. His hot Southern blood boiled, but he could only decide firmly in his own mind what he would do to that son of Erin if he ever breathed the breath of freedom and set eyes upon him again. General Benjamin Sweet was in command of the camps, and if he had any kindliness in his heart for the southerners, it was not shown by his treatment of the prisoners. Life in the barracks was a hideous thing, a horrid nightmare. Gladly would our men have faced cannon in battle in preference, and no wonder so many died from lack of food and the cold, icy winds off Lake Michigan.

Mr. Alexander says that one of the cruelest methods of torture was called "Morgan" in sarcastic honor of our Cavalry General John Morgan. This consisted of a piece of timber of scantling about ten feet high and fifteen feet long. The top piece was two by six inches wide. It was often full of men put there as punishment for any trifling misdemeanor, and it is hard to conceive of the agony of sitting astride those narrow scantling, with feet dangling in the cold air. The day after the assassination of Lincoln was one never to be forgotten by our suffering soldiers. "Morgan" was kept full all day and the men in the barracks were afraid to move, even to get a drink of water. Many different methods of torture were used and our men treated as if every one had fired the fatal shot at Lincoln. After Lee's surrender and the prisoners were discharged, many people in Chicago showed them great kindness. The women were especially kind. Some of the merchants gave them shoes and clothing, so we see there was a fellow-feeling for the conquered ones.

Margaret (Peggy) Alexander Carr, Great-granddaughter Dixie Chapter # 395, Anderson

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MARY CATHERINE ELIZABETH EMMA SHULER AVINGER

Excerpts from an interview on Mary Catherine Elizabeth Emma Shuler Avinger on April 30, 1946, by the *Times and Democrat* newspaper in Orangeburg, on the approach of her 90th birthday:

Before she was sixteen years old she married Alexander (Alec) P. Avinger, a planter and merchant. They were happily married for 44 years until death severed this union 30 years ago. They reared eleven children to maturity.

Living in the town of Vance, SC, for fifty years she recalls many changes. "All my old friends are dead and the young have outgrown my knowledge. I have lived through four wars, but the hardships that we bore during the War Between the States were the most severe. My father was a lieutenant in the Confederate Army and fought through the entire war, my husband did, too, but he was not my husband then," she added. "You see, I was only nine years old when the war ended." When asked if Sherman's Army came near her home, she began to tell of her experiences. "He did not come near enough to destroy our home or food, but I could hear the drums and fifes as they marched and we lived in terror of the soldiers. We dug deep holes and hid our silver and quilts; when it was over we dug up the silver, it was alright, but the quilts were ruined. Our home was built back from the road with an avenue of trees leading to it, my colored maid and I were in the lane when I saw my father coming home from the war. I'll never forget how he embraced me. Adam was with him - that was his colored boy who went with him all the way. You know my husband was a prisoner of war, he was held six months after hostilities ceased." When asked of the conditions during the Reconstruction period her eyes seemed to gaze in the far distance as she added, "Those were dreadful days - dreadful, as small as I was, I had to sit up at nights, fearful that all we had would be burned. I don't like to think of it now."

Suzann A. J. Infinger, Great-granddaughter St. George Chapter # 1035

JOHN HARRIS BAKER

Excerpts from an obituary printed by a newspaper in Pike County, Georgia:

A NOTED CITIZENS OF PIKE PASSES AWAY - GALLANT CONFEDERATE VETERAN WHO WON FAME ON BATTLEFIELDS

Colonel John Harris Baker, one of the best known and most notable citizens who ever lived in Pike county, died at his home near Zebulon last Friday, causing sorrow throughout the entire county. He had been ill for some months and in fact for the past year or so Col. Baker had been failing and his death does not come as a great surprise to the people who knew him.

He was highly honored by the citizens of the county and was generally recognized as one of the strongest men of middle Georgia. He was the father of nine children, he was surrounded by eight of them on his death bed, their names and seniority being as follows: Mrs. M. V. Allen, of Zebulon; J. T. Baker, of Zebulon; W. H. Baker, of Griffin; E. H. Baker, of Zebulon; (Mrs. Laura Carreker, of Hollonville, being next in age, but dead); Mrs. C. P. Jones of Hapeville; Mrs. D. M. Willis, of Molena; Mrs. E. E. Beckham, of Jonesboro; and Mrs. J. L Wells, of Atlanta. His wife, who was Miss Louise Trice, daughter of Rev. Thos. C. Trice, of Pike, died in 1885.

Col. Baker was born in Warren County in 1824 and was exactly eighty years and eight months old at the time of his death. His parents moved to Pike when he was an infant, and settled on

the place where William Williamson now resides near Williamson. He served valiantly in the Mexican War, and when the civil war broke out he raised company A of the Confederate Guards at Zebulon and was made their captain. He soon became major in the 13th Ga. regiment, then lieutenant-colonel and finally colonel, and for nine months he acted as brigadier-general of Evans' brigade, but refused to accept that commission. He was a close friend of Generals Gordon and Evans and as gallant a commander as ever led on the field of war.

He represented Pike County in the general assembly in 1870 and some years later was a senator from his district, being nominated each time without his solicitation and elected without opposition . . .

Col. Baker was greatly revered by the members of his old command and to them as much as to the members of his family his loss will be keenly felt.

John Harris Baker was born on August 7, 1824, and he died on April 7, 1905.

Mary Willis Truluck, Great-granddaughter Greenville Chapter # 51

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WILLIAM DRAYTON BENNETT, THOMAS BENTON BENNETT, AND GEORGE MARTIN BENNETT

The three brothers of my great-grandmother, Mary Ann Bennett Poore, as well as her husband, served in the Confederate Army. Two of her brothers, Drayton and George, died during the war. William Drayton Bennett as a twenty-year-old was enrolled on June 15, 1861, at the same time as his brother Thomas Benton Bennett, who was twenty-two years old; both served as privates in Co. D, Gist Rifles, Hampton Legion, South Carolina Volunteers. Drayton was killed October 28, 1863, and brother George Martin died of measles in 1865.

Thomas Bennett was severely wounded in the last battle of the War. He asked the two Northern soldiers who found him to complete the job, but instead they told him to trust them to carry him to safety. They changed his uniform to that of a Union soldier and carried him to the hospital, where a kind nurse took care of him.

The bullet which wounded Thomas entered his chest just above the heart and pierced his body. Each day his nurse would run a strip of silk cloth through the wound to clear it.

When the wounded were able to return home, they asked Thomas where he wanted to go. He surprised everyone by saying that his home was South Carolina. At that point he was afraid that they would kill him. Instead they gave him fare to return home.

Thomas had only one lung for the remaining sixty-three years of his life, but he did quite well for himself. He married Mary Townsend, daughter of Dr. Benjamin Townsend, and they had thirteen children.

Margaret Atkin Cole Belton Chapter # 1843

WILLIAM PERRY BISHOP

William Perry Bishop was born August 25, 1828. He married "Polly" Brannon on November 10, 1847.

Capt. Bishop was wounded twice at the siege of Petersburg. He was on his way to the front for the third time when he received news of Lee's surrender.

Capt. Bishop died September 9, 1914. He is buried in Brannon Cemetery in Spartanburg County. He was born in Spartanburg County. William Perry Bishop and Polly Brannon were the parents of 16 children. I am a great-granddaughter of William P. Bishop and a granddaughter of another Confederate ancestor, Chesley Daniel Giles.

Nancy Giles Prichard, Great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter #945, Clemson

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MALCOLM BRADFORD BROWN

Malcolm Bradford Brown enlisted April 4, 1862, at Fort Johnson, SC, Co. E, 2nd Regiment, SC Artillery, under Lt. Bellinger, along with his father, Thomas Jefferson Brown, and 5 brothers, Uriah Thomas, Patrick, John, Julius, and Christopher. His father was killed at Petersburg, Va., and buried on the battlefield. Uriah was killed and buried at the Confederate Cemetery in Danville, Va. Patrick was killed at the Battle of the Wilderness and buried on the battlefield. John was killed in battle on John's Island, Charleston, SC, and buried at the Confederate Cemetery there.

Private Malcolm Brown married Sarah Jane Barton and they had 10 children. He was born on January 19, 1841, and died after June 1899 from TB which he contracted while in the war. He spent some time in a TB camp in Arkansas, and he was in and out of the hospital until his death.

Mildred B. Barton Jefferson Davis Chapter # 2465, Aiken

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RUFUS FRANKLIN BROWN

Rufus Franklin Brown was born October 29, 1826, near Charlotte in Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, the son of Josiah and Sallie Smith Brown. He attended Steele Creek Presbyterian Church which was founded circa 1760. Many of his relatives are buried in the historic cemetery.

In 1845, after the death of his father, his mother moved her family to Dahlongea, Georgia. At age 28, he married Sara Elvera Brown. They lived near her parents' home at Diamond Springs which was close to Lowndesville, SC.

A few years after her death he moved to the Roberts Church community in Anderson County where he was living with his mother and several children when he married my grandmother, Elizabeth Powell Adams, in 1874. Her first husband died from injuries received in the Battle of Fredericksburg.

Three or four years after their marriage they moved to Franklin County, Georgia. In 1896, they moved with their four children to Oconee County, South Carolina, between the Oakway and Tokeena communities.

On June 13, 1904, Franklin Brown died. He is buried in the Center Methodist Church Cemetery near Oakway. He was survived by seven children, one of whom was my father, Dr. Rufus Freeman Brown, who was a dental surgeon in Westminster for fifty-two years.

Rufus Franklin Brown was a member of Company I, 1st (Butler's) S. C. Infantry (1st South Carolina Regulars). He served as teamster in the quartermaster's department at Mt. Pleasant, Sullivan's Island, and Fort Moultrie.

Ruth Brown, Granddaughter Robert A. Thompson Chapter # 1504, Westminster

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WILLIAM JEFFERSON BROWN

William Jefferson Brown was the son of Andrew Jackson Brown and Sarah Ann Rucker. William married Laphronia Milla Jane Teasley, daughter of Thomas Jefferson and Martha "Patsy" W. Teasley. After his marriage to "Fronie," he bought 150 acres of land from his father and began farming. The couple's first child, Jefferson Jackson Beauregard Brown, was born August 13, 1861.

William enlisted as a 4th Sergeant-in the Thornton Line Volunteers of Elbert/Hart County on October 15, 1861. The Company later became part of Company I and later Company F of the 38th Georgia Infantry. He formally drew up a will on October 21, 1861, stating, "I am called from home on lawful business in the War." With his business in order, he left with his Company, leaving behind a young wife and a two and a half month old child.

William's Regiment saw its first action in the Seven Days Battle. The Confederates drove McClellan's Army back from the eastern outskirts of Richmond, where the Federals retreated through the marshy wooded country bordering Chickahominy. Heavy losses were sustained by both sides. William had survived this battle to endure the suffering death from typhoid fever.

Sometimes homes were turned into hospitals. One such home, called "Belmont," which was about 90 miles west of Richmond, was used. When William became ill he was

taken there, where he died on August 14, 1862. He was buried with 25-30 other soldiers in an isolated spot in the corner of the woods at "Belmont."

William's son J.J.B. married Frances Ellen McConnell in 1880 and they had eight children. J.J.B.'s dream was to find his father's grave, but his dream was never realized. It would please him to know that a military marker was placed at his father's grave by a great-granddaughter, Sharon Brown Miller, and her husband, who had located "Belmont" with the help of a Nelson County Historian.

Sharon Brown Miller, Great-great-granddaughter James L. Orr Chapter # 1687, Central

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IRA PORTER BULL Company F, 2 SC Artillery

Our great-grandfather, Ira Porter Bull, enlisted 26 September, 1863, at James Island, SC, and was captured 13 March, 1864. He was paroled in Greensboro on 28 April, 1865. He stated in his reminiscences after being captured later they were loaded on flat cars and moved to Virginia. During a skirmish he escaped by jumping into a dry well. He was surrendered by General Lee at Appomattox Court House. On the long journey home by foot, he went for six days and did not eat. He exchanged some meal to a woman who gave him some clabber. When he arrived home he had typhoid fever. One of the worst days was when he was captured at Morris Island and taken to Fort Sumter. A rope was tied around his neck and was told he'd be hung if he did not tell them how many men they had. Five of his companions were there, and he gave them some number, and they all told the same story, and he was released.

Our grandmother, Nannie Jane McCoy Josey, used to tell us about the time she and her brothers and sisters had guinea pigs for pets. Sherman's men came through their place and skinned the guinea pigs and hung them on the clothes line by their tails.

Mary Josey Whitehurst ——
Dorothy Josey Helmly, Great-granddaughters
Ellison Capers Chapter # 70, Florence

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A TRIBUTE TO IRA PORTER BULL

Many of the quotes in this story were taken directly from a transcript of I. P. Bull in 1927, which he wrote shortly before his death.

My mother called him "Mr. Bull." Others called him "I. P." or "Uncle Ira," but I called him Daddy." His name was Ira Porter Bull, and he will always remain a Civil War hero to me.

Although he died when I was 14, I still remember him as if it were yesterday. His gentle low country voice captivated me as he told stories of the war. Images of wounded men crying for help haunted me, but nevertheless, I could listen to him for hours, and for hours we would sit on the front porch, I cross-legged watching the Spanish moss sway mournfully in the warm summer breeze. I held his cap in my hands, and my fingers would trace the gray threads around the rugged and worn cloth. Motionless, I watched his gun and listened ever more closely.

"I was just a boy when they gave me this Colt revolver," he said calmly, rubbing the barrel. "Just before I turned 18, I enlisted at Folly Island. This was in 1862, and I decided that I didn't want to be conscripted, so I volunteered instead. I joined Company F, Second Regiment of Heavy Artillery, under Colonel Lagare. As the Artillery always did advance duty, we filled picket duty for a long time on James Island."

He lifted his gun and carefully held it in his large hands. Then he whispered, "The first fighting I saw was on Morris Island. The Federals and Confederates were separated only by a creek. We only had 140 men, while the Yankees had engaged three regiments. Many Yankees were killed that day, along with a large number of Confederates."

Still holding his gun tightly in his hands, he said, "Men were running toward me." Nervously, I twisted his cap into knots. "What happened?" Silently, he set the gun down and his dry frown and soft eyes gave me the answer that I was afraid to know.

"It was a terrible sight to see the wounded men," he said gently. "Some were praying and others used much profanity. We had many skirmishes, and I was captured and taken to Fort Sumter. After three months, I was exchanged."

He stopped and smiled. "You see," he said, "the Federals didn't want many exchanges because the Yankee prisoners said that they had a strong notion to desert their side and join the Confederate Army, as they were treated so much better by us."

He took his worn hat from my hands and placed it on my head. "Let's see," he said, scratching his chin, "after my exchange, we went to Hilton Head. Here our men were almost entirely cut off. Our Captain told us to follow him, and he would lead us to safety, although this turned out to be a pretty rough journey through the State toward Virginia. When we reached Columbia, nothing was left. It was smoke. All smoke. Smoking ruins and black chimneys. Sherman had left his mark. We kept marching through the upper part of the State. The march to Virginia seemed endless, and our only rest came when we caught rides on box cars."

Somehow, his cap found its way back into my nervous hands. "Tell me about another battle," I said. He looked at the Spanish moss in the trees that had become still in the paltery evening. Then he said, "A short time after we had reached Virginia, we had some skirmishes with the Yankees. During the last skirmish, I ran through the woods and found an old dry well. Quickly, I jumped down into it and hid until the battle was over."

"What happened?" He smiled and said, "Actually, what happened, was we were surrendered by General Lee at Appomattox Court House. I was then free to march home."

"From Virginia?" I asked. "From Virginia," he sighed. "Mile after mile. And I even went six days without hardly any food. I do recall exchanging meal to an old woman for a bowl of clabber. I suppose that fuelled me through the last stretch to my sister's home near Cameron. I was sick with a fever, so she sent me home in a buggy."

And at his home, my father was warmly received. After five months of recovery, he married Mattie Hodges, from Hodges, SC. They had two sons and a daughter. Then the fourth child died in birth along with his wife, Mattie. Three years later, in 1887, my father married my mother, Salle Collier. When I was 14, he died at age 81.

It isn't in his gun and his cap that my father lives on. Nor is it in his double-breasted uniform that's missing one button. Instead, in my memories and in his stories, my father will always be to me, a true gentleman and hero of the war.

> Frances Bull Weathers, Real Daughter Mary Boykin Chesnut Chapter # 2517, Columbia

REV. G. W. BUSSEY

G. W. Bussey died January 21, 1927, and is buried in Red Oak Grove Baptist Church Cemetery, Edgefield County. The following excerpts were taken from a detailed account written by G. W. Bussey concerning his war experiences:

When the war broke out in 1861 I was just 15. The whole country was in great excitement and all wanted to go to the "war." Everyone had on his hat a Secession Cockade, indicating that he was ready at a minutes warning to go on the front. I remained at home until the fall of '62. When the enemy strongly threatened the coast off of Charleston the old men, those above 45, were called out as state troops for three months. This included my father. They had notice to be ready with three days rations to move. My mother was low with consumption on her last bed of illness. I felt that perhaps I might be permitted to go in my father's place, that he could do more for mother than I could. I insisted that I be permitted to try, and I went to the Capt. who finally said that under the circumstances he would consent

We spent two weeks in the city of Charleston. We then went to Jacksonborough where we spent the remainder of the winter of 62-63. My mother died while I was absent. Her last words to me on parting for the Army were, "My son, goodbye, I never expect to meet you on earth again, but strive to meet me in heaven. Be a good boy, be brave." These words have ever been an inspiration to me.

In the fall of '63 I went to Charleston the 2nd time. After my father had arranged his matters at home he came and took his own place and I went to Chattanooga on Missionary Ridge to join Kershaw's Brigade. In a few weeks Longstreet was ordered to go up through East Tenn. and to drive the enemy out of Knoxville. We left very quietly one night soon after dark. When we crossed the Tenn. River we encountered the enemy. This was my first experience in battle. The whistling, shrieking, screaming and burst shell, with the cries of the wounded men, was terrible to my inexperienced mind and heart. During this time my chills returned and I was sent to the infirmary. Well do I remember with what horror I heard a courier from Gen. Longstreet deliver the order to the doctors at the infirmary to "get ready to move immediately. And to leave all the sick who were not able to walk to fall into the hands of the enemy. That they would be cared for by the Yankee doctors." I knew that I was not able to march and that I would have to be left if I could not make some arrangement to ride. I remembered that one of our company was on detail as wagon master and if I could get to him he might arrange to haul me. So I hobbled up to the wagon yard. Told John Sharpton what I had heard and asked if he could haul me. His reply was that he had orders to let no man ride. I began to turn away with a sad heart. John came close to me and speaking in a low tone, said, "You stay around here until it's a little dark. We are to move at dark." So I stayed, and as John packed up the officers' baggage into a closely covered wagon he packed me up with it and took me on. For several days I was carried thus and at night I would slip out at the back of the wagon and would be around the fire. John fed me on apples which were plentiful in Tenn.

On May 4, 1864, we were ordered to break camp and march toward Chancellorsville as Gen. Grant was moving across the river against Gen. Lee. We reached Gen. Lee's army about sunrise on the morning of the 6th of May. In battle, our men did not falter, but pressed forward and drove the enemy back for two miles and saved Richmond for the time being. I was shot through the right arm half way from hand to elbow. After remaining in the infirmary a day, I was sent up to Lynchburg. We were loaded on flat cars and crowded very badly. At every depot there were great crowds of ladies who had provided barrels of milk and buckets of butter and great baskets of bread and seemed eager to see which could serve first and best. This picture has ever been fresh in my mind and ever stirs the deepest gratitude and admiration for those noble Va. ladies. They seemed never to tire in their efforts to comfort the soldiers.

Word came that Lee had surrendered. We marched on up to near Greensboro and went into camp where we stayed until we were surrendered a week or two later. I walked leisurely alone down the R.R., meditating upon what had happened and that the terrible fight was all over with. As it could not be helped and we had done all that a brave people could do, I felt relieved and glad that we were going home. I threw my rifle into a briar patch close by the R.R.

The remnant of silver money on hand was divided among the men. The amount each private received was \$1.60. In a short time we started for home. As we came on I got into a government store and got me three pairs of splendid shoes. We averaged marching over 30 miles a day but the last day we marched 41 miles. Oh how sweet it was to be at home again.

How often had I wondered if I ever would live to get home. And now, through the merciful providence of a wise and merciful God my desires were fulfilled. Though we had not come as we had hoped we would, having won our cause and come as victors, we came conscious of having done our duty as we saw it. We felt that we had been loyal to our state and country and had laid down our arms only at the command of our beloved leaders. We were not ashamed of our defeat as we knew, and the whole world knew, that we had simply been overpowered and starved out by far superior forces in number and not in quality. We were welcomed home by our sweethearts and wives as heartily as if we had come as conquerors.

Willie Mae Wood, Great-granddaughter Ann Carter Chapter #1900, McCormick

WILLIAM HENRY CANNON, III Company I, 21st Regiment, SC Volunteers

William Henry Cannon, III (Billy, as he was known), served in the War Between the States from 1861 until Lee's surrender. He was the son of Col. W. M. Henry Cannon, II, a wealthy land owner in the Mars Bluff area of Darlington County.

Col. Cannon hired Henry Timrod, the Poet Laureate of South Carolina, to teach his children on the plantation, Orange Grove. My grandfather, William Henry, III, and his brothers, Robert and George, were his students there in the small one-room schoolhouse before furthering their educations at the University of South Carolina.

The little schoolhouse has now been moved to Timrod Park in Florence, SC, named after Henry Timrod. It is owned by the Daughters of the Confederacy, and opened at various times to the interested public. It was during the years Timrod taught here that he met his future wife, Katie Goodwin, and wrote some of his most memorable and haunting poems.

Both William and George left the University to volunteer in 1861. William was wounded in service in Va. under General Lee. The brass button on his jacket probably saved his life.

Elizabeth Cannon Craven, Granddaughter Ellison Capers Chapter # 70, Florence

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TWO SIGNERS OF THE S. C. ORDINANCE OF SECESSION

On 20 December, 1860, two of my great-grandfathers, Henry Isaac Caughman of Lexington, and James Jefferies of Union (now Cherokee) County, signed the S. C. Ordinance of Secession.

Colonel H. I. Caughman, my Daddy's grandfather, had been wounded twice during the Mexican War - slightly at Churusbusco and seriously on 13 September, 1847, in the Battle of Gerita of Delen. He made the motion in the Secession Convention that each signer be given a copy of the Ordinance.

Colonel James Jefferies, my Mother's grandfather, equipped at his own expense a group of over 100 men and officers from the Gaffney area, and they were called "Thickety Rifles." This company was divided up among Colonel Gregg's 1st, Colonel DeSaussure's 15th, Colonel Gadberry's 18th, and Colonel Jenkins' 5th Regiments.

Mary Jefferies Caughman Lund, Great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

JAMES A. COOK

After the battle above the clouds (Chattanooga), James A. Cook walked home to Milner, Georgia. When he heard Sherman was on his way, he took all the livestock and made pens for them in the swamp. Sherman came less than ten miles from the home place burning every other home.

J. A. Cook was my husband's great-great-grandfather. The home still stands today & owned by my husband's baby sister.

Janice K. Cook Edgefield Chapter # 1018

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ELIAS DAY

My great-grandfather, Captain Elias Day, was born in Easley, SC, on April 13, 1846, and lived almost in sight of his birthplace all of his life. His first duty to his country was as a Confederate soldier. He volunteered at the age of seventeen and served in Company K, 2nd South Carolina Cavalry, Butler Brigade, and served as a private to the close of the war. He returned to his home, almost shirtless, and found the Yankee Stoneman Brigade and a lot of deserters and thieves running rampage all over the country, killing and destroying the property of old men, women, and children.

Captain Day had three brothers killed in one day, battle of Haws Shop (see *History of Butler and His Brigade*, page 193). Elias Day and his two younger brothers went to work to rebuild his father's destroyed home and, working with hoes, made enough corn and vegetables to do the family another year. The Yankees had taken all the mules and horses off their place and freed the Negroes.

Elias Day worked at several vocations. He was 26 years old when he married Miss Jane Bolt of Anderson, SC. He and his wife reared and educated eight children, five girls and three boys. Elias Day was a successful farmer, being at one time the largest farmer in Pickens County. He served the county as supervisor for several terms. He built the Pickens Courthouse, many bridges, and many houses in and around Easley. He was a director of the Easley Oil Mill for many years. In a newspaper article published first in 1929, and republished by request in 1933, it was said of him: "Captain Day seems to weld the spirit of the old South into the problems of the new with a clarity of vision that could exist only in the bosom of a noble character. Schooled and wrought by the hardships during and following the Civil War, he is a shining example of how one can face adversity or a problem with joy and a smile. He has assisted the growth of our county and section from a loosely-connected, sparsely-settled woodland territory into one of the most populous, agricultural-industrial areas in the South. Too often we forget that from the hands of Captain Day, and of those who lived as he lived and shared the burdens with him we are handed the torch of Liberty, Freedom, and the Glory of Achievement." Captain Day died on June 30, 1934, at the age of eighty-eight.

Other Confederate ancestors are three great-great-uncles (all brothers): Waddy Thompson Grubbs, Richard W. Grubbs, and John L. Grubbs. Richard and John died during the War but Waddy Thompson Grubbs lived a long life and died at age 87. He was wounded at Fredericksburg in December 1862 and lay on the snowy ground for about 48 hours, and was then sent to Chimborazo Hospital in Richmond. His sister (my great-grandmother) went to Richmond and took care of him until he was able to go home.

Rachel Dillard Scott, Great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

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CAPTAIN HENRY DICKINSON

Henry Dickinson of Sumter County, SC, enlisted in Company D, Manigault's Battalion, SCV, on December 4, 1861, at Mt. Pleasant, SC. He was elected Captain of the company, and he served in that capacity until five months later, when the company was broken up and subsequently became a part of the 6 Battalion, SC Infantry. The 6 and 9 Battalions were consolidated to form the 26 SC Infantry, and Captain Dickinson was assigned to Company H of the 26th.

Captain Dickinson died in Sumter in 1894, leaving a wife and seven grown children, all of whom had moved away from Sumter County. In 1910, Henry's grandson, John Henry Dickinson, who had been born and raised in Marion County, moved to Sumter County to cut timber, and there he met and married Eloise Scarborough, a Bishopville girl whose father was a veteran of the War. They settled on her family's property and raised seven children in the new county of Lee, which had been formed from portions of Darlington, Kershaw, and Sumter Counties, including the area where John Henry's grandfather had lived and died.

Retta Dickinson Warriner, Great-great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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THEODORE DUBOSE, THOMAS DANIEL DUBOSE, AND HENRY YOUNG DUBOSE

Among the many Sumter County men who fought for the Confederacy were the brother and sons of Dr. Thomas Jefferson DuBose of Oswego. His brother, Theodore, enlisted in Company B, 21st SC Infantry, on December 23, 1861, when he was 60 years old, and he was killed in action on Morris Island, SC, on July 10, 1863. Dr. DuBose's two oldest sons served, and they both survived the War. Thomas Daniel, born January 23, 1841, enlisted in Company I, 7th SC Cavalry, and when his company left for Virginia, Thomas Daniel took his slave, Priest, with him to care for his horse. Henry Young, born February 18, 1846, enlisted in Company E, 19th SC Infantry, when he was only 15 years old. While his unit was in Knoxville, Tennessee in late 1862, it was discovered that Henry Young DuBose was underage, and he was discharged and sent home.

Henry Young DuBose followed in his father's footsteps and became a doctor in Sumter County. His nieces and nephews, and their children, called him "Uncle Doctor." He and his wife raised 5 children, and he died in 1917.

Thomas Daniel DuBose married Ida Freer of James Island in late 1865. Her brother, E. Marion Freer, served in Company I, 3rd SC Cavalry, as an ambulance driver until he was detached to the Corps of Engineers. Daniel and Ida had six children, and several of their grandchildren are still living today. Daniel died in 1929, and he is buried beside his wife in Hebron Presbyterian Church Cemetery, which fronts on Highway 15 between Sumter and Bishopville.

Retta Warriner, Great-great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

ALONZA WILLIAM FLAGLER AND SAMUEL MATTHEW FLAGLER

Events Related to Me by my Paternal Grandfather, Confederate Veteran Alonza William Flagler, Co. K, 6th Regiment, South Carolina Infantry. He lived with my parents when I was six to eight years old.

Alonza William Flagler enlisted in 1861 at the age of 22 and served for the duration of the War. He was wounded in battle at Sharpsburg, Md., on September 17, 1863, and taken prisoner. After release he later participated in other important battles. Once during a fierce enemy engagement he left a protected position behind a tree for another spot, and a soldier who took his place was almost instantly killed. If my grandfather had not moved when he did, I would not be writing this today.

My grandfather's youngest brother, Samuel Matthew Flagler, was also a member of Co. K, 6th Regiment, S. C. Infantry. They were together until his brother was wounded at Richmond, Va., on September 21, 1864, during the charge on Ft. Harrison, and he died ten days later. He was buried in Virginia. My grandfather was very devoted to his brother and still felt the loss.

He was with General Lee's Army in Northern Virginia when Lee surrendered to General Grant at Appomattox Court House. He walked home to South Carolina with friends after his parole. He was then twenty-six years old.

Two years later he married Ella Susanna Matthews. They became the parents of twelve children. My father was the ninth child. My grandfather died in 1927 a few days after his 85th birthday.

My grandfather attended as many reunions of the Confederate veterans as possible. I recall one time when he traveled to Rome, Ga., by train for a reunion. While in Rome he visited his sister who lived there. He did not believe in doctors or hospitals and was careful about his diet and walked a great deal. While reading the weekly newspaper by lamplight (we had no electricity), he would enjoy a cold glass of buttermilk and a slice of cornbread for supper. While my grandfather was reading the paper he would often disapprove of some news item and say, "My, my, my, what is this world coming to?" I sat on the hearth nearby and studied my school lessons by the glow of the chimney fire.

He proudly wore his war medals. I have a picture of him wearing the Medal of Honor.

Eloise Flagler McConkey, Granddaughter Wade Hampton Chapter # 29, Columbia

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HENRY JAMES FORE

(January 4, 1832 - August 21, 1909)

My great-grandfather, Henry James Fore, 23rd S. C. Regiment, rendered faithful service during the War Between the States until the close of hostilities.

After the War and its devastation, the country in the South was further retarded by the horrors of Reconstruction and the rule of the "Carpet Bagger."

Henry James told how the North never did whip the South by combat on the field but by exhausting the courageous soldiers and their resources. The men with strong arms and stout hearts returned home, with all its desolation, and began again. He told of those who escaped the casualties and diseases and, having lost all save honor, began to recuperate and accumulate the means of life under adverse circumstances. Neighbor helped neighbor, women and men alike. After Sherman, "there was nothing to fear but fear itself." Despite the adverse conditions, the people would survive and rebuild.

Henry James Fore, being a proud, honest, hard working conservative, survived the War and accumulated land and material possessions to pass on to future generations. His history tells of his large family, some of whom migrated west to seek their fortunes. I have personally had the pleasure of meeting some of his descendants who settled in Texas and have had good times researching and talking of our kin of old.

Evelyn Fore Bryant, Great-granddaughter Ellison Capers Chapter # 70, Florence

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DAVID MOORE GARRETT

(b. June 1838, Spartanburg County; d. July 12, 1862, Richmond, Va.)

David Moore Garrett was the son of John (Nip) and Margaret Arnold Garrett. He had five brothers: James Pickney, John E., Thomas Perry, Aaron M., William Roland, and two sisters: Cynthia and Catherine. The family moved from Spartanburg County to the northeastern part of Pendleton District (later known as Pickens District), circa 1850.

David grew up in what is known as Pea Ridge near Six Mile Mountain. He was part of a close-knit family, where schooling was done at home, food came from the "new ground," woods, and creeks. Money was scarce. David was known as an exceptional sharpshooter ... it was told that he could shoot the eyes out of a squirrel in a tree.

David joined Company B of the South Carolina Rifles, Confederate Army, at Charleston in the spring of 1862. He and his wife, Elizabeth Chapman Garrett, had one child, Jacob Cornelius, aged three. Elizabeth was pregnant with Mary Dave, who was born three months after her father's death.

Two of David's brothers, Thomas Perry and Aaron M. (twins), were also members of Company B of the South Carolina Rifles. They were at his side when he died of typhoid fever in a hospital in Richmond. Elizabeth received his sparse belongings after his death, along with the letters he had received from her. His letters to her have been preserved and have provided us with vivid memories. From them, we know of his deep love for his wife, family, and humble home. His strong faith in God is evident through his repeated requests for prayer.

Descendants of David Moore Garrett, who now live in New York to California, can honor his memory with dedication to the spirit he lived, remembering his purpose for going to war. There were no slaves on Pea Ridge. The issue was rather to preserve the land he loved. He left for us and future generations a true American heritage, Christian influence, and brotherly love.

Lillian Begley
James L. Orr Chapter # 1687, Central

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DANIEL WALTON GINGREY

Daniel Walton Gingrey enlisted at Camp Holmes near Raleigh, NC, on 15 July, 1864, for the duration of the war, but on or about 4 Aug., 1864, his wife and two small children received word he had fallen overboard the ship on which he was working and his body was never recovered.

He was born c. 1846 in Lancaster, Pa. He ran away from home at the age of 17 because he did not care to follow his father's trade as a harness maker. He settled near Wilmington, NC, and went to work on the railroad. He met and married Jane Parker on 15 May, 1856, and was never in contact with any of his family in Pa. again.

Mildred B. Barton Jefferson Davis Chapter # 2465, Aiken

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WADDY THOMPSON GRUBBS

Waddy Thompson Grubbs, my great-grandfather, was born 5 April, 1841, in Anderson County and died in 1923 and is buried in Fairplay, South Carolina.

He volunteered for duty with the Confederacy at the same time his older brother, R. W. Grubbs, joining Captain Shanklin's Company, Sloan's Regiment, enlisting 5 June, 1861, at Pendleton, South Carolina. After training at Columbia for six to eight weeks the regiment was ordered to Richmond, Virginia, and shortly moved to Manassas Junction in preparation for where it was expected the first battle of the war would be fought.

He was wounded on 13 December, 1862, in the battle of Fredericksburg when his right arm was shattered by a 25-pound cannon ball while serving as a color guard. The commander of the company next to the colors said the ball tipped his hat brim before it struck my great-grandfather's arm. His arm was amputated and dressed in the night by Dr. O. M. Doyle by the light of a tallow candle held by Dr. John Doyle of Texas. After laying on the snowy ground for 48 hours he was sent to Chimborazo Hospital in Richmond. His sister, Elizabeth J. Grubbs, came and nursed him until he was able to go home.

Military records show him as Private/Captain, Company D, 2nd S. C. Rifles, discharged at Columbia, S.C., and on the last roll May/June, 1863.

Virginia Abbott Jackson Stanley, Great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

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MARK BERNARD HARDIN

Write-up of M. B. Hardin's war activities, taken from Confederate Military History:

Major Mark Bernard Hardin was born at Alexandria, Va., August 14, 1838. He was the son of Lauriston B. Hardin, clerk and registrar of the Navy Department from the administration of Andrew Jackson to the time of his death in 1858. Major Hardin was reared to the age of sixteen in Washington city, and in 1854 entered the Virginia Military Institute, from which he graduated in 1858. Immediately after his graduation he was appointed assistant professor in the VMI, and in 1860 was appointed adjunct professor, and continued in that capacity until the beginning of the war. During his connection with this institution in the ante-bellum days he was intimately associated with Gen. Stonewall Jackson, both as a student of his and as a co-professor. A warm friendship sprang up between the two which continued until the death of that gallant chieftain in 1863. In the beginning of the war Mr. Hardin was offered a position on General Jackson's staff, but this he declined, preferring the line. Accordingly he joined the Thirty-third Virginia regiment as acting major and fought with it in Jackson's brigade in the first battle of Manassas. In October, 1861, he was appointed major of artillery in the active volunteer forces of Virginia and assigned to duty at Craney Island by order of the Secretary of War. He remained there until the evacuation of Norfolk on May 10, 1862, being a witness of all the stirring scenes enacted in that vicinity, including the destruction of the Cumberland and Congress and the fight between the Merrimac and Monitor. In June, 1862, he was appointed major of the Eighteenth Virginia battalion of heavy artillery in the defenses of Richmond. He continued in this capacity, being in charge of a considerable portion of the line, until the evacuation of Richmond, and while in this service, in the fall of 1864, he was sent to Fort Harrison to take command of troops at Chaffin's farm, in the place of Major Dick Taylor, who had been captured. While here he was wounded in the left arm. He had received one wound prior to this in the Kilpatrick raid. When the evacuation of Richmond became a certainty, his battalion was placed in Crutchfield's brigade, Custis Lee's division, for the retreat, and in an effort to reach Gen. Robert E. Lee's army they were overtaken by the enemy at Sailor's Creek, where a desperate battle ensued, in which General Crutchfield was killed and his entire brigade captured. Major Hardin was taken as a prisoner to Old Capitol Prison, Washington. On the evening of his arrival there President Lincoln was assassinated, and this created such intense feeling that, for safety, he, together with the other Confederate officers, were taken to Johnson's Island, Lake Erie, where he was held a prisoner of war until July 3, 1865, when he was released. For two years after the war he was an analytical chemist in New York City. In 1867 he returned to the Virginia Military Institute as full professor of chemistry, which position he held until 1890, and in October of that year he was appointed professor of

chemistry in Clemson College, SC. He was also chief chemist of the South Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station, located at the College.

From TRADITION: A History of the Presidency of Clemson University, edited by Donald M. McKale:

In July, 1910, the Board accepted Hardin's retirement with reluctance and voted him the title of "Professor Emeritus of Chemistry." Upon his death on 26 April, 1916, Clemson buried him with military honors in the churchyard of the Old Stone Church.

Mark Bernard Hardin was commissioned Colonel of Engineers in Volunteer Forces of Virginia to rank from 1877.

Mary Hardin Keitt Hinton, Granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

BENJAMIN TRAVIS HAYES

Benjamin Travis Hayes was a member of Company B, Captain Earle's Company, 37th Battalion, Virginia Cavalry, commanded by Col. A. C. Dunn. On August 2, 1862, they were posted to the Department of Eastern Tennessee and Western Virginia.

On October 10, 1861, 31 men rode through Pickens. They ranged in age from teens to forties, and they were on their way to join the Army of the Confederate States of America. They enlisted in Belton, SC. They fought many battles, and we have quite a few letters he wrote home. The letters talk of the war, the weather, the battles, and the sick and dying. He wrote his wife, "Independence we will have, or give the last drop of our blood!"

My great-grandfather was a Baptist minister and teacher. One of the men who fought with him told my father, they noticed great-grandfather always prayed the Lord would give him the body but you take the soul of the enemy.

Our great-grandfather, Benjamin Hayes, was wounded in the shoulder during the Battle of Fisher's Hill near Strasburg, Virginia, on September 22, 1864. He died of tetanus at the General Hospital, Staunton, Virginia, on October 16, 1864.

Aurie H. Watts, Great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

JOHN A. HINTON AND J. T. HINTON

My grandfather, James Seawright Hinton, had two brothers who served in the Confederate Service. The first was Sgt./Pvt. John A. Hinton, 4th S.C. Inf., who enlisted at Pendleton, SC, April 14, 1861, age 30. He was reported missing Sept./Oct. 1861.

The other brother was J. T. Hinton, born March 23, 1835, died July 9, 1908, buried in Carmel Presbyterian Cemetery in Pickens County. Information on the stone marker in the cemetery is Col. 4th S.C. Regt. C.S.A.

There is a marker on the side of the Presbyterian Church with names of soldiers buried in the cemetery who served in the War Between the States, 1861-1865. This marker was erected by Carmel Memorial Society in 1928.

Sue Wigington, Granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

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ASBURY MORGAN EPPS HOLLAND

My great-great-grandfather, Asbury Morgan Epps Holland, was a Confederate soldier and a prominent merchant with stores at Pendleton and Holland's Store, SC, and Hartwell, Georgia. Holland's Store, SC, was located on what is now Highway 29 S. toward Hartwell, GA, very close to the Savannah River. Anderson County deeds show the Holland's Store complex contained a saw mill, lumber house, stables, and store room with a post office.

The grandson of Rev. War soldier William Holland of Laurens, SC, "Berry" enlisted as a private in Co. I, 1st SC Infantry, at Anderson Courthouse, SC. He was stationed in one of the forts around Charleston for several months and for a while in Florida. Because of a disabled hand (rheumatism), he was unable to fire a rifle and was detailed on light duty as the "enrolling sergeant" at Anderson Courthouse. He also gave aid to the cause in the way of commissary work. His two oldest sons were both very young commissioned officers, Lt. Thomas Jeptha Holland (my great-grandfather), Co. G, 2nd SC Battalion, and Lt. William Yancey Holland, Co. H, 1st SC Regiment.

Margaret (Peggy) Alexander Carr, Great-great-granddaughter Dixie Chapter # 395, Anderson

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EDWARD MOODY "NED" HOLMES

Edward Moody Holmes was born December 25th, 1845, in the area of Red Hill, Edgefield, SC. His parents were Shade and Patience McDaniel Holmes. On March 26, 1864, he enlisted in the infantry at Edgefield, Co. K, 24th S.C. His older brother John Ervin was a sergeant in this company and a seasoned veteran. His other brother Sherod was captured at Chickamauga and in Camp Douglas prison in Chicago, Ill.

During the Battle of Atlanta on July 22, 1864, Edward Moody was wounded in the right shoulder and was sent to the division hospital. After a furlough Ned returned to his company. Ned was paroled at Greensboro, NC, on May 1st, 1865, destination Edgefield, SC.

Wedding bells rang for E. M. Holmes and Elizabeth Hammond. They had ten children. The Southern Cross of Honor was bestowed to E. M. Holmes January, 1910, by the Edgefield Chapter #1018, U.D.C. After Elizabeth's death July 5, 1922, Ned went to live with his son, Sherod, until his death Sept. 10, 1929. On the back of his cemetery marker at Red Hill Baptist church a large Southern Cross of Honor is etched on the back of his tombstone.

Edward Moody Holmes' grandchildren and great-grandchildren became some of the most wealthiest peach growers in the state of South Carolina.

JOHN ERVIN HOLMES

The 24 S. C. Co. K was low on ammunition. They were instructed to gather rocks, all they could find and throw them. John Ervin Holmes & his friend Carpenter when Union forces broke their breastworks - one would throw the Yankee down & hold him while the other hit him in the head with a rock to kill him.

SHARON (SHEROD) HOLMES

Sherod Holmes was born in Edgefield District on Oct. 20, 1841, to Shade & Patience Holmes. On April 15, 1861, he enlisted with the 1st & 2nd Company I of the 7th South Carolina Infantry at Red Hill, South Carolina, for a period of 12 months. March 26, 1862, he reported to the General Hospital at Orange Courthouse, Va., with a complaint of a transmitted disease. September 20, 1863, Sherod was captured at the Battle of Chickamauga. At this point he was forwarded to the prison in Louisville, Ky., to be exchanged on Oct. 5, 1863. The exchange fell through, and Sherod was forwarded on Oct. 7, 1863, to Camp Douglas Prison in Chicago, Ill. There he remained until he was discharged on June 16, 1865, when took the Oath of Allegiance. The discharge papers have Sherod as living in Hedgefield District, S.C., not Edgefield, not understanding the accent.

According to the Confederate Widows' pension filed by his wife, Caroline Josephine Glanton, they were married December 14, 1865. Four children were born, three which died as infants. The surviving daughter was Mary.

After surviving many battles and being a prisoner of war, walking home twenty one years later on Oct. 9, 1884, Sherod Holmes was thrown from his horse and killed and buried at Red Hill Baptist Church Cemetery, Edgefield, SC

Janice K. Cook, Great-granddaughter Edgefield Chapter # 1018

JOEL HOUGH

My husband's grandfather, Joel Hough, was left on the Gettysburg battlefield for three days, his wounds filled with maggots. He was captured and exchanged due to thigh and upper arm wounds, the latter when a minie ball went clear through. As Clerk of Court, he enjoyed exhibiting that hole, dubbed "the vaccination scar the Yankees gave." Consequently, some folks needed "powerful persuasion" when being urged to get inoculated for smallpox.

Joel had three brothers to serve in the War. His eldest, John Elliott Hough, of Sandy Run, Big Lynches Creek, Chesterfield County, died of disease Dec. 9, 1861, while in Co. D, 8th SC Infantry. Isaac Shepherd S. Hough, Co. F, 7th Batt'n. (Lucas Rifles), surrendered at Greensboro and raised a family of nine girls and one boy.

Joel's twin, Nathaniel, was the campfire orator and story teller, a corporal in Co. G, Flat Rock Guards, 2nd SC Vol. Plagued with "chronic diarrhea," he was given a furlough home. The family never heard from him again. Had he encountered bushwhackers as he neared Jefferson, SC, Lynches Creek? Studying the records, one finds that later a Post Hospital officer recorded, "Owing to the immense press of business ... I did not discover the egregious error of the clerk who made out the inventory of effects." The 3rd Div., 10th Ill. Inf., had taken Nathaniel a "REBEL PRISONER." After a month in New Bern, NC, he died April 24, 1865, and was buried as an unknown Yankee "with full military honors in grave #7, Row 3, NC Sol. New Cem.," New Bern.

Elizabeth Hough John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

WARREN WILBURN HUNNICUTT

Warren Wilburn Hunnicutt was born in Oconee County on 1 February, 1837. He enlisted July 20, 1861, at Camp Pickens, Sandy Springs, Anderson District. He signed up for three years or the duration. He was a private in Company E, Orr's Regiment, S.C. Rifles. He appears on a list of prisoners of war belonging to the Army of Northern Virginia, and he appears on a register of General Hospital, Howard's Grove, Richmond, Va. He was paroled at Appomattox Court House, Virginia, April 9, 1865. He died 8 March, 1911, and was buried in Old Silverbrook Cemetery, Anderson, SC.

Mary Elizabeth Hurst Meehan, Great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

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ROBERT A. JAMES

Robert A. James, Co. H, 59th Alabama Inf. Reg't., my great-great-grandfather, joined the Confederacy in Alabama when my great-grandmother, Sallie James Holder, was a tiny baby, so she had no memory of him. Her older brother only remembered his back as he rode away on his horse. Robert James was killed in the Battle of Chickamauga, leaving his young family.

The home in which my mother, Edna Earl Morgan Smith, my brother, Charles, and I were born had a foundation made partially of timbers from the Confederate Hospital in Greenville, Alabama. When my great-grandfather, James Holder, moved his family into town he bought the city block which contained the remains of the hospital. He retrieved any lumber he could as he built his home.

The local UDC chapter erected a monument to commemorate the location. My mother played around it as a little girl and remembered it as a special place for her.

Sallie Lou Smith Benton, Great-great-granddaughter Wade Hampton Chapter # 29, Columbia

JOHN RANDOLPH JEFFERIES Co. F, 15th SCV - Infantry

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Captain John Randolph Jefferies enlisted for service in the War Between the States at Union Court House on 29 August 1861. He participated in many engagements, and the shoulder wound he received at Gettysburg on 2 July 1863 was evident for the remainder of his life. He surrendered his Company to General Johnston at Greensboro, NC, on 17 April 1865, and returned to his home, Star Farm, in what is now Cherokee County, SC.

John Randolph Jefferies died on 10 February 1894 in Jonesville, SC, en route home from a meeting of the Board of Trustees of Clemson College (now Clemson University), and is buried in ElBethel Baptist Church Cemetery near Gaffney, SC.

After the War, my grandfather served in the SC Legislature, was one of the first Trustees of Clemson, a member of Union County Farmer's Alliance, and a Messenger (delegate) of ElBethel Baptist Church. Throughout the War and upon his return home he was concerned with the physical well-being and especially the souls of those around him. I am very proud to own his copy of *Christ in the Camp*.

On his record of military service 1861-1865, my grandmother, Mary Henrietta Allen Jefferies, became a charter member of Moses Wood Chapter #469 in Gaffney; my mother, Louise Jefferies Caughman, joined Wade Hampton Chapter #29 in Columbia; my aunt, Mary Jefferies Jeffries (note spellings), was a member of William Wallace Chapter #660 in Union; my granddaughter, Christina Marie Lund, was a member of Bernard E. Bee Chapter #783, C of C, in Clemson and has been accepted in Robert E. Lee Chapter #146 (UDC) in Anderson;

my son, Carl McHenry Lund, Jr., after being in Bernard E. Bee Chapter C of C, joined Palmetto Sharpshooters Camp #1428, S.C.V, in Anderson; my grandson, Rice Jensen Lund, is a member of Mary McCord Brown Chapter #116, C of C, in Liberty. My brother, Walker Denley Caughman, III, received a Cross of Military Service #5243 in August, 1960, for his service in World War II. As soon as final papers are in order in our General Organization, my grandson, Carl McHenry Lund, III, will receive the Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal for his services in Haiti.

Each of us honors John Randolph Jefferies - Christian gentleman and gallant Confederate Soldier - and all of his fellow warriors. We are proud to "Stand Fast - Our Heritage."

Mary Jefferies Caughman Lund, Granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

THOMAS BOTHWELL JETER BERRY AGIVIS JETER

My mother's grandfather, Francis Camillus Jeter, was a disabled farmer-preacher, so she joined U.D.C. on his brother's record - Captain Thomas Bothwell Jeter, 1880 S. C. governor. Thomas B. had no children, but he and his wife, the former Ann H. Thomson, had a beloved double nephew: A. Wallace Thomson, Jr., who died after completing law studies at USC. In his honor, her brother, former Chief Confederate Surgeon of the Columbia Hospital and later Union County practitioner, founded and endowed the Wallace Thomson Infirmary at the university.

Rev. Jeter's other brother, Captain Berry Agivis Jeter, left no children either. In the spring of 1863 he was promoted to the captaincy of the Macbeth Light Artillery, the only artillery company from Union. The company went into the war with 185 men, and came out with 20.

"Givis" married Mary Hill, from the balcony of whose home a Battle Flag was presented the first volunteer company. During the "Straight-Out" Democrats' battle, a plantation Negro was told to bring back election news of the 1876 election as soon as possible. He returned shouting, "Three cheers (chairs) for Hampton, and he's setting in all three of 'em!!!"

Elizabeth Hough, Great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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ELLISON SUMMERFIELD KEITT

Data taken from the Biographical Volume of History of South Carolina, by Duncan Wallace:

Ellison Summerfield Keitt, a son of George and Mary Magdalene Wannamaker Keitt, was a prominent planter and also prominently active in public life. Prior to the War Between the States, he served for several terms in the South Carolina Legislature. In the war he commanded company M, 20th South Carolina Regiment, Confederate Army. He was one of the best read and most widely informed men of his day, wrote vigorous and beautiful English, and was a campaign orator of great ability and power. In one of the campaigns of Grover Cleveland for the Presidency, Colonel Keitt was chosen to stump New York State for the Democratic ticket and he acquitted himself of this assignment with marked success. Elison Summerfield Keitt was born in Orangeburg, SC, on July 3. 1831, married Caroline Mary James Wadlington on January 25, 1853, in Columbia, SC. Col. Keitt died on February 3, 1911, in Newberry, SC, and was buried in churchyard of St. Peter's Catholic Church, Columbia, SC, beside his wife who had died on May 4, 1862.

LAURENCE MASSILLON KEITT

From South Carolina Secedes, by John Amasa May and Joan Reynolds:

Laurence Massillon Keitt, one of the gallant soldiers who gave their lives for the Confederate cause, was born October, 1824, in Orangeburg District, the son of George Keitt and Mary Magdelene Wannamaker Keitt. . . He was a delegate to the Secession Convention from Orange Parish and signer of the Ordinance. Keitt was elected a delegate to the Provisional Confederate Congress which met in Montgomery in February, 1861, and took part in organizing the new government and drafting the Constitution. In January of 1862 he raised the 20th Regiment, S.C. Volunteers, and was elected its colonel. ... In May 1864, his regiment was ordered to Virginia; he was mortally wounded at Cold Harbor on June 1, and died the next day at Richmond. His body was brought back to his native state for burial in the cemetery near St. Matthews.

Mary Hardin Keitt Hinton, Great-great-niece John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

CORPORAL JAMES M. KELLY Co. C, 3rd Regiment, SC Infantry

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James M. Kelly entered the service at Frog Level (now Prosperity) on June 6, 1861. He was killed in the battle of Savage Station, VA. It is not known where he was buried but somewhere in Virginia. The battlefield of Savage Station is now covered by an Interstate Highway Interchange outside of Richmond; some of the graves were relocated to the city cemeteries in Richmond (but not identified).

Elizabeth Hunter, Great-granddaughter William Lester Chapter # 1042, Prosperity

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EMANUEL I. KING

Emanuel I. King enlisted as a private in Co. F, 12th Batt'n, Georgia Light Artillery, May 1, 1862. He was wounded at Cold Harbor, Va., June 1, 1864, in the hip from a minie ball. Mr. King was found on the battlefield and taken to a black lady's home where she acted as his nurse. Realizing she was black he wouldn't let her tend to the wounded area which was infested with maggots. She always had a big fire going in the fire place. On the fire place was a bottle of turpentine and when he was finally able to move, crawled over to the fire place. He poured the turpentine into the wound in his hip. Mr. King surrendered at Appomattox, Va., April 9, 1865, and walked home.

Given to me by church member D. P. Walker.

Janice K. Cook Edgefield Chapter # 1018

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RICHARD ROWLAND KIRKLAND

Among recognitions given the "Angel of Marye's Heights" is the ballard, "Richard Kirkland Was His Name," composed by musician, Mrs. B. M. Ellison. .

Richard Kirkland was my husband's grandmother's cousin. She was given a button from his uniform when he was re-interred. Perhaps most collectible is the 1921 UCV Reunion souvenir medal with his deed in bronze relief. Another cousin, Susan Kirkland, told of kissing Richard "goodbye" the last time. He was on a "recruiting furlough." When Richard was buried at the family cemetery, "the crowd at Flat Rock Baptist was so thick you couldn't stir it with a spoon."

Elizabeth Hough John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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DR. THEODORE A. LAFAR

Dr. Theodore A. LaFar, while serving as a member of the South Carolina Medical Association in Virginia, went to Richmond and secured several buildings to be used for hospitals. The Association commended him and said he had worked wonders. He bought supplies and clothing for the sick and wounded soldiers. Dr. LaFar compiled the most complete list of the dead in South Carolina.

At the fall of Richmond he was Chief-Officer of the hospital and rescued records and battle flags of several South Carolina Companies. These flags and records are in the Confederate War Memorial Building in Columbia, South Carolina.

Carrie Pregnall Wade Hampton Chapter # 29, Columbia

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COLONEL WILLIAM LESTER Co. G, 13th Regiment, SC Infantry

At the beginning of the Confederate War, William Lester raised in Frog Level (now Prosperity) a company of soldiers over which he was elected Captain. He served throughout the War with distinction and marked bravery, attaining the rank of colonel. In the troublesome days of 1876, with a company of old soldiers, he went to Columbia and tendered his services to Governor Hampton where he remained as long as it was necessary.

Our chapter bears the name of this Confederate veteran with numerous members being descendants.

Mrs. Ray (Elizabeth) Hunter, wife of Great-grandson William Lester Chapter # 1042, Prosperity

WILLIAM E. S. LITTLEJOHN

William E. S. Littlejohn, born between 1823 and 1826 in Pacolet, SC, was the son of Francis Littlejohn and Elizabeth Lipscomb. The Littlejohns settled in the Pacolet area in the early 1700's, having come from Virginia. They were educated, genteel planters who did have slaves. W. E. S.'s brothers and sisters were: Samuel M., John S., Sarah, Agnes, and Cynthia.

William married Mary Wilkins (Polly). They had a son, Milton Alexander, who fought for the Confederacy when he was just 16 years old. William and his family farmed for a living and attended Goucher Baptist church.

William E. S. enlisted, along with his older brother Samuel Moore Littlejohn, with Company A, 7 South Carolina Reserves, in 1862. He later re-enlisted with Company B, 27th South Carolina Infantry, Gaillard's Regiment, on August 20, 1863, in Charleston, SC. The story passed down through generations and recorded in the Littlejohn Genealogy states that he was wounded, taken prisoner, died on board a ship headed north, and buried at sea.

Research by his great-granddaughter, Carol Littlejohn Coke, revealed the following service record: William was captured near Petersburg on June 24, 1864, with wounds received in battle. He was turned over to the Provost Marshall at Fort Monroe on

June 25 and transferred to Elmira Prison in New York on August 16. Near death, he was paroled from Elmira on February 10 and sent to the James River for prisoner exchange.

He was admitted to General Hospital No. 9 in Richmond on March 4, 1865, and died on March 6. He was buried in the Confederate Section of Oakwood Cemetery in Richmond, far away from his wife and family. It would be 121 years later before he would be visited by any of his family.

SAMUEL MOORE LITTLEJOHN

Samuel M. Littlejohn was the older brother of William E. S. He was born on March 1, 1818, in Union County. He was the son of Francis and Elizabeth Lipscomb Littlejohn and was named for his grandfather, Lt. Samuel Moore Littlejohn, who fought with the South Carolina Militia during the Revolutionary War. Samuel and William both joined to fight for the valiant cause of the Confederate States in 1862 with Company A, 7 South Carolina Reserves. Samuel served as a Sergeant, probably because of his age and his reputation as a prominent citizen in his community. He was 44 years old at the time and when his brother, William, re-enlisted, he chose not to. Perhaps the rigors of war were too much for a man his age.

Samuel married Caroline Melissa Wilkins. Caroline and Samuel had nine children: Adeline Ragland, Moses Wilkins, Sarah E., Mary, James Farrar, Hattie and Sam (twins), Felix, and Aaron. Very little is known about their lives other than he was a successful farmer and lived his entire life in Union County.

The area of Union County that the Littlejohns lived was known as Thicketty Creek. It was settled by few families in the early 1800's and some of those families included the Lipscombs, Wilkins, and Goforths. Samuel and his brother William married sisters, Caroline and Mary (known as Polly) Wilkins. Samuel and Caroline had a daughter Adeline who married William and Polly's son, Milton. Milton and Adeline were my great-grandparents, which made both Samuel and William my great-grandfathers.

What humble, but glorious pride I feel for my family's place in the history of our beloved South. Another great-great-grandfather, Aaron Mann, also fought and died for the land he loved. His records are still being researched, but it is known that he died far from home and is buried in Richmond. They all left my family a legacy of love, of strong Christian faith, and a sense of belonging to the land through roots that grow deep in South Carolina.

MILTON ALEXANDER LITTLEJOHN

Milton Alexander Littlejohn was the son of William E. S. and Mary (Polly) Wilkins Littlejohn. He was born near Sallyatt Creek in Union county (now Cherokee Co.), on Sept. 25, 1848. His father was fighting for the Confederacy and had been taken captive at Petersburg. Milton enlisted toward the end of the war with company E of the 4th Battalion of

Captain John Easel, Dec. 1, 1864. He answered the call of duty to his country at the tender age of 16 years old. He was discharged from service in Columbia on April 9, 1865.

Milton returned home and cared for his mother after hearing of his father's death far from home in Richmond. He married Millie Adeline Ragland Littlejohn and they had 10 children. Only one son survived, my grandfather, Lee S. Littlejohn. Milton was a farmer and a beekeeper. My father remembers that his grandfather would rob the hives without wearing any protection. He was a member of Goucher Baptist Church and served as a deacon for 52 years.

Milton Littlejohn died on March 8, 1938, aged 90, at his home in Cherokee County. He is buried in the Littlejohn Family Cemetery near Pacolet. The old log home where he lived was at one time the oldest log structure in Cherokee County and was a favorite place for schoolchildren to visit on local field trips.

Carol Littlejohn Coke, Great-granddaughter James L. Orr Chapter # 1687, Central

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JOSEPH LOOPER

Joseph Looper, born October, 1807, a Pickens County farmer, had six sons to fight with the Confederacy. All six sons were members of the 37th Virginia Cavalry. Joseph gave each of his six sons a good horse and rifle when they joined the Cavalry.

Five of the sons lived to return to Pickens County and rear families. The sons were: (1) William Franklin Looper, born June 17, 1832, died Oct. 30, 1864, in Lynchburg, Va.; William was injured about July 31, 1864, in Chambersburg, Pa. He also was captured by the Yankees, escaped, was cared for by a local farmer, who drove him around U.S. lines to Virginia and delivered him to the Confederate Army. He was placed in a Lynchburg hospital, where he died. His wife reached him before he died. She returned his body to Greenville, the nearest railroad station. Greenville was a small town. She finally located a slave from a neighboring plantation who was in town with an oxcart. The slave placed Frank's body on the oxcart. He and the young widow walked behind the cart to the Dacusville Community. He was buried in Cross Roads Church Cemetery. Tradition has it that William Franklin was with "Stonewall" Jackson when he was killed.

(2) Thomas Perry Looper, born May 5, 1834, died December 10, 1892, buried in Cross Roads Cemetery; (3) Samuel Marion Looper, born May 9, 1837, died Feb. 18, 1923, buried in Cross Roads Cemetery; (4) Henry Meredith Looper, born 1839, moved to Bowie, Texas in 1893; no record of his death; (5) Jeremiah Looper, born Feb. 28, 1842, died Aug. 12, 1885, buried in Cross Roads Cemetery; (6) Joseph Looper, born Aug. 17, 1845, died Dec. 24, 1924. When Joseph was 16 years old, he rode his horse up to Virginia to join his five brothers in the 37th Virginia Cavalry. Joseph was buried in Cross Roads Cemetery, the last of the five brothers.

Joseph rode a fine gaited horse until a few months before his death. He was 79. Joseph and his horse were a familiar sight over Pickens County for almost 60 years.

It was on Joseph's Confederate record that five granddaughters joined the Fort Sumter Chapter #1394 of the U.D.C.

Nancy Mary Looper Fort Sumter Chapter # 1394, Greenville

WILLIAM DALLAS MARSHALL

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Our great-grandfather, William Dallas Marshall, came home as did so many other Confederate soldiers, on foot, without shoes, ragged, lice-infested, and with dysentery. He was met with excitement and tears but he stopped everybody, shouting, "Don't come near me, I'm lousy and filthy." The Negro woman was washing clothes in the back yard, so he undressed in the nearby field, was given clean clothes, and with hot water from the washpot he bathed.

After giving "The Oath," he was released from Elmira Prison 23rd June, 1865, and, with many hardships, made his way home to Currie, NC.

Ruth Smith King and Alma Edgerton Fore, Great-granddaughters Ellison Capers Chapter # 70, Florence

WILLIAM CHESLEY MARTIN

William Chesley Martin is my great-great-grandfather that served in Company I, First Regiment South Carolina Infantry.

He was the son of Jacob Martin and Catherine Martin, born March 31, 1823. He married April 5, 1849, Martha Harper. He lived in the Pendleton District of South Carolina. He died October 6, 1899, and is buried in the Old Martin Cemetery, Anderson County, SC.

My mother told me that her mother and father lived with his grandparents, William and Martha, and someone asked my grandmother if she wanted any antiques in her home and she replied, "NO," she had lived with antiques all her married life. I am very proud to have William Chesley's picture hanging in my den in his Confederate uniform.

Sara Jean Orr Morris, Great-great-granddaughter Robert E. Lee Chapter # 146, Anderson

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WILLIAM MAULDIN

I think the most illustrious remembrance in our family is that my grandfather's brother, William, of the Palmetto Sharpshooters, Co. I, is recognized for having fired the first cannon of the War Between the States. He is buried in West View Cemetery in uptown Easley, SC.

His body was exhumed and re-interred in West View Cemetery. The Iron Cross and marble shaft which stood originally in Mansell Cemetery is placed on his grave there with the following inscription chiseled in the stone:

William Mauldin
Born 7-18-1842 - Died 11-18-1873
Fired First Cannon of Civil War at
Fort Sumpter

(note misspelling)

William Mauldin was the son of Benjamin Franklin (b. 1812) and Naomi Mayfield (b. 1817). They had three other sons in this conflict.

M. Frances Mauldin and Elizabeth A. Mauldin Greenville Chapter # 51

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CLELIA PERONNEAU MATHEWES MCGOWAN SOUTH CAROLINA DIVISION PRESIDENT 1899-1900

Clelia Peronneau Mathewes was born on January 30, 1865, in Columbia, SC, the daughter of William Raven Mathewes and Eliza Peronneau, both formerly from Charleston. She married William Campbell McGowan, the son of Gen. Samuel McGowan, on November 4, 1885, in Charleston. They had four children: William C., Jr.; Olive C.; Samuel; and Mary Miles. Their home in Abbeville is the historical McGowan-Bardsdale-Bundy House which is the headquarters of the Abbeville Historical Society.

At the Division Convention held in Abbeville, December 1, 1897, Mrs. McGowan, Vice-president, presided in the absence of Mrs. Ellison Capers. She was elected as Division President at this meeting, after the resignation of Mrs. Capers.

Mrs. McGowan's husband, a prominent attorney, died 3 months later, on February 27, 1899. Mrs. McGowan left Abbeville and returned to Charleston to live.

She was a pioneer suffragette in South Carolina. A group of ladies asked her to lead the Suffrage movement. She agreed to do so. Gov. Robert A. Cooper appointed her to the State Board of Education, and she served from 1919 to 1922.

She allowed her name to be placed on Thomas P. Stoney's ticket in Charleston's 1923 City elections. She polled only 79 less votes than Mr. Stoney, made only one campaign speech, and was thus elected Charleston's first city councilwoman. Her portrait hangs in City Hall today.

In 1955, at the age of 90, she was still an active member of the Housing Authority, the Board of the Charleston Free Library, which she helped establish the Art Commission of the city.

She resided at 5 St. Michael's Place, Charleston. She methodically arranged her schedule each day to view a Citadel dress parade, attend a movie, and a trip to North Charleston to visit her grandchildren. (Her grandson, William McGowan Matthew, lives at 5 St. Michael's today.)

In 1946, she was named the "Big, Little American" of Charleston and saluted nationally, for her humanitarian services, betterment of inter-racial relations, and for her efforts which saw the establishment of the County Free Library.

She died on August 13, 1956, at the age of 91 and is buried in Magnolia Cemetery, Charleston.

Susie K. New Mary Stark Davis Chapter # 2573, Abbeville

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WILLIAM WALLACE MILLER

William Wallace Miller was born at Beech Island, SC, on March 29, 1843, eldest of the twelve children of Jonathan Meyer Miller and Margaret Smith Miller. He grew up in Beech Island where his father owned and operated Goodale Plantation.

On August 27, 1861, at Hamburg, SC, he enlisted as a private in Company C, First Regiment, SC Cavalry. He served as a scout with the Army of Northern Virginia, under the command of Gen. M. C. Butler and Gen. Wade Hampton. His activities are recorded by Gen. U. R. Brooks in his book, *Butler and His Cavalry*.

On Nov. 12, 1864, he was captured, carried to City Point, later sent to Point Lookout, where he was imprisoned until the end of the war.

He and Kellah Glover Walker were married on December 12, 1866. They made their home in Beech Island and raised a family of five children. My father was the middle child.

The years following the War were filled with hardship for southerners. Grandfather spent his last years in Columbia, SC, where he made his home with his daughter and her husband, Col. E. J. Watson, State Commissioner of Commerce. He died suddenly on January

27, 1910, and was buried beside his wife in the family plot in Hammond Cemetery, Beech Island, SC.

Kellah Chaplin Miller Cureton, Granddaughter Greenville Chapter # 51

ROBERT E. MOON

As children we were often told of our great-grandfather who died during the War Between the States. He was a middle-aged man with many small children and did not join at the beginning of the War. However, as the War progressed and he saw that the need was great, he, along with his two brothers, joined the Army. Left behind were his wife and six small children who shortly thereafter learned of his death. Relatives in the Army told the family he had died of sickness, and they had buried him in a shallow, unmarked grave beside a road. Only one of the three brothers returned home.

Our great-grandmother never saw her father; she was born shortly after his death.

This brave man's name was Robert E. Moon, from Greenville, SC. Confederate records give his rank as private, and his regiment as the Greenville Regiment, 16th Infantry, Company K. He died in Oct. of 1863, and his place of burial is unknown.

Janice Good Gosnell and Allison Good McCarter, Great-great-granddaughters Campobello Chapter # 1989

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OBEDIAH MORRIS

We joined the U.D.C. through our father, John Allen Morris, Sr. Obediah Morris was born in Edgefield District of South Carolina, the son of Obediah and Nancy Burnett Morris. Nancy Morris was the daughter of Pleasant and Artemesia Burnett. Obediah married Martha Morgan, daughter of Jeremiah and Sarah Morgan. Obediah and Martha Morgan Morris are buried near the town of Oakwood, Texas.

Obediah enlisted in the War Between the States March 16, 1862, at Fort Johnson, SC, for the remainder of the War. He appears on several muster rolls of Company K, 2nd SC Artillery, rank private. He was 5' 11" tall with dark complexion. He died May 1, 1881.

Sara Amelia Morris and Mary Elizabeth Morris Hughes Robert E. Lee Chapter # 146, Anderson

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ARTHUR WILLIAM MOSELEY

Arthur William Moseley enlisted Sept. 10, 1861, at Camp Butler, SC, in Co. C, 1st Reg't., SC Cavalry, under Capt. Twiggs. He was captured March 31, 1865, at Goldsboro, NC. He was released on June 6, 1865, and discharged at Harts Island, NY, on June 17, 1865.

He fathered 4 children by his first wife (name unknown) and 2 by Elizabeth "Betsy" Stewart. He was a Baptist minister of the Gospel and pastored several churches in the Aiken and Edisto Association. While officiating at the funeral of one of his parishioners, he built up and praised the deceased so highly his widow sent their small son up to look in the casket and she said, "Son, go see if that's your pa in that coffin."

Rev. Moseley was born Aug. 1828 and died July 1898.

Mildred B. Barton Jefferson Davis Chapter # 2465, Aiken

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WASHINGTON MYERS

On a hot, sultry day in August, 1862, amid much hoopla, Captain E. M. Boykin's Wateree Mounted Rifles of Company K, 7th Cavalry, were organized and assembled at the Kershaw County Courthouse. Though almost forty years old and the sole support of a wife and eight children, Washington Myers felt duty-bound to join the Confederate cause. His brother John was a member of DeSaussure Artillery, Company G, Palmetto Battery Light Artillery; his wife, Henrietta, had two brothers in service: Benjamin McCoy was a private in Company F, 7 Battalion (Enfield Rifles), SC Infantry; and Chapman McCoy had just been elected 4th Sergeant of the Wateree Mounted Rifles.

The Camden Confederate newspaper printed a complete roll of the Wateree Mounted Riflemen in the issue of November 21, 1862. 4th Sergeant Chapman McCoy was Number 8, and his brother-in-law, Washington Myers, was Number 48 of the 74 members of the unit. Just over a month later, the Camden Confederate printed the obituary of Washington Myers, stating that he "died on the 18th December 1862, aged 40 years and one month and seventeen days. Born in Kershaw District, where he has resided during his entire life, and died from disease contracted by exposure in camp. . . He leaves a wife and eight interesting children to mourn his premature death." Jane Ellen, the youngest of Washington and Henrietta's eight "interesting" children, had been born in 1861; she was just a toddler when her father died and never had the opportunity to know him.

One year later, the *Camden Journal* reported the death of Washington's brother, 40 year-old John Myers, who died of disease in camp at Hardeeville, SC.

Henrietta D. (Retta) Warriner, Great-great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

MILES MOORE NORTON

Excerpts from a paper written by Sarah Mills Norton in 1988:

On October 18, 1988, Miles Moore Norton, Captain C.S.A., was interred in West View Cemetery, Walhalla, SC. He had lain for 126 years in Virginia where he died after being wounded at Second Manassas.

Why, after more than a century, was Miles M. Norton moved? Before the Manassas Battles and for a long, long time thereafter Prince William County, Virginia, was a quiet, rural place. However, modern days have brought it very close to Washington, D.C., and that city is spreading into the surrounding countryside. The population of Prince William is up by 50,000 since 1980. It has been said that it will double that number by the year 2000.

That changes were there became apparent to the Norton family in the spring and summer of 1988 because of the agitation over the William Centre Project. At issue was 542 acres adjacent to the Manassas National Battlefield Park. On that site a shopping mall, office space, and residences were planned. Although many were in favor, opposition was widespread and heated. Many Congressmen and Senators felt it would be a desecration, and in late summer a law was passed buying the property to add to the Battlefield Park.

He did not lie within the confines that had been in dispute. And, in Virginia a family member must request it before the dead can be disinterred. But, in the future, what could prevent a realtor "protecting" that grave as part of an ornamental planting in what would become a very public, and crowded, place. Not a desirable prospect!

Query of the Battlefield Park came to nothing. He couldn't be moved there. No burials have been in the Park since 1940. Those authorities know that it has many unmarked, unknown graves, whose rest should remain inviolate.

And so, decision was made to remove the ancestor to S. C. He lies now with his people, close to his wife, in the same plot with his son.

A small private service was conducted by the local Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. The President, Mrs. Strother Darby, made appropriate remarks and read the UDC Prayer. Attending were chapter members, family friends, and Norton relatives.

One of those, who lives in Charlotte, NC, told an acquaintance that she was going to a family funeral. "Whose?" she was asked. And she responded, "My great, great-grandfather."

Elizabeth D. Darby Joseph Norton Chapter # 1745, Walhalla

LETTERS FROM LABAN

My grandfather, James Richard Odom, was only a month old when his father, Laban Odom, left home in March 1862 to enlist in the Confederate Army. With relatives and neighbors, he joined Company D, 48th Georgia Regiment, a company known as the "Burke Volunteers." My grandfather was the youngest of the five children of Laban and Sarah Ann Rebecca Oglesby. During the war years, as Rebecca cared for the children and their farm, she must have found comfort and encouragement in the letters written by her husband. As part of

Wright's Brigade, the 48th Georgia participated in the major battles in Virginia and at Gettysburg, where Laban was the only surviving officer of his company. Except for a brief period in a hospital in Augusta, Georgia, all of his letters were written from Virginia.

The letters to his wife and his "dear little children" have been carefully preserved and reflect the universal longing of soldiers for peace and a safe return to their families. They are written on scraps of paper, sometimes taken from ledger pages or written on the back of letters he had received. The only "real stationery" which bears the Confederate letterhead was obtained when he was hospitalized. His envelopes were folded pieces of paper sealed with a bit of candle wax, and he wrote of making his own ink by boiling several kinds of bark with a piece of alum.

While doing his duty as a soldier, Laban's heart and mind were always with his family in Burke County, Georgia. "My Mind is always on you and my dear little children in the day, and I dream of you at night." He wrote of receiving a small braid of his wife's hair which he wore on his arm "until it broke," then carried it in his uniform pocket. At one time he wrote to Rebecca, "I could not help but shed tears in my tent when I read your letter." The letters are filled with hopes for peace, for a "ferlow," and that the soldiers in his company would soon "draw pay." Whenever possible he enclosed money, and one of the envelopes still contains a crumpled Confederate ten dollar bill.

On the battlefield at Chancellorsville he found a "waterproof" which he sent to Rebecca, with instructions to wear it on rainy days when she fed the chickens. His oldest son received a knife which had also been found on a battlefield, and he carved a "finger ring" from a cow's hoof for his little daughter. From Fredericksburg he sent "four Damson plum seeds," asking his wife to plant and care for them.

Laban's letters usually ended with a prayer that he and his family would be "spared to meet on earth again, and to live in a peaceful land." His prayers were answered; he returned home after the surrender at Appomattox, and he and his beloved Sarah Ann Rebecca had five more children. All ten of their children lived long, useful lives.

Ruth Odom Reddick, Great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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JOHN LITTLETON OWENS

John Littleton Owens was born 15 September, 1841, at Hawthorne, Aiken County, SC. He was the son of Griffin Owens and Letitia Foreman. John L., as he was called, knew the land well, and was a successful farmer. He continued farming on land, which was deeded through future generations, to my Father. At the time of the land acquisition of the U. S. Government in 1951, this same property had been in the Owens family since 1801.

He enlisted in Company D Regiment of Holcomb Legion under Captain Bates, at Adams Run, SC, 16 January, 1862. He served until 9 April, 1865, and was discharged at Appomattox. He was a member of the Ambulance Corps from 2nd Manassas.

The Company was in a skirmish at Crumps Cross Roads, and saw battle at Bottoms Bridge, among other smaller battles. It was during battle John L. received an injury which was to scar him for life. The middle fingers of his right hand were shot off, leaving only the thumb and little finger. He became known as "Nub Owens."

An interesting family story relates that upon his arrival home, his wife was so intent upon his wounds, she forgot to tell him of the new baby born while he was away, until the child came forward. On the Pension Application, filed in Aiken County, 29 September, 1919, John L. makes the remark, upon telling of wounds and disabilities . . . "wounded one time, hand shot off, nearly blind, otherwise health fairly good."

John L. Owens lived to father seven children, with Samuel Sterling Owens, my grandfather, being born 16 February, 1875. John L. Owens died 8 January, 1929, and is buried at Williston Cemetery, Barnwell County, SC, next to his wife Lucy. Both graves were relocated from the Savannah River Site in Aiken County.

Esther Owens Cope, Division President 1994-1996, Great-granddaughter, and Darlene Cope Williams, Great-great-granddaughter Jefferson Davis Chapter # 2465, Aiken

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LIEUTENANT PETER PETERMANN

Lieutenant Peter Petermann, my great-great-grandfather, was a German immigrant born February 9, 1823, Eltville on the Rhine. He entered the services of the Confederacy in the fall of 1861 assigned to Company B, 2nd Florida Cavalry. He was paroled on May 17, 1865, at Baldwin, East Florida.

After the War, he was a successful orange grower and one of the pioneer tourist hotel men of Florida. He died November 13, 1894, at Palatka, Florida.

Sheila Bacon Greenleaf, Great-great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

WARREN GREENE PETERSON

Excerpts from a story written by Elise Peterson Bowler, Real Daughter:

Warren Greene Peterson was born January 22, 1844, in the section of Newberry County that later became Saluda County. He was the son of David Peterson, Jr., and Susan Caroline Abney. His maternal great-grandfather fought on the American side in the Revolutionary War. Colonel Nathaniel Abney was on duty at the Battle of Ninety Six.

At the age of four, his mother and father died (I think of pneumonia) only a few weeks apart. This left Warren and his two year old sister Josephine with no one to care for them. Josephine (who later married John Floyd) was adopted by a distant cousin, "Aunt Charlotte and Uncle John Stewart." She and her husband educated Aunt Joe at Greenville Female College. . .

Warren was reared by his mother's relatives, Cousin Ann Coleman and Mary Abney Walton. According to the Court records, John Coleman was his guardian. When about eight or nine he was taken by his Uncle John and Aunt Jane (Gilder) Peterson and lived with them until he enlisted for War duty.

On April 14, 1861, he volunteered at the age of 17 for Confederate Service and on June 6, 1861, he was mustered into service in Co. B, 3rd Reg. SCV. According to Mr. Salley, state historian, Warren Greene was reported "at hospital Dec. 31, 1861.". . He was promoted to 4th Corporal Aug. 26, 1863. He was wounded at Savage Station June 29, 1862; Fredericksburg Dec. 13, 1862; Gettysburg July 3, 1863; Chickamauga Sept. 19 or 20, 1863; and Wilderness May 6, 1864. Surgeon S. G. Welch found him (just a few feet away from Col. Nance, who was killed) on May 6, 1864, seriously wounded in the hip.

On Aug. 24, 1911, Dr. Welch and Warren G. Peterson were visiting the battlefields and pictures were taken on the spot where Dr. Welch found Warren wounded on May 6, 1864. His shattered hip wound, the second in that hip, kept him from returning to battle. This wound gave him more or less trouble the rest of his days. He was hospitalized in Charlottesville, Va., where Dr. W. A. Hawes helped care for him. On Warren Greene's battlefield tour in 1911, he visited Dr. Hawes in Charlottesville, along with several of the ladies who nursed him.

Returning to Newberry County convalescing, he lived as a member of Mr. Henry Burton's family. He was engaged in farming after his recovery, and lived about one fourth of a mile from then Longshore's Store (now Neel's). He was magistrate of #6 township for a number of years where he was called "Judge Peterson." The title "Judge" clung to him the rest of his life.

He was married three times; first to his second cousin, Mary Elizabeth Stewart (died in childbirth), who was the mother of John, Oscar Hawes, Walter Stewart, and Mary. His second wife was Jennie Abrams who left no children, having died in childbirth. His third wife was Lula Walters (on July 10, 1898), who had Marie, Elise (Mrs. M. F. Bowler), and Sue Ella (Mrs. Joe Mighton).

In 1903, he moved to Newberry and was R.F.D. carrier until ill health forced him to retire in 1920. For many years, he was chairman of the Newberry County Pension Board. He was a member of the Mt. Zion Church until moving to town. After this, he joined the First Baptist Church, taking an active part in Sunday School and church affairs until his health failed.

He died at his residence June 20, 1922. Graveside services were held in Rosemont Cemetery, where he was buried.

Quoting from The Herald and News:

He was a famous figure in Newberry County. The people respected him. Among other things, they respected him for his walk in two ways - his walk was upright and honest and he walked with a limp. The people in a very high degree respected that limping walk because it was caused by wounds on the bloody fields of the old Confederacy.

My grandfather was Walter Stewart Peterson, son of Warren Greene and Mary Elizabeth Stewart.

From A Confederate Surgeon's Letters, by Eloise Welch Wright, page 97- letter from Dr. S. G. Welch to his wife after the Battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864:

I found Colonel James Nance, my old schoolmate, and Colonel Gaillard of Fairfield lying side by side in death. Near them lay Warren Peterson, with a shattered thigh-bone, and still others who were my friends.

A series of newspaper articles was written by Warren Greene Peterson (under the pen name of "X Confederate Soldier") during 1901-1902. These were found on microfilm in 1994 by historian Mac Syckoff from Fredericksburg, Va., and sent to me for verification. By what Aunt Sue Ella had told me and clues of Warren G's life, I was able to prove that he wrote the whole series. Many of Warren Greene Peterson's newspaper articles and pictures he took on a battlefield tour in 1911 were recently used by Mac Syckoff in writing his book, A History of the 3rd South Carolina Infantry, 1861-1865.

Dorothy Broom, Great-granddaughter Drayton Rutherford Chapter # 152, Newberry

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HIRAM PHINAZEE OF MONROE COUNTY, GEORGIA

On January 19, 1861, the state of Georgia passed an Ordinance of Secession which dissolved the union of the state with the United States of America. One of the three signers from Menroe-County was my great-great-grandfather, Hiram Phinazee. A minister and one of the founders of the Congregational Methodist Church, Hiram had been opposed to secession and had fervently prayed that a peaceful resolution could be found to the differences which had divided the nation. His father, John Phinazee, was born in York, Ireland, and after coming to this country had been a soldier in the American Revolution. Hiram Phinazee was born in 1802 and was married to Elizabeth Bird Ogletree, who was also the daughter of a Revolutionary soldier, William Ogletree. Both Hiram and his wife had heard their fathers speak proudly of their roles in founding this nation, and this probably influenced his strong desire to see the Union preserved.

When it became apparent that no peaceful resolution was forthcoming, Hiram Phinazee joined with others in signing Georgia's Ordinance of Secession and then turned his attention and devoted his energy to supporting the Confederacy and especially the soldiers of his native county.

At a meeting held in Forsyth, Georgia, on July 24, 1861, he was one of six men appointed to "procure blankets, clothing, and money" to be appropriated to the aid of volunteer companies raised in Monroe County. Having learned of the Confederate victory at Manassas, Virginia, he offered the following resolution which was unanimously adopted, and published in the *Macon Daily Telegraph*, 27 July 1861:

Resolved, That we have heard with joy and pride of the brave and gallant bearing of the 1st Georgia Regiment of volunteers, especially of the Quitman Guards, in their late encounter with the enemy in Virginia, and are fully satisfied that they nobly illustrated the character of Georgia in all they did, and in every movement they were compelled to make under the exigencies that were before them; and that we will furnish them with all needful, and all that their losses may have rendered necessary. [Published in *Macon Daily Telegraph*, 27 July 1861.]

Ruth Reddick John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

CAPTAIN WESLEY S. PITTS

My grandfather, Captain Wesley S. Pitts, had all four brothers serve. His oldest, Dr. Aaron Brooks Pitts, was a surgeon at Charleston, SC. The next, James Washington Pitts, died of disease in 1862 at Richmond, VA. Brothers, Chesley Hogg Pitts and Moses, enlisted in Arkansas. Chesley was killed after the fall of Vicksburg, and Moses surrendered with Gen. Price at Old Wittsburg, May 1865. Moses went to several Confederate Reunions.

Family tradition says that "Grandfather made colonel before he surrendered." As pay, his command was given the contents of a wagon. He requested that each man line up and take one item. He was the last, his take was a ball of twine.

When his son fought in the Philippines, Grandfather walked the floor at night, reliving his own war experiences as he prayed for Jim.

Elizabeth Hough, Granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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FRAGMENT OF A FLAG

On March 4, 1862, my great-grandfather, Daniel Searcy Redding, left his farm and family in Monroe County, Georgia, and enlisted in the Confederate Army in Company D, 45th Georgia Regiment, a company he would later lead after being promoted to captain. Of the six Redding brothers, Daniel was the only one to survive the war. Six days before the surrender at Appomattox, he was captured at Petersburg and imprisoned at Johnson's Island, Ohio, for two months before being released to finally return to Georgia.

On April 22, 1909, the Chief Justice of the Georgia Supreme Court, Thomas J. Simmons, who had been the regimental colonel of the 45th Georgia, wrote a letter to Daniel which includes the following paragraph:

Some time ago the Federal Congress authorized the Secretary of War to return all flags captured by them to us. Among them was our old flag of the "Forty-fifth." When the latter flag arrived it was torn and dilapidated as it was when we surrendered it at Appomattox. There was a part of it hanging loose from the body of the flag, and this part, Judge Harris, the Adjutant General, cut off and brought to me. As a token of my appreciation of your conduct as an officer and your gallantry in the field, I am sending you a portion of this pieceAs we are both growing old, I do not know that we shall ever meet again in this world but I hope to meet you in the next.

Sadly, this letter arrived on the day of my great-grandfather's funeral. The tattered fragment of the flag was buried with him.

Ruth Reddick, Great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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AFTER THE BATTLE OF RIVERS BRIDGE

After the Battle of Rivers Bridge, S.C., G. D. Jenny went to investigate the damage the Yankees had done to his father's property. He came upon some Yankees digging a huge hole & watched them place 17-18 dead Confederate soldiers in this mass grave. Later on in life Mr. Jenny ran a country store. One day there was an awful thunderstorm which was what some call a gully washer. A sharecropper came into the store after the storm and said he'd found a human skull on Mr. Jenny's property. Mr. Jenny went to investigate, remembering that was about the same location of that mass grave. Indeed it was. As best as they could the bodies were reinterred.

This was given to me on last visit to nursing home with Miss Willie Mae Pritchard of the Bratton Jenkins Chapter # 1762.

Janice K. Cook Edgefield Chapter # 1018

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DINNER SUNDAY IN HONOR OF MR. & MRS. D. H. ROSANBALM

A dinner attended by some 50 members of the Rosanbalm families of this vicinity, was given at the Jasper Rosanbalm farm several miles east of Pleasant Hill, Sunday, in observance of the 64th anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Rosanbalm.

Mr. Rosanbalm, 86, was born in Claiborne County, Tennessee, in 1837, and Mrs. Rosanbalm, 82, was born in that county in 1841. They were reared and were married there, living in

that county throughout the married life until three years ago when they came to the Pleasant Hill community, attracted by the fact that five of their children make their home here — W. L., Jasper and John Rosanbalm, Mrs. W. A. (Martha) Parris. There were 13 in this family of children, all told, and of these 11 lived to maturity, nine of whom survive. There are also 57 grandchildren and 33 great-grandchildren, a total 90.

Mrs. Rosanbalm was a Hurst ... she came by wagon from Tennessee to Missouri, the Hursts settling near what is now St. Joseph, MO., before there was stick or stone of that now great city. But the Hursts were not satisfied in that then wilderness and within a year they loaded their wagons and returned to Claiborne County.

The Civil War came on and Mr. Rosanbalm, leaving his young wife in their log cabin home, went forth to fight for the South, following the fortunes of the Confederacy for four years. Mr. Rosanbalm has many vivid memories of that memorable period, but one of the most distinct (because of the tragic tinge at the time, despite how laughable it may now seem) was when Federal raiders got her intended meat supply.

In a log pen about one hundred yards from the cabin, Mrs. Rosanbalm was fattening a hog which she planned to have butchered for meat for the winter. But one night she heard a terrific squeal from the hapless porker. She was afraid to go out, but had an idea Mr. Pig was being annexed by the Yanks. Which was the case. Next morning all that Mrs. Rosanbalm found of her pig was his skin.

Juanita Rosanbalm Johnson Conway Chapter # 2021

JOHN BLAIN SAMPLE, JR.

On September 24, 1879, the *Abbeville Press and Banner* carried an article written by Addison F. Posey titled "Reminiscences of Older Times - Our Scotch-Irish Forefathers - Their Religion, High Character, and Peculiarities."

One of the families discussed was the Sample family. Mr. Posey stated, "Among the first settlers of the lower battalion of the Saluda River were Alexander Sample and John Neely. Both were Irishmen, the former born in County Antrim in the year 1720."

Alexander Sample was an invalid prior to the Revolution and took no active part in the war. "He owned a fine tract of land which, prior to his death in 1819, passed into the possession of his son, Alexander Sample."

In 1879, when the article was published, only one Sample was living in Old Abbeville County - "Captain John Blain Sample of Greenwood, great-grandson of the original Alexander (or Dan-San, as he was known by his descendants)."

John Blain Sample, Jr., was born May 24, 1831, in old Abbeville, now Greenwood County, the son of John Blain and Susan Wardlaw Brightman Sample. He was a descendant of two Revolutionary War soldiers, Robert Sample and John Wardlaw, and possibly three.

The Sample family and others of the family say that Michael Blain, a Revolutionary War soldier, was the father of his grandmother, Barbara Blain Sample.

John Sample spent most of his boyhood near the village of Coronaca with his mother, sisters, and step-father, Downs Calhoun. As a youth, he attended private schools for young men. On December 10, 1856, he was married to Mary Ann Foy, the mother of my grandmother, Susan Harriet Sample Still. She died when my grandmother was two years old. On July 1, 1869, he was married to Mary Ann Boulware, who was a first cousin and also a second cousin of Mary Ann Foy.

John Sample died March 24, 1915. He was a large landowner and successful in business. He is remembered as one keenly interested in politics, current events, and people, also as a fun loving person who laughed a lot. His family was especially dear to him, and to all of them, he was very generous and kind. He was survived by three children: John Blain, III, Susan Harriet S. Still, and Andrew Boulware Sample.

John Sample enlisted December 28, 1861, at Campton, as a member of Company F, Holcomb's Legion. He was a corporal, then a 2nd lieutenant, at age 31. At the Battle of Manassas, he received a flesh wound on the instep. He was on roll as a prisoner of war, dated November 6, 1864, from Petersburg, Virginia. On December 16, 1864, he was sent to Ft. Delaware and was released June 17, 1865.

He was six feet, two inches tall with dark hair and grey eyes.

Ruth Brown, Great-granddaughter Robert A. Thompson Chapter # 1504, Westminster

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HANFORD AUGUSTUS SCARBOROUGH

Lieutenant Augustus Scarborough served in Company K, 23rd Regiment, SC Infantry, with his four brothers, John, Hubbard, Lemuel, and Edward. John was killed in action at 2nd Manassas and buried there by his brothers, and the other four were injured or captured at Petersburg in March, 1865. "Gus" received a shoulder wound during a frontal assault on Fort Steadman, one of several forts surrounding Petersburg. By the time he was released from a hospital in Danville, Virginia, the War was over, but Gus was weak and ill from his shoulder wound. His friend, Frank Carter of Carter's Cross Roads, SC, stayed with Gus on the journey from Virginia to South Carolina and made sure they both arrived home safely. Gus's daughter, Eloise Dickinson, told her 21 grandchildren how Mr. Carter stole chickens along the way and cooked them for Gus, found barns for them to sleep in, and begged wagon rides so Gus could rest. Eloise impressed on her grandchildren how beholden her family would always be to the Carter family. If not for Mr. Carter, Gus might have died along the way from hunger or exhaustion.

"Gus's" sweetheart, Martha Jane Wheeler, pieced a quilt during the four years that Gus was gone. When he came home after the War, the quilt was finished, but Gus was an

invalid. He recuperated in his father's home in the Mt. Clio area of present-day Lee County, SC, for over two years before he was well enough to marry Martha Jane in 1868. They raised eight children, and Gus lived to see 10 of his 23 grandchildren born before he died in 1913. After his death, Martha Jane moved to Bishopville to help her widowed daughter, Eloise, raise seven children. Martha Jane was 96 years old when she died on July 2, 1941, just five months before two of the grandsons she had helped raise, Harold and Ernest Dickinson, joined the Army Air Corps and the Marine Corps, respectively, following the attack at Pearl Harbor. Just as Gus and his four brothers had served the Confederate Army 80 years before, Harold and Ernest spent four years serving the United States in World War II.

At this 100th Anniversary convention, I will proudly receive the Cross of Military Service, posthumously, for my father, Ernest L. Dickinson.

Retta Dickinson Warriner, Great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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GRANDMA'S QUILT

My grandmother, Martha Jane Wheeler, had a quilt that was made during the War Between the States, when the girls had "Quilting Bees" while waiting on their sweethearts. Each person made a square and initialed it. Grandma said she kept her quilt on the bed downstairs - her sister Julia kept hers in her chest and wouldn't use it. When the house caught fire, Julia's quilt was lost, but Grandma saved hers. My mother, Eloise Scarborough Dickinson, got the quilt and always said we (her seven children) would have to draw straws for it. My sister lives in our family home in Bishopville, and she still has Grandma's quilt.

Elizabeth Dickinson Darby, Granddaughter Joseph Norton Chapter # 1745, Walhalla

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JOHN VALENTINE SCHROEDER

John Valentine Schroeder was born in Blenheim, Germany (near Hamburg) June 29, 1835. His parents died when he was a young man. In the year of 1852 he came to America on the ship *Olympic* and landed in Charleston, SC, and migrated to Lowndesville, SC, and worked for "Brooks Carriage Makers." Here he met his wife, Eliza Christine Brooks. They had nine children and lived at Schroeder's Cross Roads in Abbeville, SC.

John Valentine Schroeder was in the War Between the States and was in Sergeant Reed's Company G, 19th SC Infantry. He enlisted at Abbeville, SC, on December 19, 1861.

He was detailed as a shipbuilder, Richmond, VA, since April 8, 1862. He was wounded in his left leg near Richmond on June 26, 1864. Clothing was issued to him on November 22, 1864.

He died January 3, 1905, and is buried by his wife in Long Cane Cemetery, Abbeville

Mrs. T. A. Campbell, Jr. John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

NOTE: Mrs. Campbell is a fifty-six year member of the John C. Calhoun Chapter, she joined in 1939, and received a fifty-year pin in 1989.

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REBECCA SLOAN SHANDS

My grandmother, Rebecca Sloan Shands, was a Real Daughter and charter member of Campobello Chapter # 1989. She was asked by her chapter to write her recollections and experiences of war times. Following is an excerpt from her most interesting and lengthy account, which was written about 1930:

Sheep was a much prized animal. Mother called hers every evening, counted and fed them a little. One evening, a sheep was missing - one of the largest, that grew the most and finest wool. Searching, she found him in a thicket a mile from home - picked perfectly naked and blood oozing all over his body. A little tuft of wool on each side of his face was all that was left. Because he was so sore and stiff, she had difficulty getting him home. She sewed an old blanket on him and sheltered him in the lumber house at night. She saved her sheep but lost her wool!

Katherine S. Gosnell, Great-granddaughter Campobello Chapter # 1989

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JACOB MARTIN SMITH

Jacob Martin Smith enlisted May 10, 1862, at Abbeville, Ga., in Co. E, 49th Reg't., Ga. Inf., under Capt. S. D. Fuller, along with his brothers, Henry and Daniel. He was captured at the Battle of the Wilderness May 6, 1864, at Mines Run, Va. He was exchanged on Oct. 30, 1864, at Belle Plains, Va., near Point Lookout Mt., MD, and discharged on April 9, 1865, at Appomattox.

When the War was over he started walking home. Along the way he stopped at a farmer's house one night and asked if he could spend the night in the farmer's barn. The farmer replied, "One soldier is already in there, but if it's okay with him you may sleep in the barn, too." When Smith entered the barn, to his surprise, the soldier in the barn was his

brother Daniel. Imagine their happy reunion, and they completed their journey back to Ga. together.

The three Smith brothers married three Davis sisters. Jacob Martin Smith married Sarah Louisa Davis, and they had 6 children.

Mildred B. Barton Jefferson Davis Chapter # 2465, Aiken

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JAMES EDWARD SMITH

Sergeant James Edward Smith resided in New Hanover County, where he enlisted at age 20 on June 6, 1861, for the duration of the War. He was mustered in as a private and appointed corporal on Nov. 1, 1862. He was promoted to sergeant on Nov. 17, 1863. He was captured near Spotsylvania Court House, Va., on May 12, 1864, and confined at Point Lookout, Maryland. He was paroled at Point Lookout on March 15, 1865, and exchanged at Boulware's Wharf, James River, Va., on March 18, 1865.

Ruth Smith King and Alma Edgerton Fore Ellison Capers Chapter # 70, Florence

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AN EXPERIENCE OF A CONFEDERATE VETERAN (WILDER REMBERT STOKES)

My grandfather, Wilder Rembert Stokes, of Co. E, 3rd Battalion of South Carolina (Light Artillery), enlisted at Sumter, SC, on Feb. 10, 1863. He was captured at Sumter on Feb. 26, 1865. He was paroled on June 21, 1865, at Harts Island, New York Harbor.

When my grandfather was released, he didn't have any help in returning home. After taking the Oath of Allegiance to the United States, he walked home to Lee County, SC, from New York. He had to live off the land and beg for food. It took him over six (6) months to get home. His health was a long time returning to normal, if it ever did.

Renvie Stokes Jeffcoat, Granddaughter Wade Hampton Chapter # 29, Columbia

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DAVE AND WILLIE STROTHER

Excerpts from an article by B. F. Sample, Editor, published in an unidentified upstate newspaper on December 19, 1895. Willie Strother was the grandfather of Strother Darby of Walhalla, and Dave Strother was Willie's brother. Willie was only sixteen years old when the events in the article occurred.

It was during the siege of Charleston when Seymour was preparing an army corp to conquer Florida. The Yankees were making demonstrations all around Charleston as they were going to make some determined attack upon some point.... In front of our fort about one and one-half miles away was a Yankee battery. It was over a broad marsh and several creeks wound about through it. When the tide was up it covered the whole marsh. About midway between the two forts was a point of land which ran out to the creek, making it easy to approach from the Yankee battery in small row boats. It was a dark night, lying clouds from the ocean obscured all light.

It was determined that three pickets should be stationed on that point of land. It happened that it struck the S's, and it fell on the editor, D. R. Strother, and Willie Strother. Sergeant Long, who was afterwards killed at Bentonville, conducted us after dark to what we thought was the fatal point. He gave us no countersign and stated that no one would visit us that night, and we must shoot at anything coming from any direction. We were instructed not to have any light nor to make any noise. When he left us we felt that we were put there to be sacrificed. We agreed to divide the night into three equal parts. Then came the discussion in what order each should stand. I took the position that I preferred that all my sleep should come together. The arrangement was made that Will Strother should stand first, Dave in the middle watch and I should stand the latter part of the night. The night was to be divided equally into three parts as near as we could estimate it. The tide had rifted up seaweed upon the beach. We spread two blankets upon them and Dave and myself lay down upon them and covered with the third blanket. It seemed to us but a few minutes when I was disturbed by Will rousing up Dave. I heard Dave tell Will that he did not think that he had stood as long as he should. Will told him he thought he had. He said it seemed to him that he was on the beat a long time. It was a lonesome and scary time to line. Will crawled in beside me and soon I was in a sound slumber again. The roaring of the sea and the peal of the cannon could not disturb us. I do not know how long I had been asleep before Dave aroused me up to take the post. Dave said it was a lonely picket post, and he supposed he had stood his time. Well, I buckled on my harness and took the post. It was so dark you could almost feel it. I walked the lonely beach, but nothing disturbed me. I could listen to the ocean moaning on the bar, and the great gun's boom, the screech of the shell and the crash as it struck its object.

The Porpoise snort would make me think of the Yankee boats, and I would study how we could escape if they came. I suppose I had been on the post about a quarter of an hour when I heard a voice up the beach calling as. The requested that we would not shoot, and recognizing his voice, I bade his approach. It was the sergeant who had posted us, sent to carry us back to the fort. He said the Yankees were trying to land down at Green Pond, and we had orders to leave enough men to mind the guns and the others were preparing three day's rations and we should learn the way there. We roused up Will and Dave and hurried away from our post.

Now, the reader would like to know what time of night it was when we reached the fort. Well, I will tell you. It was just 11 o'clock. I told them if the Yankees had not come there would have been an alarm that night on that dangerous point. As it turned out, I was the only one that got any sleep. Before day we were up and away to new scenes and dangers.

Elizabeth D. Darby Joseph Norton Chapter # 1745, Walhalla

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REMINISCENCES OF W. A. STROTHER

Excerpts from a story written by W. A. Strother, dated May 11, 1921 (W. A. Strother was the grandfather of Strother Darby of Walhalla):

The South had to depend on the fighting qualities of their soldiers and what Confederate money she could make and pass. The North with her own ships and what she brought at once blockaded every port we had and everything but cotton went soaring high. With unbounded patriotism we started all of our hand looms and spinning wheels. We boiled our salt from sea water. A calico dress was as rare as a silk one. Homespun dresses and jean suits were all we could get. Every man, woman and child worked for the country, and the men from 16 to 60 were in the army. When the South lost a man we could not replace him. But with the North they hired all they wanted in Europe for \$600 each and his passage. It seems that with this difference it was miraculous that we held off the world for four years. Then, too, we were fighting from 4 to 8 men to our one. The North must have had one million men in their ranks fighting the South from Europe. Another mistake the South made was to continue the War the last six months of its duration, as it could be plainly seen what the end would be. And it only gave Sherman and his army the opportunity to devastate Georgia and South Carolina. He passed through Georgia from Dalton to Savannah, an area of about 40 miles, thoroughly devastating the country with fire and waste. Not a living animal or any provisions were left. And the inhabitants were left to starve. He even did South Carolina worse, especially with his torch. The city of Columbia was burned and nearly every place that was captured served a like fate. Every animal and all clothing and food was destroyed. A black desert marked his passage. General Lee surrendered April 9, 1865. This ended hostilities.

Food and clothing exhausted, not even Confederate money was available to pay the soldiers the last 8 months. Everything we wore had to come from home. My blanket was of my mother's carpet. I have seen men beg each other for anything to eat. I saw five dollars offered for a small potato. I have seen men eat raw dough made out of corn meal. I have known the whole army apparently to be freezing as tired as men could be thoroughly drenched and famishing for food. All at the same time. And no relief expected, yet ever ready to do what they could to save the South. Where in history can such an example be found? And the echo answers No Where.

Elizabeth D. Darby Joseph Norton Chapter # 1745, Walhalla

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LETTER FROM FORT DELAWARE

In the early morning hours of May 12, 1864, my great-grandfather, James H. Sutton, Co. D, 31st Ga. Regiment, was captured at Horseshoe Bend, Spottsylvania, and taken to Fort Delaware where he was held for ten months.

During the time of his imprisonment he wrote to Miss Agnes Lindsay, a young lady in Delaware who befriended the Confederate prisoners by sending provisions. In 1912, almost fifty years later, at his home in Monroe County, Georgia, James Sutton received a letter from a fellow-prisoner, John Eubanks, who was then living in Newark, Delaware. Oddly enough, Mr. Eubanks lived next door to Mrs. Agnes Miller, the former Miss Lindsay, and she asked to be remembered, saying that she was still an "unreconstructed Rebel."

Enclosed in this letter was the following note written by my great-grandfather July 31, 1864, from Fort Delaware which this kind Northern lady had saved and was returning to him.

Miss A Lindsay, You will doubtly know my hand writing as I wrote to you not long since thanking you for a nice box of provisions you sent one of my company. I mostly write to you asking as a favor of you to hand this to some lady acquaintance of yours, who I hope will be as kind as you have been, and send me a box of provisions. I have been a prisoner a long time and never have received anything. I do not ask you to send me anything, but I humbly hope the lady you request to be so kind as to grant my request will send me a box and her address so I may think her for the favor.

Very respectfully your friend, Sergt. J. H. Sutton Company "D," 31st Ga. Vol. Reg't. Ft. Delaware Prison

Ruth Sutton O. Reddick, Great-granddaughter John D. Kennedy Chapter # 308, Camden

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JOHN JACOB WANNAMAKER

Excerpts from South Carolina Secedes, by John Amasa May and Joan Reynolds Faunt:

John Jacob Wannamaker, successful planter, minister, and signer of the Ordinance of Secession, was born in Orangeburg District, July 29, 1801, the son of the Rev. Jacob Wannamaker and Mary Miller Wannamaker . . . Wannamaker was elected a delegate to the Secession Convention from St. Matthews Parish, Orangeburg, District, SC, and signed the Ordinance. As a minister, he also served in rotation as chaplain of the Convention. Two of his sons served throughout the war, and Wannamaker contributed both his money and supplies. He died February 23, 1864, at his home and was buried in the family burying ground on "Aeolian Hill" farm about two miles from the town of St. Matthews.

Mary Hardin Keitt Hinton, Great-granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

PETER RANSOM DAVIS WATKINS

Peter Ransom Davis Watkins, my great-grandfather, was born in Petersburg, Virginia, in 1837 and moved to Union County, South Carolina, just prior to the War Between the States. On July 1, 1862, heeding the call of his country, he enlisted as a private in Benjamin Kennedy's Company K, Third Regiment of South Carolina Infantry at Spartanburg, SC. He fought as a member of Kershaw's Brigade until wounds suffered at Gettysburg and Chickamauga forced his hospitalization in Columbia, SC, where he was last listed on the roll of June 30, 1864. At the end of the war he was recuperating at his Union County home. Wounds suffered in the war resulted in the loss of an arm and a leg, yet he operated a thriving

agricultural business on his farm holdings until his death in 1894. He married Charlotte Ann Brock, my great-grandmother, in 1880 at the age of 43.

Descendants of Peter Ransom Davis Watkins have been active members of the UDC and Children of the Confederacy; among them are his granddaughter, Dottie Watkins Lloyd (my mother); his great-granddaughters, Fran Owens Lloyd, Furman Lloyd Edmonds, Dotsy Lloyd Boineau, and Mignon Puckett Beard; great-great-granddaughters Elizabeth Lloyd Boineau Lapham and DeVeaux Boineau Palmer; great-great-grandsons Robert Trippett Boineau, Jr., Bruce Carter Edmonds, Jr., and Creighton Woolworth Edmonds; and great-great-grandchildren Robert Trippett Boineau, III, Caroline DeVeaux Boineau, Alexandra Dotsy Boineau, Francis Clarke Palmer, III, Andrew Robert Palmer, and Emily DeVeaux Palmer.

All of the above great-great-grandchildren, as well as great-great-grandchildren Elizabeth Lapham, DeVeaux Palmer, and Trippett Boineau, Jr., are also direct descendants of Colonel Ellerbe Boggan Crawford Cash and his wife, Allan Ellerbe. Colonel Cash volunteered when war commenced and was elected Colonel of the Eighth South Carolina Regiment.

Emily, Andrew, and Clarke Palmer, II, have the unique distinction of being the only three children in the 101-year history of the United Daughters of the Confederacy to have both of their grandmothers be accorded the honor of serving as President General of the UDC - Margaret Senn Palmer, 1994 - 1996, and Dotsy Lloyd Boineau, 1980 - 1982.

It has been my privilege to honor Peter Ransom Davis Watkins with 42 years of active membership in the United Daughters of the Confederacy, realizing that Love Makes Memory Eternal.

Dotsy Lloyd Boineau, Great-granddaughter Columbia Chapter # 1711

LOUIS LANDRUM WINGO

29 January, 1862, was a very sad day in the home of John T. and Cynthia Wood Wingo. Their son, my grandfather, Louis Landrum Wingo, and two of his brothers left that morning to join the cause of the Confederacy. They enlisted in Company C of the 4th Battalion of SC Infantry at Camp Hampton, near Columbia, SC. This company became Company E of the 2nd Regiment of Cavalry, SC Volunteers. For the remainder of the war they remained with this outfit, a component of General Wade Hampton's brigade, under the command of General J. E. B. "Jeb" Stuart. There were eight sons and all served in the War, two having joined earlier and three later, all joining at different times.

My grandfather died prior to my birth so I never knew him. My father told us a lot about the things he had told him. He told how they had scouted the enemy many times, often

skirmishing and fighting. He felt the cavalry was the eyes and ears of the army, much like the role played by tank units in modern warfare. In addition to acting as scouts they were support troops, mending broken lines, patrolling the flanks, and supplying information on enemy movement and strengths. He evidently thought very high of General Jeb Stuart as he named one of his sons "Stuart."

Louis Landrum Wingo was made 3rd Corporal and later promoted to 2nd Corporal. On at least one occasion he returned to South Carolina to recruit horses.

The cavalry was most active throughout the War, engaging in numerous skirmishes and battles along with scouting and other duties. These include an incident as they were moving toward Gettysburg. As they arrived in Rockville, Maryland, information was received of a large train of wagons on its way to join Meade's army. The SC 2nd Cavalry halted the train and captured 125 wagons and all of their animals belonging to the train. The supplies were badly needed by the Confederates and the question was whether to destroy wagons and supplies or to save them and carry them along. To do the latter would slow the movement of the cavalry considerably. Due to the dire need for supplies it was decided to carry them and for this they were delayed in reaching Gettysburg, a decision that has been discussed by tacticians and historians to this day.

Upon arriving in Gettysburg they engaged the enemy in dismounted hand-to-hand combat. The men and horses were dead tired from the hard three days and nights march with the captured wagons from Rockville. This was a very fierce battle.

Louis Landrum Wingo was born 15 February, 1836, in Spartanburg County, SC, and died 9 March, 1913, at Wellford, SC, and was buried in the Mount Zion Baptist Church Cemetery, a few miles northwest of Spartanburg.

My two maternal great-grandfathers and a maternal great-uncle also fought with the Confederacy. A total of eleven ancestors were involved; several were wounded, however all returned home safely except for a great-grandfather who died in a hospital in Lynchburg, Virginia. He is one of 2,701 Confederates buried in marked graves in the Immaculate Confederate Cemetery in Lynchburg.

Revelie Wingo-Brannon, Granddaughter John C. Calhoun Chapter # 945, Clemson

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JACOB SMITH YOUNGBLOOD

Capt. Jacob Smith Youngblood was born in Edgefield, SC, June 13, 1836. He was the son of Erasmus Youngblood and Eliza Wigfall, who was a sister of Senator Louis T. Wigfall of Texas. Capt. J. S. Youngblood graduated from the Male Academy. His classmate was M. C. Butler.

M. C. Butler wrote the following tribute to Mr. Youngblood whom he loved as a brother:

The death of our friend Jacob Smith Youngblood, known as "Jake," on the morning of November 14, 1880, recalls scenes and incidents in Edgefield which his and our earlier days were associated pleasant & joyous days they were but the memory of them is tinged with sadness now by the accompanying reflection that so many of the actors have passed off the stage of life. Death has done its work vigorously and the fortunes of life have scattered those of us who survive. Jake Youngblood made no pretentions to being a society man and yet there were few more congenial & agreeable & none more respectful & considerately polite. He was not given to ostentation or parade, nor had he ambitions for the showy prizes of life, but was by no means lacking in intellectual ability. He preferred the shades & quiet & devoted much of his time to Shakespeare, from which he could quote long extracts from memory. And in the sphere selected by him for his walk of life no man ever did his duty more conscientiously to his country & no man ever discharged his duty, whether to his family, friend or his country, more thoroughly than he, because it was a duty.

Jake was admitted to the bar where he practiced until the beginning of the War, when he enlisted in the first company that left Edgefield and joined Gregg's First Regiment, SC Volunteers. Jake rose to the rank of captain & served to the end of the war in this command. His regiment was drilled to heavy artillery & participated in the defense of Charleston until that city was evacuated February 16, 1865, when it took the field and was in the battle of Averasboro & Bentonville and surrendered with Johnston's army in North Carolina. He was a great favorite with his brother officers and was brave & considerate.

Ruby Wooten, Great-great-niece, and Janice Cook Edgefield Chapter # 1018

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Abbot, J. Percival Abernathy, John Abernathy, Williford Abney, Dr. Ezra S. Abney, George P. Abney, Jacob Abney, James C. Abney, John Kibler Abrams, Simron Samuel Acker, Edwin Halbert Ackerman, Hugo Grotus Adair, Isaac James Adair, Quilla Quincy Adair, Robert Press Adams, Dave Leonidas Adams, Jesse Bethea Adams, Joel Robert Adams, John D. Adams, John Hutchinson Adams, John Thomas Adams, Samuel Thomas Adams, Thomas John Adams, William E. Adams, William Addison, Brazil Addison, James F. Addison, James R. Adger, Andrew Moffett Adger, Joseph Ellison Adkins, John J. Ahrens, John Aiken, Stephen Aimar, Charles Pons Aimar, George Washington Albers, Herman Henry Aldred, William M. Aldrick, James Thomas Alexander, James Francis Alexander, James M. Alexander, Jesse T. Alexander, Joseph Carson Alexander, Joseph Samuel Alexander, Pickens Alexander, Richard Henry Alexander, Warren Washington Alexander, William Andrew Alford, Jesse Allen, Daniel C. Allen, Eber Sylvester Allen, Elmore Allen, James H. Allen, James Henry

Allen, James Watson Allen, Luther Allen, William L. Allen, William T. Allen, Woodward Allgood, Joel Franklin Allgood, William Barnett Allison, Benjamin Franklin Allison, Thomas Pinckney Allison, William Barry Allison, William S. Allman, William Clay Allston, Benjamin Allston, Charles Petigru Alston, D. Theodoius Allston, Peter Bacot Alston, Thomas Pinckney Altman, Samuel S. Altman, Stephen Altman, William S. Amick, John Jacob Amos, James T. Anderson, Ausey Anderson, Briley Ham Anderson, James Foster Anderson, James Gable Anderson, Robert P. Anderson, Robert Wright Anderson, Samuel C. Anderson, Stephens H. Anderson, Thomas Kinard Anderson, Thomas Melville Anderson, William Wallace Andrews, Frederick Wistar Andrews, Henry M. Andrews, Welbern James Angel, Isaac Waight Anthony, Daniel Antley, Jacob William Archer, Joseph Ardis, Abram Armistead, Andrew Dewees Armstrong, Alexander Duval Armstrong, Archibold Armstrong, D. Isaac Armstrong, Dempsy Armstrong, George W. Armstrong, James Overton Armstrong, William H.

Ashburn, William Warren Ashley, Aaron Ashley, Jesse T. Ashley, John Thomas Ashley, William Ashmore, William Henry Atkins, Benjamin Atkinson, Jesse Atkinson, Joseph Henry Austin, Frances Marion Austin, William A. Avant, Benjamin Franklin Avinger, Alexander Pinckney Avinger, George W. Avinger, George Washington Avinger, James I. Avcock, Josiah Aver. William Franklin Ayers, John Joseph Avers, Jonathan Stone Babb, Joseph Wells Babb. Thaddeus Backman, William K. Bacot, Daniel Huger Bacot, Pierre Baggett, Wiley J. Bagwell, Wiley Hayes Bailey, Clarence Bailey, Constantine Bailey, Thomas James Bair, John W. Baker, Henry Hyrne Baker, John Grant Baker, John James Baker Jon Harris Baker, John M. Baker, Theodore G. Ball, Elias Ball, Isaac Ball, William James Ballar, Thomas W. Ballard, Wane Wilder Ballenger, David Ballenger, James Alexander Ballenger, Richard D. Ballentine, John William Ballew, Davis Banks, Alexander Robinson Banks, John F. Banks, William W. Barbot, Charles Decimus Bardin, Jesse Angus

Arnold, Anderson Huriah

Arrants, James William

Ash, William Selby

Barker, Fred Garvin Barkley, Rufus C. Barmore, William C. Barner, Henry H. Barnett, Benjamin Joseph Barnwell, Joseph W. Barnwell, Nathaniel Berner Barr, Benjamin Jefferson Barr, Daniel Thomas Barratt, John Gaul Barringer, John Barron, John Leroy Barron, Samuel DeKalb Barron, Stephen Powell Barron, William Alexander Barry, John Henderson Barry, Thadeus Bartley, Nathan L. Barton, Benjamin Franklin Barton, Francis Barton, Francis Stebbins Barton, W. S. Bass, Alexander Campbell Bates, Andrew Jackson Bates, Lucius Bellinger Bates, Thomas Bateman, Scarborough Z. Battle, Benjamin F. Baxter, Daniel F. Beach, Wesley P. Beacham, Hartwell Lowery Beam, William Posey Bean, Joseph S. Bearden, Andrew Beardon, William Thomas Beaty, C. S. Beaty, James Sadler Beaty, John Robertson Beaty, John Robinson Beaty, Samuel Stephenson Beauford, Byrd Beck, Arthur Beck, Samuel M. Beckman, John Theodore Beckman, William W. Becknell, Charles Wesley Bee, Robert Behrmane, Henry Bell, Ebenezer Havne Bell, James Joseph Bell, William

Bellinger, A. W.

Belue, Thomas, Jr. Belvin, William Tyree Benbow, Henry L. Benjamin, John Roberson Bennett, John T. Bennett, Thomas Henderson Bennett, Young Emanuel Benson, W. Alexander Bentley, A. Griffin Bentley, John B. Benton, Edward J. Bergmann, Charles H. Berry, James Owen Berry, Stephen N. Berryhill, William H. Best, George C. Best, Samuel Burton Bethes, Edwin Allison Bethune, John C. Betsill. Robert Jefferson Bigham, Newton N. Bird, John Styles Birchett, George Keith Bischoff, John C. W. Bischoff, N. Bishop, Josiah S. Bishop, William Perry Bittle, John Wesley Black, Alexander Daniel Black, Calvin Black, David Black, Edward A. Black, Henry Solomon Black, John Newton Black, Paul Black, Samuel Chapman Black, William Augustus Blackwell, Josiah Sandford Blackwell, Moore C. Blackwell. Thomas Richard Blair, James Pat Blair, Samuel Blair, William McConnell Blake, Ezekiel W. Blake, James Ezekial Blake, Julius A. Blakely, Franklin Newport Blakely, James Wilson Blakely, William Rush Blankenship, Thomas H. Blamyer, William Blamyes, William Frances

Blanchette, William Zachariah Blasingame, J. T. Blount, Richard Henry Jasper Bluett, Alfred J. Boag, Theo G. Board, William H. Boatwright, Sumpter Bobo, Chanev Briggs Bobo, Edwin Henry Bochette, Charles Lafavette Bogan, Isaac Christopher Boggs, Aaron Boggs, John Thomas Boggs, Milton Reese Boggs, Thomas Hamilton Boinest, John E. Boiter, Alexander Bolding, William Nelson Bolin, William Riley Bond, Albert Bond, Sobeski Louis Bookman, Carroll Boothe, R. A. Boozer, Cornelius Presley Boozer, Frank Boozer, Rufus Calvin Borders, James A. Bost, Joseph Mekeffey Bosteck, Andrew Jackson Bostick, Benjamin Robert, Jr. Botts, Charles Alexander Botts, Thomas A. Bouknight, Anderson Pinckney Bouknight, Daniel Pinckney Bouknight, Isaiah M. Bouknight, James W. Bouknight, John Martin Bouknight, Joseph Huiet Boulware, Benjamin Franklin Bowers, W. B. Bowie, Jacob Howard Bowles, James W. Bowen, W. J. Bowen, W. L. L. Bowers, Jacob A. Bowie, Jacob Howard Bowles, Hugh Washington Boykin, Manley Howard Box, Thomas Jefferson Boyd, Calhoun Fair Boyd, George Washington Boyd, Sanford

Boykin, A. Hamilton Boykin, Edward M. Bovkin, Samuel Boyle, William A. Boylsten, Samuel Cordes Bozeman, David Lilly Brabham, Alfred Brabham, John Fletcher Brabham, Matthew Meve Brabson, W. T. Bracey, Thomas Wright Bracknell, John J. Bradbury, Anderson Bradbury, James Christopher Braddock, John Braddy, William W. Bradham, Edward Manly Bradham, John Fletcher Bradham, Joseph Josiah Bradham, William C. Bradley, John Edward Bradley, John Wesley Brady, Isons McKinley Brailsford, William Welcorne Bramlett, John W. Bramlett, Joseph Franklin Branch, Thos. P. Brand, William S. Brannon, Augustus Brant, William Brantley, William Pinckney Brawley, W. H. Brazell, Jacob Ross Breese, Steward Van Vechten Brett, Matthew Josephus Brewer, W. D. Brice, Calvin Briggs, Richard Regin Bright, William Wood Field Brinkley, Henry Britton Bristow, Charles William Britt, Thomas J. Britton, Charles Steven Britton, William Hugh Paisley Broadwater, Nicholas Lowe Broadwater, P. H. Brockington, Benjamin Franklin Brockman, Benjamin Thomas Brockman, Garrett Mason Brockman, Mason Brockman, William Brodie, B. L.

Brogdon, Benoni Whitherspoon Brogdon, John Bagnal Brogdon, John Ingram Brooks, Charles Elisha Brooks, Harden Hairston Brooks, James Brooks, James Carroll Brooks, L. Robert Brooks, Rhodom Mavie Brooks, Thomas Jefferson Broom, John B. Broom, Samuel W. Broughton, James Marion Browder, William Joseph Brown, Asa C. Brown, Charles Pinckney Brown, Daniel Washington Brown, Elias Brown, George Washington Brown, Henry Brown, J. J. Brown, James D. Brown, James Thornton Brown, James Waleman Brown, John Christopher Sims Brown, Joseph Brown, Larkin Matthew Brown, Malcolm Bradford Brown, Matthew Sanford Brown, Rufus Franklin Brown, Simon Brown William Brown, William Jefferson Brown, William Kerkby Brown, William Rufus Brown, William James Browning, Andrew Flinn_ Bruce, James Postell Bruce, L. D., Sr. Brucky, Fritz Bruns, Robert Steward Brunson, Charles William Brunson, Joseph Woods Brunson, William Edgar Bruorton, Henry William Brux, J. A. Bryan, Brantley Butler Bryan, George D. Bryan, John James Bryant, Pinckney Bryson, James Hilliary

Buchanan, John Robert Buchanan, Thomas Joshua Buck, Felix Buist, R. A. Buland, John William Bull, Ira Porter Bull, William Izard Bullock, Carey Bullock, John Bunton, James D. Bunch, Elisha Capers Burch, Fristram Thomas Burckmyer, Cornelius L. Burge, John William Burgess, Crawford T. Burgess, James Auld Burgess, James B. Burgess, Paul W. Burgess, Washington Jackson Burgess, William L. Burden, Marion Burley, Hartwell H. Burnett, John William Burney, John M. Burns, James Robert Burt, Armistead Bushnell, Abner Lester Bussey, George Washington Butler, Andrew Pickens Butler, Fluford Rayford Butler, George Gibbs Butler, George Seth Butler, John Campbell Butler, William Buzardt, Joseph T. Byars, Lorenzo Newton Byington, Henry K. Byrd, Beauford Byrd, David William Byrd, John Wesley, Jr. Byrd, James A. Byrd, Robert J. Byrd, Stephen Decatur Miller Caffey, Hugh William Cagle, Calvin C. Cain, Edward G. Cain, Wiley Cain, William Odil Cairns, Theodore E. Caldwell, Robert Calvin Caldwell, William Simpson Calhoun, John Wesley

Bryson, Marion Newton

Calhoun, Silas C. Callahan, S. W. Callaway, Merrel Callison, James Camp, Joseph Alexander

Campbell, Alexander L.

Campbell, Austin

Campbell, Columbus Washington

Campbell, Ebenezer Campbell, Francis Lee Campbell, Jessie McDuffie Campbell, John Chapman Campbell, John Wesley Campbell, Lafavette Campbell, Leonard Campbell, Robert Campbell, Stephen A.

Campbell, Terry Torrence Campbell, Theophilus

Campbell, Thomas A. F. Campbell, Thomas Cole

Campbell, William Jefferson

Canady, Daniel Shieder Cannon, George, Jr. Cannon, John Westly

Cantley, William D.

Cantlow, Rainsford Capers, Ellison

Carlisle, Richard Coleman Carlisle, Thomas Franklin

Careble, Henry Alexander

Carlton, James M.

Carn, Elbert Lewis

Carnes, William Alexander Carpenter, Anderson Pinckney

Carpenter, Kinchen Jahu Carraway, James Franklin

Carraway, John Jacob Carrere, Charles Edward

-Carrington, Waring Parker

Carroll, Joseph Williams

Carroll, Milus Smith

Carroll, Patrick

Carroll, William H.

Carson, Jacob William

Carson, James A.

Carson, James Marsh

Carson, John

Carson, John Richard Cart, Francis Guerin Carter, James Edward Carter, James Kilgo

Carter, John Calvin Carter, Melvin Edward

Carter, William

Cartwright, Matthew Thomas

Cash, Arthur

Cashion, James Henry Caskey, John Harper

Caskey, Wylie T.

Caston, Asia Minor

Cathey, Benjamin Hamilton Cauble, Henry Alexander

Caughman, Augustus Henry

Caughman, Henry Isaac

Caughman, John D.

Caughman, John Godfrey

Cave, Jessie Millidge Cawood, Thos. W.

Chamblee, Daniel Seaborn

Champman, Robert B. Channell, James Newton

Chaney, Beverly Wade

Chapean, F. F.

Chaplin, James Hagood Chaplin, Richard Wukkuan

Chaplin, Saxby

Chapman, Thomas Jefferson

Chapman, William Henry

Chappel, O. F. Chazal, J. P.

Charles, Joel David Chasteen, Fred Garvin

Cheatham, William Jasper

Cheek, Ellis

Cheek, William Pruit

Cheves, Langdon Chickester, C. E.

Childers, Ezekiel

Chiles, John Hearst

Childress, John R.

Chisolm, Julian J.

Chitwood. William Parker

Christmas, Jesse A. W. Chupp, Jesse Golder

Church, Charles A. D.

Church, John Allen Clanton, Robert Kearney

Clark, James Hiram

Clark, Walter Alvis

Clarkson, McGrady Edward

Clardy, John Franklin Clardy, Larkin Gambrell

Clark, John William

Clark, Michael Watson

Clark, Wilburn Drury

Clarke, Henry Basford

Clary, William J.

Claussen, I. C. Clayton, F. Van

Claxton, Charlie Thomas

Clement, Albert Patterson

Clement, John Pinckney

Clements, Peter

Clemmons, Aaron Thomas

Cleveland, Eli Elias Harrison Earle

Cleveland, Lewallen Gilliam

Clifton, George W. Clifton, Harrison

Clifton, John S., Jr.

Clinkscales, Benjamin Thaddeus

Clinkscales, John B. Clinkscales, Levi Newton

Clinkscales, Silas W.

Clinton, Samuel J. Erwin

Clowney, Neses

Clowney, R. C. Coats, Hegekiah

Cobb, John Berry

Cobia, James Nicholas

Cockren, T. W.

Cody, Barnett Hardeman

Cogburn, John H.

Cohen, Asher D.

Cohen, Cusavous A.

Cohen, Fischel

Coker, James Lide Coker, Wilson

Cokes, Yancy

Colcock, William F.

Cole, William Winslow

Coleman, Alexander Pickens Coleman, Franklin Wallace

Coleman, George Washington

Coleman, James Henry

Coleman, John

Coleman, John Albert Feaster

Colley, Joseph Berry

Collins, Benjamin Grier Collins, Henry

Collins, Hugh Godbold

Collins, John

Collins, John Welborn

Collins, Valentine

Colquitt, Alfred Holt

Colvin, Nicholas Jason

Conan, James Addison

Conley, Jason

Corn, John Floyd

Connelly, William Lester

Conner, Feil James

Connor, William I.

Connor, W. M.

Connor, Wilson Warren

Cook, Francis Asberry

Cook, William

Cook, William Forshee

Cooley, John

Cooner, Nicholas Grange

Cooper, John Adams

Cooper, Noah Bryant

Cooper, Russell

Cooper, Thos. W.

Cooper, William Ebenezar Patrick

Cooper, William Hope

Copeland, Jacob Lazarus

Copeland, Leisel Watts

Copeland, William W.

Corbett, James Joseph

Corbin, James Daniel

Cordell, James Mitchell

Cordes, Alexander Watson

Cothran, J. L.

Cotter, Patrick Francis

Cotter, William Jasper

Coulter, Phillip Agustus

Couner, Geil James

Couper, William Page

Courtney, James S.

Courtney, Jesse K.

Courtney, John

Courtney, Jonathan Fuller

Courtney, Jordan B.

Courtney, William J.

Cousins, Theodore E.

Covar, Charles Glover

Covington, Robert

Covington, Samuel Potter

Cowan, Charles Wesley

Coward, Asbury

Cox, A. A.

Cox, Benjamin Seaborn

Cox, Carwyle

Cox, George William

Cox, James Archie

Cox, James Mattison

Cox, John Richard

Cox, Uz William

Cox, William Wilson

Craig, Arthur R.

Craig, Charles W.

Crain, William Daniel

Crane, John S.

Crapa, Paul Hamilton

Crater, Allen

Crawford, James M.

Crawford, John Andrew

Crawford, Philip William

Crawford, Robert Wesley

Crawford, Samuel Messer

Crawley, George Fitzhugh

Creech, Frank Henry

Creech, Henry William

Creed, Basil Overstreet

Creinen, John Chase

Crenshaw, John S.

Crenshaw, Samuel Lemord

Crews, Thomas Bissell

Cribb, George Talley

Crim, D. G.

Crisp, George L.

Crites, William C.

Crittenden, Stanley Stephen

Crocker, Rufus Marion

Crockett, Davis McKenzie

Cromer, George Andrew W.

Cromwell, S. T.

Crosby, Allen Buchanan

Crosby, Henry

Crosby, Lawrence C.

Crosby, William Walker

Crosland, William

Cross, Robert Clay

Crosswell, James

Crosswell, William Kennedy

Crouch, Jacob Wesley

Crouch, Wade Allen

Crout, Ephriam

Crump, Ezakiel Lewis

Croxton, John Quincy

Cullum, James Colwell

Cullum, William Eldredge

Culp, John Ripley

Culpepper, Evander John

Culpepper, James Daniel

Cumming, Robert Lafavette

Cummings, Thaddeus Josiah

Cunningham, Enock Lafavette

Cunningham, George A.

Cunningham, Joseph Alexander

Cunningham, John Smith

Cunningham, John Stover Cureton, James Douglass

Cureton, Thomas Jefferson

Curlee, William A.

Curry, William A.

Curtis, Arthur Franklin

Curtis, Francis Orlando

Cuttino, William Henry

Daly, John

Daily, John T.

Dalton, James Taylor

Daniel, Calvin Jackson

Daniel, James Wright

Daniel, John Hall

Daniel, John M.

Daniels, William Benjamin

Dantzler, Abram

Dantzler, David

Dantzler, James Andrew

Darby, John Thompson

Dargan, John Julius

Darneille, Phillip A.

Davis, Andrew Louis Davis, Asa Patton

Davis, Benjamin Franklin

Davis, James Leorell

Davis, John

Davis, John Wesley

Davis, Julius J.

Davis, Matthew Anderson

Davis, Morgan A.

Davis, Robert Pickens

Davis, Thomas Winfield

Davis, William Charles

Davis, William Marson

Davis, W. R.

Davis, Zimmerman

Davison, Davis Reese

Dawson, Francis Warring

Day, Benjamin Franklin Day, Elias

Day, John Evans

Day, John Gardington

Deal, Joseph C.

Dean, Alvin Henry

Dean, George Bobo

Dean, James Jefferson, Sr.

Dean, James Madison

Dean, Samuel Pickins Dean, William Marion

De Bardeleben, Arthur Warren

DeLaughter, James Pickens DeLauhmutt, John Michael DeLaussure, Louis D. DeLee, John Dellinger, George Washington Dendy, Marshall Bertrand Denham, Shadrock M. B. Dent. James Nathanial DePriest, James Randolf Dermard, Wiley Floyd Derrick, James Andrew Derry, Joseph Tyrone DeSaussure, Charles Alfred Desaussure, Louis McPherson DeShields, Austin Yancy Dewees, Thomas H. DeWitt, Samuel Bacot Diamond, Jim Dickert, Alice Ophelia Dickert, Jesse Cornelius Dickert, William T. Dickey, Jerome Dickinson, William Jackson Dickson, James William Yongue Dickson, John Milton Dickson, Joseph Lelon Dietz, Matthew Dill, Elijah Dill, Elizah Dill, Jesse B. Dill, Jesse E. Dillard, George Maddison Dillard, William Young Dillon, Edward Dillingham, Joshua Dingle, G. Westley Discher, Paul Divine, George Lindsay Divise, George Linder -Dixon, Albert O. Dixon, Rufus Orlander Dixon, W. B. Doar, Thos. W. Doares, James Daniel Dobbins, George William Dodds, Ruben Moses Dodson, George W. Doggett, James Galing Doggett, James Lewis Doggett, John Hawkins Doggett, Micaiah Hawkins

Doggett, Peter Bedford

Doggett, Rufus Plato Doggett, William Decatur Dominick. Henry Middleton Donald David Lewis Dorn. John Jefferson Doty, Aristiffus Doud. Owen Douglas, George Basketville Douthit, Gambell McPherson Dover, Samuel Lachary Dowtin, David Warren Dozier, John Franklin Dozier, Thomas Jefferson Drake, James Driver, Benjamin DuBose, Henry James DuBose, Henry Young DuBose, John Wesley DuBose, Sewell DuBose, Theodore DuBose, Thomas Daniel Duckett, Thomas J. Duckett, William Lafayette Duckworth, Francis Marion Duckworth, William Russell Dudley, Thomas Edward Dunlap, Thomas Franklin Dunlap, William Dowling Dunning, John James Dunovant, Robert Gill Mills DuPont, Wilfred Durant, Daniel Durden, Berry W. Durrence, John H. **DuTart** James Elias Duva, William Huggins Dyches, Isaac A. Dykes, Thomas Earle, Wilton Robinson Easterby, John Marion Easterling, Christopher Dudley Easterling, Harris Rollings Easterling, Henry Easterling, William Thaddeus Eatherly, Benjamin Hamilton Echols, James Walter Edens, Samuel Edmunds, John Francis Edwards, Ira Jones Edwards, James F. Edwards, James Madison Edwards, John

Edwards, John Turnbull Edwards, William Howard Eleazer, Robert J. Elfe, Robert E. Elias, Louis, Jr. Elliott, Stephen Elliott, Thomas Elliott, Washington Franklin Ellis, A. Rice Ellis, Charles L. Ellis, F. H. Ellis, Stephen Grattan Ellison, Hugh A. Elmore, Allen Elmore, William B. Elrod, A. W. Elrod, Elijah W. Elrod, Everett V. Elvington, George Washington Emanuel, Charles Lide Emerson, Samuel Jasper Epperson, Nicholas Epps, John Peter Epps, William Epting, George Adam Erchmann, Charles Gustan Ergle, Daniel P. Ervin, Evander McIver Erwin, James Daniel Etheridge, Calvin Evans, John Berry Evans, Thomas Peter Fairfield, Nathaniel Holley Falls, Elias Carroll Fant, William Francis Marion Farmer, Ceabuin Farmer, James Jordon Farmer, Simcon Farris, Elias Newton Farrow, Marion Levi Farrow, Thomas Stobs Faulkner, John Jack Feagan, John Henry Felker, Jacob William Fellers, Henry Thomas Fellers, Jacob Bazeel Ferguson, G. W. Ferguson, Garland Simer Ferguson, Hugh Ferguson, John Ferguson, John Newton Few, James

Fewell, Alexander Faulkner Fewell, Vranus J. Ficker, John F. Fickling, Henry Samuel Field, Jas. G. Field, Oliver Perry Fillyaw, DeLeon Fincher, William S. Finklea, John Wesley Finkler, Samuel Benjamin Finley, John Robert Finn, Richard P. Filebaugh, Samuel Andrew Fishburne, William R. Fite, Andrew Jackson Fitz Simmons, Christopher Flagler, Alonzo William Flake, James T. Flake, John William Flake, Joseph R. Flake, Robert Jordan Flake, Thomas B. Fleming, Ferguson Alexander Fleming, Thomas Mann Fleming, Warren Sumter Fletcher, William Joseph Flewellen, James Randall Flinn, J. W. Floyd, Harrison Decatur Floyd, James Barney Floyd, I. Pinckney Flowers, J. Nicholas Flud, Daniel Flynn, Daniel Flynt, Tillman Willis Fogle, Peter McDonald Fogle, William John Snider Folk, Jesse Cornelius Folk, John Jacob Folsom, Wm. Wesley Forbes, Harley Franklin Ford, A. H. Ford, William Andrew Fore, Henry James Foreman, Jesse J. Forrester, Edwin H. Forsythe, William Jackson Fort, John Leonard Fort, William Acrill Fortescue, James Thomas Foster, Nathaniel Foster, Reuben James

Foster, Wm. Smith Fountain, Hugh Ervin Fowler, Andrew D. Fowler, Charles E. Fowler, Eber Fowler, Moses Henry Fowler, Moses T. Fox, John Richard Perry Foxworth, Calvin Bailey Franklin, Avery C. Franklin, William Riley Fraysse, Jacob Stevens Frazier, Joseiah C. Free, Davis Belton Freeman, Barney Lynn Freeman, David Thomas Frick, Robert W. Friedheim, Arnold Frierson, James Julian Frith, B. J. Frost, Charles Edward Frost, Francis Le Jan Frost, Thomas, Jr. Fulghum, James Thomas Fulton, Edwin Alonza Funderburk, George Washington Furlong, Richard Furman, C. M. Furtick, Granville Artenys Gaffney, William W. Gillard, John West Gaillard, Peter C. Gaillard, Wm. D. Gaillard, William Henry Gales, Richard White Gallaway, George DuRant Galloway, Pipkin Gamble, Andrew Ackson Gambrell, Matthew Terry Gambrell, James Gandy, James Lafayette Gantt, Benjamin Franklin Gantt, James W. Gantt, Reeves Veal Gantt, Villiam M. Gardin, George Henry Gardner, Andrew F. Gardner, Henry Neal Gardner, Peter T. Garlington, Benjamin Conway Garlington, Henry William

Garlington, T. C. Garner, Asbury G. Garner, Joseph J. Garrett, David Moore Garrett, Robert Lewis Garrick, James Perry Garrison, Joel B. Garrison, Levi Walter Garrison, Levi Washington Garrison, Peter Garrison, Wm. Dunkling Garvin, Emanuel Gary, Martin Hilary Gaskin, Joseph Burwell Gasque, Henry Gasque, Wilson Gaston, Amzi Williford Gaston, John Thomas Gaston, Josiah Perry Gaston, William Harrison Gault, Wm. Henry Gayn, John Wesley Gay, Lewis Gay, Matthew Gayle, John Zelotos Geer, Thomas Jefferson Geiger, Franklin Jacob George, John N. Geddie, Alexander Gervius, Paul Trapier Gibbon, George E. Gibbs, James P. Gibson, Hirman Alexander Hamilton Gibson, James Wiley Gibson, John Glinn Gibson, John Gilbert, Jacob H. Gilbert, Milton Logan Gilbert, Robert Norval Gilchrist, Abrum Gilchrist, Robert Cogdell Gill, James Archibald Gilland, Thomas McDonell Gillard, Peter Charles Gillespie, Carter Wilson Gillis, John A. Gilmer, Crawford Barbae Gilstrap, Ephriam Gingrey, Daniel Walton Gladden, Adley H. Glenn, Francis Glenn, John Fletcher

Garlington, John, Jr.

Glover, George

Glover, Mitchell Oneil

Glover, Thomas Harrison

Godfrey, Isaac G.

Godfrey, James W.

Goforth, James A.

Going, William George Washington

Goldsmith, A. A.

Good, James William

Goodale, John Rowland

Goode, James Milton Webb

Goode, John Waters

Goode, Samuel Watkins

Gooding, John Jacob

Gooding, William James

Goodrick, George Charles

Goodson, Vardrey McBee

Goodman, Samuel Gilliam

Goodwin, James

Goodwin, James, Jr.

Goodwin, Thomas B.

Gordon, Alfred Bloomfield

Gordon, Charles Lewis

Gordon, Robert M.

Gore, Clavin Cornelius

Gore, John

Gossett, Alfred Clark

Gossett, William

Goude, Joseph

Goude, Mathew

Gourdin, John Keith Gallard

Grady, Frederick Franklin

Grady, James Lafavette

Graham, Benjamin Churchill

Graham, George Haldane

Graham, Jas. DuPre

Graham, James Madison

Graham, Robert Fladger

Graham, Samuel Robert Harper

Gramling, Fredrick Henry

Gramling, Zachariah Edward

Grantham, James Pinckney

Gray, David G.

Grav, F. F.

Gray, Jabez

Gray, Joseph James

Grayson, John Milton

Green, John All

Green, George Zackeras

Green, Henry Davis

Green, Robert B. R.

Green, William Franklin

Greene, Howell H.

Greene, Thomas Franklin

Greene, William Benson

Greer, James Franklin

Greer, John Franklin

Greer, T. Jeff

Gregg, Wesley L.

Gregg, William

Gregorie, Alexander Frazier

Gregorie, Henry H.

Gregorie, Isaac McPherson

Gregorie, J. W.

Gregorie, James M.

Gregorie, John White

Gregory, George Washington

Greig, Benjamin

Gremeker, Thomas Ferguson

Grier, William Mofatt

Griffin, James Ambler

Griffin, John Nicholas

Griffin, Lewis Pinckney

Griffin, Richard

Griffin, Richard Simpson

Grissis, John Nicholas

Griffith, William C.

Grigg, Richard B.

Grinke, T. S.

Grooms, Nelson

Grovenstein, George W.

Grubbs, John Lucius

Grubbs, Richard W.

Grubbs, Waddy Thompson

Gruber, Christopher

Gue, Victor Adelson

Gunn, William Thomas

Gunter, Mansel T.

Gunter, Marshall

Gunter, Ucal

Gwinn, Josiah

Gwinn, Mansel

Hacker, Edward M.

Hacker, Francis B.

Hadden, Thomas Jefferson

Haguewood, Benjamin Alexander

Haig, H. M.

Haile, Robert Gaiens

Hall, Edward O.

Hall, H. S.

Hall, John S.

Hall, Lewis William

Hall, Stephen

Hall, Thomas

Hall, Thomas Jefferson

Hall, E. D.

Halleluston, Mary S.

Hallman, Thomas Wesley

Haltiwanger, John Jacob

Hamer, Abner C.

Hamer, Daniel Hicks

Hamer, Elijah C.

Hamer, Isaac

Hamer, James C.

Hamer, Robert Hicks

Hamer, Robert Pickett

Hamer, Robert Hicks

Hames, Isaac

Hames, James

Hames, Lemuel Baxter

Hames, Thaddeus Lemuel

Hames, William W.

Hamilton, Daniel H.

Hamilton, William Washington

Hamiter, Hilliard D.

Hammell, Michael

Hammond, Alner Lewis

Hammond, Christian Valentine

Hammond, Francis Rawleigh

Hammond, Hosea

Hammond, John LeRoy

Hampton, Geo. C.

Hampton, Josephus White

Hampton, Thomas Ephraim

Hamrick, Abram M.

Hamrick, Jonathon

Hanahan, Hobart Doan

Hanahan, J. S.

Hanahan, Ralph Bailey

Hance, James Washington

Hancket, Charles F.

Hancket, Thomas Means

Hanks, Luke Hanna, William James

Hanna, William Jefferson

Harbuck, William Asbury

Hardee, Benjamin Asbury

Hardee, Russell

Harden, Henry S. Harden, John Harvey

Hardin, Mark Bernard

Hardin, Ralph Lackey

Harding, Anderson Day Hardy, John J.

Hargrove, Alfred Laurin

Hargrove, Robert

Harleston, F. H. Harley, James Preston Harley, Lunsford Harley, Timothy Walter Harley, William Wragg Harling, John S. Harllee, Robert Zach Harllee, William Frederick Harley, Timothy Walter Harmon, Edwin Harmon, John Bernard Harmon, Phillip Alberry Harper, Edwin Harper, John R. Harper, W. A. Harrelson, James Howard Harris, Alexander Hall Harris, Andrew Harris, Benjamin Franklin Harris, David Golightly Harris, David H. Harris, George Washington Harris, James Alexander Harris, John Amos Harris, John Wesley Harris, Pinckney Harris, Thos. Dawson Harris, William Drawford Harris, William P. Harrison, Amos J. Harrison, Benjamin Frank Harrison, John J. Harrison, Thomas J. Harrison, Wm. Henry Hart, Daniel S. Hartnett, John Hartnett, Michael Harvey, George Harvey, William Godfrey Haselden, J., James Hasell, Andrew George Hasell, Phillip Gadsden Haskell, Joseph Cheves Haskins, Thomas Hastings, Robert Vance Hasty, James Archibald Hawkins, Pierce M. Hawkins, William H. Hawthorne, William Robert Hay, James Howell Hay, Joseph Benson Hayens, John H.

Haves, Benjamin Travis Hayes, Esastus W. Hayes, Henry Hill Haves, Joseph C. Haves, Peter Preston Haves, Tristam Benjamin Hayden, Norton Newell Havne, Isaac Hayne, Theodore Brevard Havnesworth, Moses Sanders Havs, Emanuel Hays, William B. Hazelden, Stephen Foxworth Godbold Hearin, James Madison Hearn, George Washington Hearst, William Carson Hefner, Jacob Hanson. Heise, Henry Christian Hellams, James Mathew Hembree, William I. Hemphil, Milton Barren Hemphil, Robert R. Hemphill, Robert Reid Henderson, James M. Henderson, Thos. Watland Henderson, Washington Earl Henderson, William Hendon, George Marion Hendricks, Henry William Hendricks, Mathew Hendrix, E. Lambert Hennecy, Solomon Joseph Henry, James Russell Henry, John E. Henry, Patrick Lenoin Heriot, Robert Laroche Heriot, William Booth Herndon, John Jason Herneken, George Daniel Herrin, Jesse Hermiah Hesse, Ernest Julius Hester, James Benjamin Hester, James Melton Hewetson, Ralph Edward Babington Hey, Joseph Benson Hey, Joseph Dunlap Heyward, Frank W. Heyward, Savage Heyward, Wm. Nathaniel Hicklin, Jason Calvin Hickman, Joseph Solomon

Hicks, Newton Constantine Heins, Henry Hiers, George S. Higgins, William W. Highsmith, Moses Hight, Benjamin Lewis Hightower, John William Hill, Hamilton James Hill, James Walter Hillard, Thomas Hilton, Nathaniel Hilton, Samuel Harrison Hilton, William Beckham Hines. Thomas Jefferson Hinson, Charles Robert Hinson, Isham Hinson, John William Hinson, Reuben Hinton, J. Thompson Hite, Stanmore Hodge, Irby William Hodge, Miles Edmond Hoffman, Jacob Alonzo Hoffmeyer, Gustavus Hogan, John Hoke, John Calvin Holcomb, John Holladay, Neighbor Harvin Holland, Asbury Morgan Holland, Blueford R. Holland, Edwin C. Holland, Isaac F. Holland, Thomas Jeptha Holland, William Yancy Holleman, H. Parker Holliday, Jesse Gray Hollings, D. Henry Hollingsworth, Enoch Holloway, Edward Holman, Burette Osborne Holmes, A. Baron Holmes, C. Rutledge Holmes, Edward Moody Holmes, Lewis Watson Holmes, Sherod Holmes, W. P. Holsten, Heraus Honour, Fred H. Honour, George M. Honour, J. L. Hodges, John Bailus Hood, George Alphense

Hicks, Daniel Morgan

Hood, Stephen Rior Hook, Axalla John Hook, John N. Hook, Joseph Sebastian Hoover, William Murphee Hope, Davis M. Hopkins, English Hopkins, James Hopkins, William Horme, William A. Horst, Arnoldus Vander Horton, Howell Foster Horton, John Calhoun Horton, William Taylor Hoskins, William Hough, James Madison Hough, Joel Hough, Minor Jackson Hough, Moses Hough, William Dickerson Howard, James Thomas Howard, T. Heyward Howe, John T. Howe, Julius Thomas Howell, George W. Howell, Jethre J. Howell, Samer Spencer Howell, Samuel A. Howell, William W. Howle, Thomas Epaphroditas Hovle, William Bell Hubbard, Robert Maxwell Hubbard, William James Hudgens, John M. Hudson, Joshua Hilary Hudson, Newman Hudson, Pleasant W. Hudson, Thomas Greenberry ·Hudson, Thomas Henry Hudson, Thomas Pliney Huev, Siemon Hyder Huff, John Henry Huger, Thomas Bee Huges, B. F. Huges, Walter H. Huges, W. H. Huggins, George Allen Huggins, George Samuel Briley Huggins, James Henry Montgomery Huggins, Mardell Oliver

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Hughes, Eneas Jessie

Hughes, Homes Henson Hughes, Samuel Hughes, Thomas Jefferson Hughes, Thos. W. Hughes, Warren Middleton Hughey, Joseph Lafayette Hughs, Henry P. Huguenin, Thomas A. Huguley, William Walter Humphrey, John Hunnicutt, James Madison Hunnicut, John Edwards Hunnicutt, Warren Wilburn Hunt. John H. Hunt, William Uriah Hunter, Henry Middleton Hunter, M. M. Huntley, George Jobe Hussey, John M. Hutchins, Clarence Linden Hutchinson, Joseph Hall Waring Hutson, Marion M. Hutto, Starling Hvatt, Isaac McFadden Hyder, Andrew K. W. Hyers, James Idol. Herbert Newton Inabinet, Charles G. Inabinet, Daniel Jacob Inglesley, Charles Ingraham, Duncan N. Ingraham, Wm. Gaillard Issertel, Richard Invester, Anderson Jackson, Alexander Jackson, Andrew Jackson, David Crocket Jackson, E. H. Jackson, George Washington Jackson, James Madison Jackson, Levi Jackson, Oliver S. Jackson, Pringle Urington Jackson, Samuel Watson Jackson, William Henry Jacobs, H. R. Jacobs, J. Christopher Jacobs, Nathan Jacobusky, Sidney David Jaeger, A. J.

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Jager, I. W.

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Jones, George Salley

Jones, Hampton Riley

Jones, Henry Marion

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Jones, James A.

Jones, James Aquilla

Jones, James Soards

Jones, John Emanuel

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Jones, Warren Hodges

Jones, William Thomas

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Jordan, Julius Bryant,

Jordan, Valentina Smith

Jordon, Waddy Thompson

Jordon, William Merritt

Josey, George Lafayette

Kaminer, George Adger

Kanapaux, Oscar Francis

Kay, Marion Hershel

Kay, Nimrod

Keaton, Reuben

Keeling, Littleton Madison

Keels, Daniel Ezra

Keener, Ephraim

Keisler, Joel, Jr.

Keith, John Alexander

Keitt, Ellison Summerfield

Keitt, Laurence Massillon

Keller, Henry E.

Keller, Thomas Kennerly

Kelley, Benjamin Pack

Kelly, General Jackson

Kelly, James M.

Kelly, William Aiken

Kempson, Michael Henry

Kempson, Michael L.

Kendrick, Thomas Lawson

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Kennedy, David Newton

Kennedy, John Muldrow

Kennedy, Michael Francis

Kennedy, William Henry

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Kenyen, William Allen

Kerrison, Charles, Jr.

Kesler, James M.

Ketchin, Robert Simpson

Ketchin, William Witherspoon

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Key, Richard Simkins

Kidd, William Henry

Kilcrease, Abram

Kilgore, Andrew Jackson

Killingsworth, Preston

Kilpatrick, Thomas Lerenze

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Kinard, Jefferson McDuffy

Kinard, John Martin

Kinard, John Phillip

Kinard, Thomas David

Kincaid, Jones Rufus

King, Allen

King, Alex Campbell

King, David Asbury

King, Francis Marion

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King, Julius Brockington

King, Miles

King, Mitchell

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King, Robert Canada

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King, William

Kinlock, Henry W.

Kinlock, John Millar

Kirby, William Edward

Kirk, John Patten

Kizer, Joel Wright

Kleckly, John Thomas

Knight, Daniel C.

Knight, Robert Henry

Knight, Sanford Vandiver

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Knotts, Benjamin Hansford

Knotts, Joseph Evander

Kolnitz, George F.

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Kramer, B. F.

Kuhlke, William Bernhardt

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Lambright, George William

Landers, Benjamin

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Lane, John C.

Lane, Joseph Laine

Lane, William Thomas

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Langdale, Josiah William Marmoduke

Langford, George Yarborough

Laney, J. Hugh

Langley, Samuel

Langston, Isaac

LaTar, Theodore Augustus

Latta, S. R.

Laughon, Hezekiah Calloway

Layton, A. Baxter

Layton, John M.

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Lawrence, Newton J.

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Lawton, Edward Bayson

Lawton, Robert L.

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Lea, William Pell, Jr.

Leaphart, Sherod Luther

Leavell, Richard Alexander

Lebby, Thomas D.

LeBlanc, Alexis Pierre Ledbetter, Daniel Olex

Ledford, Jesse

Lee, George Washington

Lee, Enoch W.

Lee, John

Lee, Robert Yancey Hayne

Lee, Thomas Broome

Lee, Thomas L

Lee, Watson E.

Legare, Sydney Ashe

Leitch, Wm. Young Leitner, John Daniel Wesley

LeMaster, John Nathan

Lemmon, John Montgomery

Lemon, James Lyles

Leseman, John D.

Lesesne, Henry Russell Lester, William

Leverett, Milton Maxey

Lewis, Daniel

Lewis, Geo. Washington

Lewis, James Carroll

Lewis, James Joseph

Lewis, M. Les Jefferson

Lewis, Robert Stewart

Lewis, William S.

Lifsey, James Samuel

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Lucas, William

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Massey, Samuel Buckner Massie, William Lebo Mathias, William Eugene Mathis, Isham T. Mathis, Edward Hugh Matthews, Ezekill Perry Matthews, Paul Fripp Mauldin, William Maxwell, George Keels Maxwell, Hugh Baty Mayenhoff, Otto George Mayfield, William Newton Mavo, John Asa Mays, Samuel Elwood Meares, Samuel Moss Mellette, Peter Menefee, Hanson J. Merchant, James Pinckney Merritt, John Mette, Henry Christian Mevers, John Cordes Miles, Robert Francis Miley, James Wilson Milford, George Washington Milhone, Charles Henry Milhous, Charles Henry Miller, Crosby Miller, E. John Miller, Elihu F. Miller, Felix Miller, Isaac Miller, James Washington Miller, John McQueen Miller, John Nicholls Miller, Stephen Harrison Miller, William Thomas Miller, William Wallace Milling, Davis Carolina Milling, Robert Russell Mills, Peter Posev Mims, Mark Abney Mincey, Augustus Mines, Thomas Jefferson Mintz, Ed. Minus, Jesiah P. Mitchell, Ephraim B. Mitchell, James Henry Mitchell, John Whitney Mitchell. William Anderson Mitchell, Wylie Edward, Jr. Mitchem, James Pios Mitchum, John Albert

Mitchum, Joseph Jessie Mobley, Benjamin Franklin Mobley, Frances Brummett Mobley, John Lawrence Montgomery, John James Montgomery, Samuel Lafavette Moody, James Edward Moon, Robert E. Moore, Berry A. Moore, Frank Moore, George Ervin Moore, Henry Woodbury Moore, Jonathan Moore, Wesley Moore, William Henry Moorhead Robert Moreton, R. E. Morgan, Daniel Young Morgan, George T. Morgan, James Matterson Morgan, William Pinckney Morrah, Davis Morris, John William Morris, Obediah Morris, Stephen Peter Morrow, William Brainbridge Morton, Jackson Moseley, Arthur William Mosely, Isaac Moses, Joshua Lazarus Moss, Wilson Mouchet, John Tyler Moye, Augustus Washington Mulchi, George Washington Mullins, William Sidney Munn, Daniel Washington Murchison, Daniel Peter C. Murdock, Jesse T. Murff, John Randolph Murph, Henry Rudolph Murphee, James N. Murphy, Henry Murphy, John J. Murphy, Seaborn Murr, Samuel Huntington Pierce Murray, Emanuel DuRant Murray, William Baltus Murrell, George Thomas Musgrove, Samuel Mustard, David Gardner Myers, Albert Lindsay

Myers, Jos. G.

Myers, Washington Myric, William J. McAlhany, Richard William McAlhany, Robert. H. McAlister, J. A. McAnlay, Robert Frier McAteer, Joseph Newton McCain, William J. McCall, Daniel McCallum, Joseph I. McCants, Leonard Warren McCaskill, Allen McCaskill, Robert A. McCaskill, William Snodgrass McClain, James E. McClain, John C. McClain, Martin Van Buren McClary, James McCleneghon, Homorein Horatio McColl, Silas Stubbs McConnell, James Zuill McCord. John Lewis McCorkle, William Douglas McCormick, James A. McCracken, Joseph Marcus Lafavette McCracken, William Alexander McCracy, Washington Henry McCullough, John Samuel McCully, Robert Hope McDavid, John Quincy McDonald, Elizah C. McDonald, Henry Franklin McDonald, Henry Thomas McDonald, Samuel Newman McDowell, John E. Columbus McDuffie, Robert John McElrath, William Abner McElroy, Samuel Rayford McFadden, William Henry Clay McGarity, Henderson McGee, Abner Hill McGee, Hall Thomas McGee, John Wesley McGee, Michael Berry McGowan, John William McGrew, William James McIlwain, John Mosley McIntosh, John Charles McIntosh, William McIver, Roderick Evander McJunkin, Robert C.

McKagen, John Walter P. Mckee, Grant M. McKee, William Logan McKelvey, Robert A. McKelvey, William Alexander McKensie, Arthur Armstrong McKewn, John George McKinnon, Archibald Calvin McKittrick, Samuel McKown, James Redford McLaurin, John Franklin McLean, Lauchlin James McLean, Neil Thompson McLendon, C. G. McLeod, George Michael McLeod, Nathan Shipp McLeod, Robert Yung McLucas, John D. McMainus, Oriah Amon McMeekin, Joseph Douglas McMillan, A. N. McMillan, John Alexander McNeil, James Samuel McNeil, Alexander McPhail, James Wentworth McPherson, Robert E. McQueen, John Wesley McRae, Henry Marion McRumb, Samuel W. McWhite, Louis Thomas McWhorter, William Wesley Nance, Marshall Holmes Nabors, Oscer Dunwich Napier, James Lane Nash, Cincinatus Agustus Nash, Edward Washington Nash, John Harvey Nash, M. F. Nash, Matthew Perry Neal, John Calvin Nease, James Jeremiah Neel. Robert L. Neel, Thomas Meeks Neeley, Edward Palmer Neely, Thomas Stuart Neil, James Benton Nelson, Daniel Berryman Nettles, James Ronson Steward Neves, George Washington Newman, Richard Burke Newton, James Martin Newton, James W.

McKagen, George Phillip

Newton, Larkin

Nexsen, John Alexander Thompson

Nichols, Thomas Jefferson

Nicholson, Baylus

Nicholson, Benjamin Edwin

Nicholson, James

Nicholson, John N.

Nimmons, William Major

Noble, Perry

Noel, Upson C.

Norris, James Thompson

Norris, Jesse Weatherall

Norris, Jordan

Norton, Samuel E.

Nowell, Thomas W.

Nunnery, Joseph

O'Brien, Edmond

O'Brien, Timothy

O'Bryan, Perry

Odom, Evander Wallace

Odom, James Knox Polk

Odom, Josiah

Odom, Laban

Odom, Samuel J.

O'Donahol, James

O'Driscoll, Daniel M.

Ogburn, William Capers

Ogier, William Grayson

Oglesbee, Benjamin Franklin

Oglesbee, Francis Asbury

Oglesbee, Washington Green

O'Guynn, Coleman

O'Hear, James W.

O'Hear, John S.

O'Kelley, Hugh Lee

Oliver, Henry

Olney, Hiram B.

Ollotenqui, Israel

O'Neal, Augustus Beall

- O'Neil, James

O'Quinn, James Henry

Ortmann, Fredrick Julius

O'Shields, Wiley Drayton

O'Shields, William David

Ostendorff, John Henry

Oswald, Emanuel

Oswald, John Shorten

Oswald, Robert

Ott, John

Outlaw, George D.

Outlaw, John Ellis

Ouzts, Andrew Jackson

Ouzts, Jacob Brantley

Ouzts, Peter Daniel

Ouzts, William Marion

Owens, John L.

Owens, John Willard

Owens, William Dingle

Owens, William Harrison

Owens, William Joseph

Owings, Archable Creswell

Owings, Jonathan H.

Oxley, Joseph Benton

Oxley, Stephen

Oxner Alfred J.

Oxner, James A., Sr.

Pack, Oasian G.

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Palmer, Henry Milnor

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Palmer, Thomas Harrison

Parish, John

Park, James Andres

Parker, Edward

Parker, Edward Frost

Parker, Edward Lightwood

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Parker, Meek Carothers

Parker, Newton W.

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Parler, William Daniel

Parr, Benjamin Wilson

Parris, Abram

Parris, Nathan

Parris, Thomas Harrison

Parrish, Daniel Smith

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Parry, James Durham

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Patat, Louis Phillip

Pate, Chapman

Pate, Henry

Pate, Reddington Homilton

Patterson, Andrew

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Patterson, James Bowman

Patterson, James Thomas

Patterson, William Nathaniel

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Paul, Moses

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Pearson, David W.

Pearson, Thomas Madison

Peden, David Martin

Peeples, Horace Edward

Peeples, John Headen

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Perkins, Zacharis William

Perrin. James Wardlaw

Perry, William Hayne

Perryclear, William Henry

Perritt, John Ervin

Perry, Andrew Jackson

Perry, Levi Lucas

Perry, Lewis James

Perry, Richard Sykes

Persons, Joseph Henry

Peterman, Peter

Peterson, William Peterson, Warren Greene

Petit, Edmond F.

Petsch. Mandeville

Pettit, Benjamin Franklin

Pettit, B. G. L.

Phillips, John L.

Phillips, John Benjamin Witherspoon

Phillips, Lewis A.

Phillips, Malphus Spain

r minps, marpin

Phillips, Warren

Phillips, William Barsh Phillips, William Jefferson

Philson, Samuel Alexander

Phinazee, Hiram

Phinazee, John Harris Pickens, L. B.

Pickens, Robert Mason

Pickens, S. B.

Pickens, Thomas J.

Pickett, John B.

Pinckney, Hopson

Pinchney, Thomas

Pinson, John Howard

Pinson, Randolph Pickens

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Pitts, Reubin Griffin

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Riley, James Riley, R. H.

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Rinehart, Churchwell A.

Rinehart, Fredrick E.

Rinehart, Westley

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Ripley, Roswell Sabine

Risher, Joseph Roger

Ritter, William Louis

Rivers, Charles Mike

Rivers, David Sylvester

Rivers, Mark

Rivers, Phillip Parker

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Richardson, Simon Peter

Rikerd, Henry Samuel

Roach, William Fishburne

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Roberts, R. C.

Robertson, Emmett

Robertson, Higden

Robertson, James Townes

Robertson, John Wesley

Robertson, Samuel Usury

Robertson, Simpson

Robertson, Stephen Augustus

Robertson, Warren Franklin

Robertson, William Charles

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Robinson, Edward

Robinson, George

Robinson, Hugh

Robinson, John Thomas

Robinson, R. A.

Robinson, Richard Thomas

Robinson, Robert Davis

Robinson, William Samuel

Rochester, George A.

Rocker, Andrew

Rocker, Charles J.

Roddey, Thomas W.

Rodgers, Francis Eli

Rodgers, John

Rodgers, Samuel

Rogers, Ebenezer

Rogers, Enoch

Rogers, Hiram Cyrus

Rogers, R. H.

Rogers, Thomas J.

Rogers, Virgil Madison

Rogers, William Henry

Rogerson, Jeremiah

Rolfe, John Barner

Roof, Samuel Martin Roper, Samuel Lewis

Roquemore, F. L.

Rorie, William Thomas

Rose, Brown C.

Rose, John J.

Rose, Martin Decatur

Roseberry, Robert George Washington

Ross, John Henry

Ross, William J. F.

Ross, William M. G.

Rouquie, Stephen William

Rowe, Donald J.

Rowe, John William

Rowell, Jeremiah

Rowell, Jesse

Rowl, Alfred

Royal, William S.

Royston, George Washington

Rudd, Hiram John

Rudolph, Anzi

Ruff, John Enry

Ruff, John S.

Ruff, William A.

Rush, Edward Buist

Rushing, John Egars Howard

Rushton, John D.

Russell, Henry Franklin

Russell, Steven Devaux

Russell, William Walker

Rutherford, William Drayton

Rutledge, Benjamin Huger

Rutledge, James Edward

Rutledge, William Franklin

Salley, Alexander Samuel

Salley, Henry Hartzog

Salley, William Bull Salvo, Peter Angelo

Sample, John Blain

Sample, John Diam

Sanders, Brittain

Sanders, J. A.

Sanders, Jacob Rickenbaker

Sanders, John Osborne

Sanders, John Wesley

Sanders, Lewis

Sapp, Randal Hill

Sarvis, Moses Floyd

Satterfield, Albert T.

Saunders, Asa Saussure, Louis D.

Saxon, Adam Crane

Saxon, Lewis Washington

Saylors, Isaac

Saylors, William Jasper

Scaff, Samuel

Scales, Walter Webb

Scarborough, Absalom

Scarborough, Absaroni

Scarborough, Edward Robert Scarborough, Hanford Augustus

Scarborough, John R.

Scarborough, Lemuel Burrell

Schewettmann, Christian Fredrich

Schiffley, Fred K. A.

Schirmer, Francis Muller

Schirmer, John Elias

Cohamani Adalahan

Schoppaul, Adolphus

Schroeder, John Valentine

Scott, Charles W.

Scott, John Wesley Scott, John M.

Scott, John W. Scott, Langford Julian

Scott, Marion J.

Scott, Oliver P.

Scott, Thomas Jefferson Scurry, John Calvin

Scurry, John James

Scurry, William James Cooper

Screven, R. Herbert

Seabrook, R. E.

Seabrook, William

Searcy, Daniel Bartlett

Seawright, John Newton

Seawright, William Robert

Seig, Frank Lamar

Seigling, Henry

Seignions, John Francis

Self, John Middleton

Sellers, George D.

Sellers, John C. Sellers, William Braddock

Schots, William I

Senn, David Rufus Senn, John Preston

Sessions, Lerraine Trezevant

Settle, John L.

Shaley, Edward Mitchell

Shands, Amos Rogers

Shannon, James

Shannon, William McCreight

Shaw, Augustus Leander

Shaw, James John

Shaw, John Calvin Shaw, William Jasper Shaylor, John Oliver Shealy, William Andrew Shed, Nathaniel Buford Sheets, David Urias Shelley, Isaac Shepard, Marquis de Lafayette Sheperd, Henry E. Shepherd, Thomas Henry Sherard, David Joseph Sherard, James Wilev Sherard, Damuel Wiley Sherard, Thomas Alexander Sherard, William Yancey Sherer, Loftin Black Sherfesee, Louis Sheriff, Alfred Shillito, James Alfred Shington, Thomas Shipman, Thomas J. Shirley, Caleb Weir Shirley, James E. Shirley, John Jasper Shirley, Stephen Shoemaker, Ira T. Shoolweld, John Stanyarne Shuford, David Franklin Shuler, Erastus Van Buren Shumate, James Strother Shumate, William Terry Siegling, Rudolph Sigmon, Marcus Secrates Silcox, Darriel Seymore Simmons, Cyrus Napokon Simmons, Thomas Middleton Simmons, William Belton Simmons, William Clifford Sinclair, James Simms, Edward R. Simons, James Simons, Samuel W. Simons, Thomas Young Simonton, Charles H. Simpson, Greene Stone Simpson, Richard Franklin Simpson, Richard Wright Simpson, Talliaferro Sims, Edward James Sims, Robert Moorman Sineath, Josiah D.

Sinclair, John

Singhtary, George Washington Singleton, Armistead Rhodos Singleton, William Overstreet Sinkler, William Sistare, William Thomas Sitton, Frank L. Skelton, James Oliver Skelton, John Thompson Slawson, Stockton Keith Slawson, Thomas Nathaniel Sledge, James H. Slidele, John Sligh, George A. Sleigh, Jacob Wesley Sligh, Jefferson Allen Sligh, William Henry Sloan, David Sloan, John Bayles Earle Small, John J. Smathers, Nelson A. Smith, Andrew Jackson Smith, Andrew K. Smith, Abraham Neeling Smith, Casper Smith, C. B. Smith, Charles E. Smith, Daniel Elliott Smith, Daniel J. Smith, Daniel S. Smith, Edward Darrell, Jr. Smith, Elias Randolph Smith, Elizah Elephus Smith, Ervin McBride Smith, Harcy Smith, Henry Benjamin Smith, Isair B. Smith, James Edward Smith, James Franklin Smith, John Smith, John J. Smith, John Wesley Smith, John William Smith, Joseph Smith, Miles Marion Smith, Newton Jasper Smith, Nimrod Tilman Smith, Nimard Tilman Smith, Randolph Smith, Samuel Aven Smith, Henry Julius Smith, Isaiah B.

Smith, James W. Smith, Simpson Smith, Stephen Calhoun Smith. Theophilus Jackson Smith, Thomas Glen Smith. Thomas Henry Smith, Thomas Jefferson Smith, Thomas S. Smith, W. Sasbrook Smith, Willman W. Smith, Walter Watson Smith, Warren Kirkland Smith, Wilbur Fise Smith, William Benjamin Smith, William Franklin Smith, William James Smith, William Louis Smith, William Peter Smith, William Thomas Smoak, Jabez Gerald Smoke, Andrew Pinckney Smoke, Benjamin Z. Smyer, James R. Smyer, Joseph H. Smythe, Augustine Thomas Smythe, T. Adger Smythe, Thomas Snelgrove, John Carey Snell, Hampton Kendrick Snipes, Elbert Monroe Snipes, Phillip K. Snowden, William Solana, Joseph M. Solomon, J. R. Solomon, T. T. Solomons, S. S. Southern, George James Southward, William Arthur Spain, Thomas Spalding, William Eugene Sparkman, Edward H. Sparks, Simeon Taylor Spearman, James W. Spearman, William M. Spears, Harris N. Speights, Killbride Spell, Eldred Spencer, William Spires, Green Thomas Sprouse, Henry Hill Sprouse, W. W. Stabler, Henry Samuel

Smith, Jacob Martin

Staley, Robert Martin Stallings, James Edward Stallworth, Amon Curran Stalvey, George Stalvey, James E. Stalvey, Peter James E. Stalnaker, Henry Clay St. Amand, A. Washington Stamper, Ira Standing, Rufus Pinckney Monroe Stanley, Matthew Brunson Stanley, William E. Stanton, Joseph Ebenezer Starnes, Clark Robinson Starnes, Ezekiel Starnes, Joseph Benson Starnes, Thomas Starr, Benjamin Hartwell Staubs, John St. Clair, James Willis Steedman, William Kelsey Steele, George Eli McDuffy Steele, James Fowler Steele, Robert Steele, Robert Alexander Steen, Dullen Steen, George Steinmeyer, John Henry Stephens, Allen Stevens, Henry L. Stephens, James A. Stephens, James Riley, Jr. Stephens, Samuel Stevenson, James Edward Stevenson, James Edwin Stephenson, William Jackson Stewart, Eli Ross Stewart, John Wash Stewart, Robert Stewart, Samuel Turner Stewart, Thomas H. Stewart, Thomas Oswald Stewart, William Stewart, William Keith Still, Starling Stokes, Evender Stokes, Wilder Rembert Stokes, William Westley Stone, Eugene Earl Stone, James Madison Stone, Samuel Owens

Stone, William

Stoney, Samuel D. Stoney, Theodore Stoney, William Edward Stowe, John Logan Strange, John Andrew Strickland, Thomas P. Stringer, Gaither Stringfield, Henry Calhoun Stroman, Zachariah Struck, George Michael Stuckey, A. Furman Sturkey, William Oscar Suddeth, Loliever F. Sudduth, Jasper Newton Summer, George Walter Summer, James Thomas Surratt, Richard L. Sutton, Aaron Jackson Sutton, Benjamin Medlock Sutton, Charles William Lumpkin Sutton, Henry Casper Sutton, James Henderson Sutton, Stephen M. Sweatt, Henry W. Swindler, Jasper Wiston Swygert, Emanuel Zeddo Symmes, Thomas H. Talbert, Michael S. Talbert, William Lafayette Tate, A. M. Tate, Henry Alvin Tatum, Frank Peck Taylor, Charles Gregg Taylor, Edward Fisher Taylor, Frank Eugene Taylor, James Taylor, John Taylor, John F. Taylor, John Herbert Taylor, John K. Taylor, Joseph D. Taylor, Richard W. Taylor, Robert Huckabee Taylor, John Douglas Taylor, John J. Taylor, Richard W. Taylor, Samuel Kirk Teague, Benjamin Hammet Teague, Martin Miller Teague, Thomas Jefferson Temant, William Henry Templeton, Scott William

Tennille, Alginon Sydney Terrell, Moses Allen Terry, George Franklin Tessier, E. L. Thackston, Eliza Rav Thigpen, William Holly Thomas, C. Mergan Thomas, David W. Thomas, Henderson Bennett Thomas, Henry Louis Thomas, James Alexander Thomas, John W. Thomas, Joseph Prelaski Thomas, Julius Pulaski Thomas, Philip Thomas, R. Duren Thomas, Samuel Bodley Thomas, William Thornton Thomason, William Jackson Thomasson, Fleming Benjamin Thompson, J. S. Thompson, James Russell Thompson, John Thompson, John Tyler Thompson, Henry Thompson, M. L. Thompson, Oliver G. Thompson, W. T. Thornton, J. C. Threadgill, Patrick Randolph Thurston, Edward North Tidball, Edward McGuire Tidwell, David William Tiller, Henry Dickerson Tillinghast, John Haske Tilson, William M. Tilton, Henry W. Timmerman, Bluford Wallace Timmerman, Elizah Timmerman, W. A. Timmermon, C. H. Timmons, Martin Jan Turon Timms, James Tweed Tindal, John Wesley Tindall, John Lewis Tinsley, Henry Benjamin Tisdale, Joseph Tobias, Augustus Levy Tollison, John Tompkins, Christopher Hurt Tompkins, Lexington Ellis Thompson, Oliver George

Tomlinson, Robert Reese Toney, Marcus Toomer, Joshua Washington Toss, Hilliard Tovey, Henry Merrick Towles, Francis Winfield Towles, Ralph Scurry Townes, Alex S. Townes, John Thomas Townsend, James A. Townsend, Richard Traylor, Augustus Abner Trenholm, George Alfred Trenholm, Paul C. Trent, John Wyatt Tribble, Jesse Tribble, Pickens Andrew Triest, Maier Trimble, Aaron Duff Truesdale, James Truett, William H. Tuck, Samuel Houston Tuck, William C. Tucker, Daniel Tucker, James A. Tumblin, Sydney W. Tupper, Samuel Y. Turkett, Turner Warren Turner, Alberry Harrison Turner, Joshua Turner, John W. Turner, Rufus K. Turner, William Floyd Tuton, Henry Clay Twitty, Robert Cheek Tyner, Benjamin Upshaw, William Thomas Utes, John Utsey, David Daniel Vander Horst, Aucoldus Vassey, John Thomas Vaughn, Butler Vaught, Heran Marshall Vaught, Shadrack William Vedden, Charles S. Vest, Tarelton Wadkins Vinesett, Johnston Vinson, John Calhoun Wacter, Rufus Calvin Wade, Jacob B. Wade, Richard Johnson Wade, Seaborn Howard

Wade, Zachfield Waddell, John Ruskin Wagers, John Patrick Wagner, John Andrews Waite, John Henry Walden, Robert Alonzo Waldrop, Elijah Franklin Walker, Albert N. Walker, Felix Pickens Walker, James Andrew Walker, John Walker, John Thomas Walker, Joseph Walker, Joseph D. Walker, Joshua Walker, Thomas Jefferson Walker, Whitfield Wallace, Stephen Wallace, Thomas Newton Wallace, William Lane Wallis, John Floyd Walters, John W. Walton, Thomas Henry Wannamaker, George Jacob Wannamaker, Jacob Christion I. Ward, Levi Ervin Warren, Charles Warren, Franklin Anisberry Warren, George W. Warren, Sebern J. Wash, William W. Waterman, Eliazer Waters, Abner Smith Watkins, Peter Ransom Davis Watt, John W. Watts, Richard Simpson Watts, Thomas Sumter Watts, W. Jackson Watts, William James Way, John Aaron Way, Andrew Barnwell Rhett Weatherly, Erasmus A. Weathersbee, Hanford Duncan Weaver, John Marion Webb, Benjamin Franklin Webb, John Marshall Weeks, Emanuel F. Weeks, Joel Emmanuel Weir, William James L. Welborn, James Milton Welborn, William Elbert

Welch, Nathaniel Harvin Welch, Thomas J. Wells, Osborne Wells, William Jefferson Welsh, Francis Marion Welsh, James Virgil Wentz, James Monroe Werts, Andrew Wessinger, John Jesse West, Enoch West, Jesse Wheeler, Charles Oliver Wheeler, Harrison Whetstone, Jacob David Hilliard Whetstone, John Myer Whetstone, Nathan William White, Calvin A. White, James Grier White, John Willis White, Joseph C. White, Needham White, William Jones White, William M. White, William Wilkinson White, George West, John Pack West, William Simpson West, William Thomas Westbrook James Alexander Westbrook, John Wherry Westmoreland, Sandford Preston Whisenant, Joseph Ervin White, Charles Carroll White, George A. White, James Benjamin White, Henry Rufus White, William Wylie Whiteford, David Whitehurst, Newbern Whitehurst, William Thomas Whitmore, Jeremiah M. Whitten, John Collin Wicker, Matthew David Wickliffe, Robert Wideman, Asbury Tatom Wiggins, Benjamin W. Wiggins, Calvin Wiggins, James Wilkie, Joseph Ball Wilkins, William Woodson Wilkinson, Francis Legare Wilkinson, Tilden Joshua

Welch, D. N.

Williams, Benaiak Williams, Charles Hayes Williams, Cresswell Moore Williams, David Rufus Williams, Ed Williams, George Washington Williams, George William Williams, James Allen Williams, James Hamilton Williams, James Robert Williams, James Thomas Williams, John Henry Williams, John Samuel Williams, Leroy Russell Williams, Micajah Thomas Williams, Samuel Silas Williams, Washington Albert Williamson, James Waring Williford, William H. Willingham, Alford Pinckney Willingham, John M. Willingham, William Walker Willis, David Barclay Willis, Perry Dolphus Wilson, Alfred Taylor Wilson, Benjamin Thomas Wilson, Carroll Wilson, Charles C. Wilson, Courtney A. Wilson, George B. Wilson, Hugh Carter Wilson, James Benton Wilson, John Milton Wilson, John Newton Wilson, McRumb Samuel Wilson, Moses Thomas Wilson, Robert Stewart Wilson, Thomas R. Wilson, Warren Jasper Wimberley, Mark Windham, C. R. Wingate, Robert Josiah Wingo, A. Jackson Wingo, James Simpson Wingo, John Franklin Wingo, Lewis Landrum Wingo, Memory C. Wingo, T. Calvin Winn, Charles Ward Winstock, Moses Wise, John W. Wishert, Joseph T.

Witherspoon, William Vaughan Wofford, Enoch Christopher Wofford, James Bennett Wofford, John Wesley Wolfe, Leland Wolfenberger, Alfred Wood. Benjamin Powers Wood, Daniel Mayfield Wood, Hezekiah Wood, Hugh Perry Wood, Isham Jefferson Wood, John Presley Wood, Oliver P. Wood, Thomas Woodliff, George Franklin Woodson, J. A. Woodward, Thomas Jefferson Woodward, William J. Woodward, William Lucius Woods, James Woods, Luke Pridgen Woods, William Anderson Woods, Washington Woodward, James B. Woodward, John Burgess Woodward. Thomas Jefferson Workman, Joseph Martin Wright, James C. Wright, Zaccheus Franklin Wyatt, Samuel Thompson Wyman, Harry Hasting Wyse, Adam Logan Wyse, Allen Melancthon Wyse, Joseph W. Yelvington, Richard Yongue, William Ellison Youmans, Laurens Winkler Youmans, Robert Mikeal Young, C. P. Young, George McCrary Young, Jackson Young, John Christopher Young, Thomas Jefferson Youngblood, Erasmus Hugh Yount, Walton Ceciral York, Alexander Jeremiah Zahler, Jacob Martin